THE WEATHER.

Fair Thursday, colder in east portion; moderate northwest winds.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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A DISAPPEARANCE NOW EXPLAINED

Traveling Man Went From Yarborough in Raleieh to Norfolk.

DAY'S DOINGS AT CAPITAL

Opinions Handed Down by Supreme Court—Attorney General on Near Beer—Governor Kitchin Indisposed—Other News

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 17.—The sudden disappearance of J. Lindsay Leaf, a traveling salesman for surgical instruments for a Biltimore house, from the Yarborough Hotel last Sunday, was explained today in a letter received by the management of the hotel from his home in Norfolk, in which he stated that he had left Raleigh hurriedly on account of sickness in his home and had been detained there longer than he expected.

He expressed regret that he did not take the precaution to let the hotel management know of his unexpected call home as he realized that this would have avoided all cause for concern as to his whereabouts at this end of the line where his disappearance was a mystery from Saturday to Wednesday.

A call came today to the State Department of Agriculture from D. E. McIvey, of Sanford, for an expert to be sent there at once to investigate a new disease that has made its appearance among the stock in that section. A United States veterinarian on special duty in the State was procured to investigate in the absence of Dr. Christman, State veterinarian, who is attending the Association of Commissioners of Agriculture, in Mississippi.

Governor Kitchin was too unwell again today to come up from the mansion to the executive office. However, he was able to be up and dispose of important correspondence and other business at the mansion.

Eighteen appeals were disposed of by the Supreme Court with opinions and otherwise today as follows: Newbern vs. Wadsworth, Craven, new trial; Dial vs. Taylor, Pamlico; reversed; Drewry Hughes Co. vs. Davis, Union, error; Shives vs. Cotton Mills Orange, reversed; Breese vs. Railroad, Guilford, affirmed; Brittingham vs. Stadium, Guilford, affirmed; State vs. Cox, Randolph, new trial; Commissioners vs. Dorsett, Davidson, error; Howell vs. Railway, Rowan, affirmed; Pure Food Co., vs. Elliott, Randolph, new trial; State vs. Hancock, Forsyth, no error; Dunn vs. Railway, Surry, error; Wagon Co. vs. Riggins, Forsyth, affirmed; Kirby vs. Manufacturing Co., Forsyth, per curiam, affirmed; Brown vs. Railroad, Rowan, per curiam, affirmed; Douglas Shoe Co. vs. Vaughn, Forsyth, per curiam, affirmed; Georgia Mfg. Co. vs. Kerner, Forsyth, per curiam, affirmed; Commissioners vs. Chapam, Cabarrus, motion to dismiss allowed.

The decision in State vs. Hancock means that L. S. Hancock must serve five years for embezling about $5,000 from the Lamb Fish Box Co. of Winston-Salem, while manager of the plant.

Governor Kitchin's proclamation for the Thanksgiving day observance is the briefest on record from any North Carolina Governor. It was issued tonight and says:

"Great and prosperous people to be happy must be grateful and charitable." Then follows a concise paragraph directing the usual observance.

In rounding up his argument in support of the Charlotte ordinance and the right of North Carolina cities to control the near-beer problem with license taxes within their discretion in the noted Dannenburg case last afternoon Attorney General Bickett paid his respects to the situation in this wise:

"What is near beer? The testimony in this case shows that it is a beverage that finds ready sale as a substitute for real beer. Our bibulous constituents cry for it as children cry for Castoria. It is made by the people who make beer, and drunk by the people who drink beer. It looks like beer. It is served by the same like beer. It is served b ythe same white-aproned, many-chinned friend, who was wont to comfort us in other days. It is shoved across the "ole oaken" counter, and mirrored back bar, with the picture of Aphrodite springing from the foam, making the illusion complete. And sometimes in the gloaming the alchemy of a shadow projected from a policeman's expansive back and falling athwart the bar, works a transformation and suddenly, even as the thirsty one lifts the cup to his lips, near beer becomes the real thing.

"And yet this court is asked to relegate this lusty beverage, this scion of centuries of vats to the insipid level of soda water. Perish the thought. It proclaims itself in North Carolina as the sole heir and succesor to the gaudy fluid. It boasts of its bubble, and sparkle and snap. It says to the disconsolate legions in an arid land, 'I may not be entirely wicked—but try me.' It capitalizes its kinship with Budweiser and Schlitz. It scorns soda water as Roosevelt scorns a mollycoddle, and lords it over grape juice like a mint julep over a milkshake.

FINLEY SPOKE TO FARMERS

Impresses Them With Bright Agricultural Outlook in South—Urged Cultivation of Cotton. Day at Salisbury.

Salisbury, N. C., Nov. 17.—President Finley, of the Southern Railway, addressing a large gathering of folk from the countryside here today and later speaking at a banquet of the Board of Trade expressed the conviction that in no area of equal extent in the world is the agricultural outlook brighter than in the Southern States, and urged the farmers not to neglect the cultivation of cotton.

"We may well look forward to a time in the not far distant future," said Mr. Finley, "when the world will call on the American cotton planters for 20,000,000 bales every year."

Mr. Finley said he did not view with any alarm the tendency of young people to leave the farm, but said he believed the increased attractions of farm life would soon turn the tide in the other direction.

"In viewing the figures,' said Mr. Finley, "it is not to be wondered that those responsible for the management of the railways of the South, seeing the agricultural advance going hand in hand with the industrial development should have faith in their territory and should be striving to the utmost to increase the carrying capacity of their lines so as to be able to properly handle the increase in traffic which is sure to come."

Mr. Finley did not counsel the growing of cotton to the neglect of other crops, but suggested that an increase in production is necessary to keep pace with the demand of the world and that it be accomplished by more intense cultivation and by the growing of a variety of other crops with cotton to the profit of the farmer.

WALSH ASKS RE-HEARING.

Convicted Banker Claims That the Verdict Was Inconsistent.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—District Attorney Edward R. Sims this afternoon filed the answer of the Government to the petition of John R. Walsh, convicted of misapplying the funds of the Chicago National Bank, for a re-hearing of his appeal to the Federal Court of Appeals.

In the answer the government attorney says that the only new points raised by the defendant in the petition which was filed some days ago are the multiplicity of the counts of the indictment and the allegation that the verdict was inconsistent.

To the objection on the number of counts, the answer replies that as a general rule the joining of a large number of counts of an indictment operates to the advantage of the defendant by enabling him to dispose of all the charges at one trial; furthermore the answer declares, no objection to the multiplicity of counts was raised at the trial.

The petition for a re-hearing urged that the verdict was inconsistent because the jury found the defendant guilty on separate counts relating to the same transaction, but in which the allegations were contradictory, so that if he were guilty of the facts charged in one count he could not have been guilty as charged in another.

To this the Government replies that the verdict is in effect a general verdict in which all the counts are included; that the inconsistency, if any exists in the verdict, is upon immaterial points and, lastly, that there is no substantial difference between the counts.

Should the petition for a re-hearing be denied by the Court of Appeals the only avenue for a reversal will be an application to the Federal Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari.

GEORGETOWN QUITS GAME.

Football Will be Suspended Until New Rules Are Made.

Washington, Nov. 17.—At a meeting o fthe faculty of Georgetown University held tonight it was unanimously decided to suspend football at that institution until such time as the National Football Rules Committee gives assurance that the game has been shorn of its dangerous features. This action was taken as a result of the fatal injuries received by Archer Christian, left half back of the University of Virginia football team, in the game betwen that institution and the University of Georgetown last Saturday, although the matter had been under serious consideration for some time.

WATERWAYS COMMITTEE.

Five Hundred Will Go to Washington in Interest of Mississippi.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17.—President W. K. Kavanaugh, of the Lakes to the Gulf Deeper Waterways Association, announced tonight that a committee of 500 would meet in Washington on December 8th to work with the Rivers and Harbors Committee of Congress in the interests of the Mississippi river and its tributaries. The committee was named to carry out a suggestion made at the recent Waterways Convention in New Orleans.

SMALL SHIPPERS AIDED BY RULES

Uniform Code Adopted By Railway Commissioners Yesterday.

OPPOSITION IS EXPRESSED

Settle the Bitter Fight Over the Demurrage Question—Will Prevent Discrimination—Transportation Facilities.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Despite the opposition to the "48th hour free time rule" and the failure to embody a "reciprocal demurrage rule," the National Association of Railway Commissioners in convention here today adopted a uniform code of demurrage rules to be applicable alike to the State and inter-State transportation. This code was incorporated in a report of a committee headed by Commissioner Lane, of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The object of the Association in approving the code was to facilitiate its actual application to all transportation on the ground that demurrage rules, loosely drawn and laxly enforced, constitute one of the last strongholds of those who seek to render the law against discrimination impotent.

The fight against the adoption of the code was led by O. P. Gothlin, of Ohio, who with William F. Shea, of Virginia and John A. Webb, of Mississippi, minority members of the special committee had prepared a number of amendments.

Instead of allowing only 48 hours free time for loading or unloading cars with all commodities, as recommended by the majority of the special committee, the three minority members reporte.. in favor of 72 hours on cars containing more than 66,000 pounds. Their recommendation was defeated by a vote of two to one.

W. P. Hall, chairman of the Massachusetts commission, said that the custom throughout the New England States was to allow 96 hours free time.

R. H. Burr, of Florida, said that his State had been engaged in a bitter fight on the demurrage question. He contended th States should be left to fix the length of free time without interference.

One of the most determined advocates of a limitation to 48 hours was C. F. Staples of Minnesota. "I have often wondered why our farmers could not get cars in which to ship their grain," said he. "I now find out that it was because you fellows in New England and in Florida were keeping them 96 hours for unloading."

The majority of the committee reported that it considered the question of reciprocal demurrage" or a fine on the railroads for failure to deliver cars after they were ordered, did not come within its province. The minority members took the opposite view, but the Association upheld the majority.

In supporting a reciprocal demurrage amendment, Cnairman R. R. Prentis, of the Virginia Commission, said that the big shipper could get cars on account of the volume of his business, but it was the little shipper that needed the protection of a code of rules. He deemed the recipocal demurrage particularly in favor of the small shipper.

BURMAN IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Narrowly Escaped Death When His Machine Overturned—Accident.

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 17.—Driving his Buick racer at a terrific pace into the stretch turn today in the six hour race, the closing event of the four days' automobile meet, Robert Burman narrowly escaped death when his machine overturned and hurled him to the ground. Burman was badly shaken up and severely bruised, but not seriously injured. The car turned a complete somersault, just missing Burman when it fell to the ground. Of the five cars which started in the race, four were wrecked or withdrawn. The Chalmers-Detroit car, driven by Ben Johnson, was awarded first prize after covering 216 miles in four hours and 52 minutes. The second and third prizes were pooled and divided between Clark and Dehymel.

The race started at 11 o'clock this morning, the entrants being Barney Oldfield in a Knox car; Tobin Dehymel, in a Stoddard-Dayton; George Clark, in a Jackson, Ben Johnson, in a Chalmers-Detroit "30" and Burman in a Buick.

On the fifth lap a connecting rod broke on the Knox car and Oldfield dropped out of the race. With the Stoddard-Dayton and Jackson cars on their 267th lap, the latter but a few lengths in the rear of the Deheymal car, the front wheel of the Staddard-Dayton machine whirled off a hundred yards into a field. Immediately behind it was George Clark, driving the Jackson. Seeing that a fatal collision with Deyemel was imminent Clark pointed his car straight at the high embankment and shot over it. The Stoddard came to a stop 50 yards further on. Clark safely retained his seat in the flying Jackson as it leaped far over the bank and landed upright a dozen feet below the outer edge. He was not hurt.

BLAIR IN PLACE OF GLASSON

President Taft Settles Fifth District Supervisorship According to Desire of Congressman Morehead.

Washington, Nov. 17.—President Taft today settled the North Carolina census supervisorship which had been darkening the political moon around the White House for several days.

Representative Morehead, of the Fifth North Carolina District, had threatened to resign his seat in Congress because he said he was the only Republican Representative, who had not been consulted about the appointment of a supervisor in his own district.

Mr. Morehead has been a visitor at the White House every day since President Taft's return, but left this afternoon entirely satisfied. He had recommended for appointment a friend and supporter David H. Blain. The director of the census, however, had secured the appointment of Prof. J. R. Glasson.

Mr. Morehead registered a vigorous protest and today the appointment of Professor Glasson was revoked and the place will go to Mr. Blain. Professor Glasson will be given a position in the Census Bureau in Washington.

COTTON REVISION MADE

Differences Applying to Delivery of Cotton on Contract.

New York, Nov. 17.—The meeting of the revision committee of the New York Cotton Exchange was held after the close of business tonight and differences applying to the delivery of cotton on contract were fixed for the balance of the trade year or until the meeting of the next revision committee which will be held during September 1910.

Widespread interest has been felt in the action tonight and after the result of the committee's deliberations had been made known more or less general satisfaction was expressed, as the changes were comparatively slight, amounting to a reduction of from 15 to 25 points in the penalties against low grade cotton, of which there is comparatively little in the local stock at the present time and which is also reported to be scarce in the South.

The committee also fixed differences on the quarter grades of white cotton which will be deliverable on contract after the first of March. The differences fixed tonight go into effect immediately.

The following table will show the new differences compared with those fixed last September:

Grade.	Old Differences.	New Differences.
Fair	1.50 on	1.50 on
Strict middling fair	1.30 on	1.30 on
Middling fair	1.10 on	1.10 on
Strict good middling	66 on	66 on
Strict good middling	66 on	66 on
Fully good middling	——	55 on
Good middling	44 on	44 on
Barely good mid'ng	——	33 on
Strict middling	22 on	22 on
Fully middling	——	11 on
Middling	basis	basis
Barely middling	——	12 off
Strict low middling	25 off	25 off
Fully low middling	——	42 off
Low imddling	75 off	60 off
Strict good ordinary	1.20 off	1.05 off
Good ordinary	2.00 off	1.75 off
Str. good mid. ting	35 on	35 on
Good mid. tinged	value of middling.	
Strict mid. inged	15 off	15 off
Middling tinged	25 off	25 off
Strict low mid ting	75 off	60 off
Low mid. tinged	1.75 off	1.50 off
Middling stained	1.00 off	75 off

There can be no revision until September 1910.

Henry Small, a negro, yesterday at Cairo, Ill., shot and killed William Poe, one of the negro soldiers discharged from the United States Army after the "shooting up" of Brownsville, Texas. The shooting followed an argument over the lynching at Cairo last week and Will James, the negro accused of the murder of Miss Annie Pelley. Pope was well liked by the negroes and there is considerable feeling against Small, who was immediately arrested.

OUTLINES.

The Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention convened in Norfolk yesterday with 300 delegates present. President Taft will be a guest of the convention next Friday.——At the convention of the National Railway Commissioners yesterday a uniform code of demurrage rules was adopted by the convention to be applicable to the State and inter-State transportation——David H. Blair, of Winston-Salem, has been appointed to the supervisorship of the Fifth District in the place of Dr. W. H. Glasson——President Finley, of the Southern Railway, in a speech to farmers at Salisbury yesterday, urged that cultivation of cotton be not neglected and impressed upon them the bright prospects for cultivation in the South——The St. Paul coal mine, in which 300 miners perished, was a raging furnace yesterday, and efforts to recover the bodies have been of no avail——New York markets: Money on call firm 4 1-2 to 5 per cent., ruling rate and closing bid 4 3-4, offered at 5. Flour steady. Wheat steady, No. 2 red 1.26 asked, domestic elevator and 1.25 1-2 nominal f.o.b. afloat. Corn spot steady, No. 2. 73 elevator domestic. Oats steady, mixed nominal. Rosin and turpentine steady.

UNITE IN EFFORT FOR WATERWAYS

Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association Convenes at Norfolk.

300 DELEGATES ATTENDING

Congressman Thomas Urges North and South to Work Together For Inland Route—President Taft to Att nd Friday.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 17.—Five hundred members and delegates attended the opening sessions of the second annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association in this city today, representing practically every State on the Atlantic seaboard and giving to Norfolk the distinction of having the largest and most thoroughly representative gathering in the history of the organization.

While great interest attaches to the Norfolk convention because President William H. Taft will be the guest of the city and the Waterways Association Friday, leaders in the waterways movement called attention to the deep interest and seriousness of purpose evidenced in the proceedings of the body.

Although it had been intimated that the attitude of members and delegates might be conflicting, nothing transpired to substantiate this. The tenor of the remarks of the principal speakers was that the waterways movement is not a local issue. In fact, one of the most distinguished speakers, the Hon. Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, said that the Atlantic Inland project would not be a success unless other similar movements are taken into consideration, and urged those interested in the Cape Cod-Key West project to support the movement for waterways improvements in the country at large.

Lewis Nixon, of New York, discussed transportation by both water and rail, and advocated the offering of rebates on duties paid on imports carried in American bottoms.

Bernard N. Baker, president of the Shipping League, of Baltimore, offered resolutions memorializinz Congress to prohibit railroad ownership of coastwise shipping lines, and for the re-establishment of the American merchant marine.

Other prominent speakers were the Hon. John Barett, director of the International Bureau of American Republics; Charles Heber Clarke, of Philadelphia; Frank D. Lalanne, president of the National Board of Trade, who advocated prevention of foreign interests monopolizing coastwise traffic.

Very little business was transacted at the morning session, which consisted largely of a welcome address by Mayor James G. Roddick, responses by Congressmen W. W. Cocks, of New York, and Charles R. Thomas, of North Carolina, reports of officers and other routine business.

The session is for four days with Friday set apart ofr a visit and address by the President of the United States. The convention amid great enthusiasm, was called to order by its president, Congressman J. Hampton Moore, of Pennsylvania, and the delegates were welcomed by Mayor James G. Riddick, of Norfolk.

Mayor Riddick's address of welcome was responded to by Congressman W. W. Cocks, of New York, on behalf of the delegates from the Northern States and by Representative Charles R. Thomas, of North Carolina, on behalf of the delegates from the Southern States.

Representative Thomas pointing to the hazardous coasts of Capes Cod and Hatteras, called attention to the great dangers which the Atlantic coastwise shipping is subjected, with no alternate inland waterways for protection to this class of commerce.

"We of the South," declared Mr. Thomas, "are not only ready to unite with you of the North in unceasing efforts for the consummation of this great inland waterways, but we are ready to unite with you in the development of a great commerce that will bind the sections to closely that sectionalism will be forgotten as if it never existed."

President Moore in his address took the general ground that the demand for an equitable and comprehensive plan of waterway development as it affected transportation, was a problem which since the passage of the tariff bill had taken rank as of equal if not of greater importance than that of the establishment of a safe and stable currency.

The speaker touched upon the hustle and enterprise of the people of the West in securing Congressional aid for internal improvements and in this connection he said:

"We have gone on with our great enterprise, but we have not built for the future as our more wide awake friends of other sections of the country have been doing. Our eastern waterways have remained much as

(Continued on Page Eight.)

THE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION

Great Crowds Attending at Wilson—Reports Show an Interesting Year's Work—Stirring Addresses Mad·.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Nov. 17.—Trains from the North, South, East and West, everyone that rolled into Wilson today, were packed with Christians—delegates to the 65th annual convention of the Christian Church which convened at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

Notwithstanding the fact that the weather was inclement, large crowds of ladies and gentlemen were going in every direction admiring the sights of this beautiful little city.

The convention proper opened at 9:30 with President J. W. Hines, of Rocky Mount, in the chair. The morning hour was devoted to a song and prayer service followed by an address of welcome by the pastor, Rev. S. P. Spiegel. In his address Mr. Spiegel said "Words are inadequate to express to these delegates our hearty welcome to hospitable Wilson." He then spoke briefly of the purpose of the convention and impressed upon his hearers the importance of making this the greatest in the history of the North Carolina Christian Missionary Convention. At 10:30 in the absence of Rev. W. O. Winfield, of Plymouth, Rev. D. W. Arnold, of Greenville, made the response to the address of welcome. At the close of the response, Dr. J. C. Caldwell, president of the Atlantic Christian College, made a motion to send a telegram to Rev. J. R. Rountree, editor of the Christian Evangel, expressing the sympathy and appreciation of the convention in the serious illness of his wife and for his valuable services in editing the organ of the church.

At the afternoon session there was organization, enrollment of delegates, etc. Then also came the reports of the President, Coresponding Secretary, Treasurer and different members of the convention, showing a spirit of great activity among the churches.

A song and praise service was conducted by Rev. R. V. Hope, of Washington, N. C.

Because of the great amount of business, it became necessary to adjourn before the president's address could be made, therefore the address was made by President Hines, of Rocky Mount. Mr. Hines pointed out in full the work that had been done and made many forceful suggestions for the work that is to be planned for the coming year. The report shows many have been added to this religious body. The corresponding secretary's report by Rev. C. V. Manley Morton, of Wilson, and the treasurer's report by Geo. Hackney, of Wilson, showed the work in much better condition than was even expected. More money has been contributed this year by churches than in any previous year. Among the work helped by the convention are Wilmington, Fremont, Newbern, and Whitaker's. The convention sermon was by Rev. A. A. Ferguson, of Kinston, on "Seeing Jesus and the Consequences Thereof." Rev. Ferguson showed that he was thoroughly familiar with his subject and his message was very impressive. Rev. W. J. Wright, corresponding secretary of the American Home Missionary Society was then introduced, and delivered a stirring address on the Apostolic church.

At 9 o'clock the Christian Woman's Board of Missions held a business meeting in the pastor's study of the church where the work for the year was planned, particularly district work. Mrs. Ford, who goes to Argentina, was present and made excellent suggestions for the carrying out of this important work. At yesterday's meeting the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. F. M. Hill, Kinston, president; Mrs. C. A. D. Grainger, Kinston, vice president; Miss Etta Nunn, Newbern, coresponding secretary and State Missionary; Miss Mary Parrott, Kinston, recording secretary; Mrs. J. F. Taylor, Kinston, treasurer; Mrs. E. M. Hodges, superintendent children's work. The five resident members are Mrs. W. D. LaRoque, Mrs. M. E. Mosley, Mrs. Sarah Askew, Mrs. N. J. Rouse and Mrs. G. L. Hodges.

NICARAGUAN PORT OPENED.

Official Advice Received by the State Department—Two Killed.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The State Department has been officially advised by the Nicaraguan government that the insurgant blockade of Greytown has been broken, and that the port is now open to commerce.

Advices from President Zeyala to the Nicaraguan minister here, report that General Salomon Romero, chief of General Chamorro's staff, was killed in the battle with the Government troops before Greytown and General Pedro Fornos Diaz, another revelutionary leader was seriously wounded.

The insurgents occording to these advices have fallen back from Rama where they made a stand against the Second army corps under General Vasquez and are in retreat towards Bluefields with the government troops in close pursuit.

W. P. Reynolds, a former policeman of Birmingham, Ala., was yesterday sentenced to serve 25 years in the penitentiary for the murder of John McLean, a well known furniture dealer. Reynolds was tried once before and a mistrial was declared, the jury being unable to reach a decision on his sanity.

FIRE STILL RAGES IN ST. PAUL MINE

Utter Failure to Devise Any Methods For Recovering Bodies.

CROWDS GATHER AT SHAFT

A Miner Excites the People by Laying Blame for Disaster on Experts. Troops Prevented Possible Disorder.

Cherry, Ill., Nov. 17.—After four days the St. Paul coal mine in which are still entombed the bodies of 300 or more miners as a result of last Saturday's fire, today refused to yield up the dead. Utter failure to devise any satisfactory method of recovering the bodies left the situation the same tonight as it was last night.

The interior of the mine is burning almost as fiercely as ever. The partial opening of the seal over the mouth of the hoisting shaft today allowed puffs of smoke to escape, showing the fury of the internal combustion.

While the two companies of State troops were present to prevent possible disorder, they remained idle in their cars except for guard duty about the mine and the sleeping cars that serve as hotels for officers and inspectors.

At a conference of Federal, State and local mining experts it was agreed after five hours of deliberation that no immediate descent could be made into the gas and heat-filled cavern without risk of killing those who made the attempt. No definite plans were reported for extinguishing the fire or for entering the mine.

Some even asserted that the internal fires were so intense that the mine might have to be sealed up for weeks before it would be safe to enter.

To allay the anxiety of survivors and relatives and satisfy general craving for news of conditions in the mine, those in charge of the work today allowed spectators to gather near the shaft. Details of what was done were publicly announced through a megaphone.

When Mining Engineer Rice lowered a thermometer through a hole in the lid of the shaft, a stentor announced: "114 degrees near the top."

Mr. Rice lowered the thermometer 300 feet to the bottom of the shaft and the announcer shouted to the crowd: "107 degrees at the bottom."

"That's not bad" cried a chorus of voices.

The on-lookers began to try to convince each other that an attempt to enter the mine would be made. But just as hope began to result the announcer explained to the crowd that owing to the presence of deadly gases and the fact that the opening of the mine would only cause the fire to burn more fiercely, the seal could not be taken off. The mine could not be entered until the fire was out. Then as the experts left the shaft the spectacular scene of the day occurred.

James Witherell, a miner, stood over the mouth of the shaft and advised the crowd of weeping women and sullen men that the 300 miners had been buried alive by some "college men" who knew nothing about mining.

"These men were buried alive," shouted Witherell. "They were alive Monday night but they died when these mine experts shut off their air. Can a man breathe through four feet of sand? I tell you they were crucified."

"And what are these experts doing?" asked a young man in Witherell's audience.

"They are eating and sleeping in the cars," replied another.

"Yes. They are eating while they smother these men to death and refuse these poor women food," said another.

Witherell's talk evidently was exciting his hearers and the crowd was growing larger when some tone told Sheriff Skoglund, and he induced Witherell to go away.

The action of the crowd under such talk showed that the soldiery was not needed today and Sheriff Skoglund repeated that the only object in having troops present was to guard the mine when bodies should be recovered. However, following many vague rumors, the troops were ordered to guard the sleeping cars, including the private car of President A. J. Farling, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

As darkness settled over the mine the troopers took possession of the ground beneath which the 300 men lie buried.

Investigations made today by attorneys representing the Italian Consul at Chicago disclosed the fact that several lawyers are already seeking to represent death claims on contingent fees. Consul Guido Sabetta's uncovered several cases among Italian women, who bereft of the bread winners of their families, had been asked by lawyers who had sought to impose on the ignorance and distracted condition of the women to be allowed to sue for damages for 50 per cent. of the money obtained.

In the little Knights of Pythias hall (only 12 of the 45 members of this lodge are alive) where E. P. Bicknell,

Red Cross representative, dispenses charity, the sad faces of women petitioning for aid was in contrast to the bustling activity of the relief agents.

Mr. Bicknell remarked that requests for supplies almost invariably included one for fuel, despite the fact that the town exists because of its coal mine. The men who daily brought home the needed supply of coal in baskets are dead in one funeral pyre.

A walk about the streets tonight discovered many care-worn women sitting at their windows, alone in houses in which there was no other life.

Consul Sebatta tonight said: "It has been said that Italians came here to earn money only that they may take it back to Italy. My government has offered to care for those who wish to return to the mother country. I have seen them today, mothers, wives, children, and I have told them they might go home. No one accepted. These women have made their start in the new country and at any cost to themselves are determined to educate their children to American citizenship and its opportunities. Everywhere I was asked, 'When will they open the mine?' That is the one thought."

WESTERN N. C. CONFERENCE

Bishop Atkins Presiding at Hickory. Candidates For Bishopric.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Hickory, N. C., Nov. 17.—This morning in the First Methodist church, the Western North Carolina Conference convened in its 20th annual session.

Bishop James Atkins is presiding and today Rev. W. L. Sherrill was re-elected secretary, this being the 15th consecutive year he has served in this capacity. The roll call showed 157 clerical and 10 lay delegates present at the opening session.

The characters of ten of the presiding elders were passed but when the name of Rev. C. F. Sherrill, the other presiding elder, was called he answered for himself and said "Certain rumors have been circulated touching my moral character and I ask for an investigation of the same at this session of the conference." Bishop Atkins appointed Revs. J. C. Rowe, Parker, Holmes and L. T. Cordell a committee to investigate the rumors and to judge whether a trial of the case is necessary. All of the presiding elders submitted encouraging reports of the work in their districts.

Six preachers were received by transfer from other conferences two of these, W. F. Sandford and O. F. Routh, coming from the North Carolina Conference, and the others from the West.

R. L. Durham, layman, presented a paper recommending that all oral reports of pastors be omitted from the conference floor except those of the presiding elders and those of such preachers as to presiding Bishop may request. Considerable discussion ensued and in favoring the spirit of the paper, Rev. H. F. Chreitzberg said that he was opposed also to the time of the conference being taken up with addresses by connectional men of the church.

"I am tired," he said 'of seeing the big men of the church going up and down canvassing for the bishopric. Bishop Atkins called him to order claiming his remarks to be out of order, to contain slurs and to be too personal.

"I mean no slur," Dr. Chreitzberg answered and I can hand in my credentials if you want them. Bishop Atkins insisted that his remarks contained slurs and Dr. Chreitzberg gracefully withdrew them.

In the course of his remarks Dr. Chreitzberg was heartily cheered showing sympathy from his hearers.

Bishop Atkins announced that he had transferred Rev. J. P. Hipps from this conference to the East Columbia conference and had appointed him at Walla Walla, Washington. The appointments will not be read before Monday or Tuesday but already there is much guessing and surmising going on among preachers and laymen as to what changes will be made. The anniversary of the Epworth League board was held tonight and Rev. S. A. Steele, D. D., was the speaker.

FIGHT IN CONVENTION.

Veterans Came to Blows Over Dispute Regarding Election.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 17.—A personal difficulty between General A. C. Oxford, of Birmingham, and R. J. Cunningham, a Veteran, of Talladega, threw the annual convention of the Alabama Division United Confederate Veterans into an uproar of excitement today. The fight resulted from the election of General Oxford, as commander of the Fourth Brigade over J. G. Smith. Cunningham, a partisan of Smith's, was struck several times with a cane before other veterans separated the combatants.

The Sons of United Confederate Veterans adopted a resolution urging Secretary of War Dickinson to revoke the order prohibiting United States soldiers from wearing buttons or badges of Confederate organizations.

BUYS FERTILIZER COMPANIES.

International Agricultural Corporation Absorbs Two More.

Columbus, O., Nov. 17.—It was announced today that a transfer had been made of two Columbus-owned corporations, the Buffalo Fertilizer Company and the Pennsylvania Fertilizer Company, having plants at Buffalo, N. Y., and Scranton, Pa., respectively to the International Agricultural Corporation, recently organized in New York with a capital of $50,000,000 The new company will control a large number of fertilizer factories, the output of large potash mines in Germany, immense phosphate rock deposits in the South, the source of supply of other raw materials and has pending a deal for the sulphuric acid plant of the Tenessee Copper Company.

TAFT FAVORS CELEBRATION.

For 50th Anniversary of Freedom of Negro Race in America.

Washington, Nov. 17.—President Taft today expressed his deep interest and promised to give his early good will and support to a movement which has been started by leading colored people throughout the country looking toward the holding of an exposition in 1913 to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the freedom of the negro race in America.

A committee consisting of Booker T. Washington, Emmett J. Scott, a member of the Liberian Commission, and Ernest Lyon, minister to Liberia, called upon the President this afternoon and presented the matter to him.

MITCHELL TO FEDERATION

Explains His Position in Regard to Contempt Proceedings.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 17.—Endorsing a report of the committee on boycott, John Mitchell, one of the three officers of the American Federation of Labor, who are under sentence for contempt of court, made a dramatic speech to the convention of that organization at today's session. He declared that as far as he was concerned regardless of consequences, he intended while at liberty to declare for the rights guaranteed him by the organic laws of his country.

The report which drew forth Mitchell's speech and which was adopted by the convention among other things declared:

"We say that when your cause is just and every other remedy has been employed without result, boycott; we say that when the employer has determined to exploit not only adult male labor, but our women and children, and our reasoning and appeal to his fairness and his conscience will not sway him, boycott; we say that when labor has been oppressed, browbeaten and tyrannized, boycott; we say that when social and political conditions become so bad that ordinary remedial measures are fruitless, boycott; and, finally, we say, we have a right to boycott and we propose to exercise that right. In the application of this right of boycott, to paraphrase the President (Gompers) we propose to strive on and on."

The convention broke into loud cheering for Mitchell as he concluded and there were cries for "Morrison." The secretary did not respond. President Gompers was absent.

Mr. Mitchell said he realized that every statement made by those on the convention floor, and especially by those, who on next Monday will have to deliver themselves to the courts, is being closely scrutinized.

"I want the people of the United States to know my position," he said. "I shall not speak defiantly; but be the consequences what they will I shall not surrender any right guaranteed to me by the constitution of our country. I am not sure how much mental and physical suffering will be required to make me submit, but I know myself not any amount of suffering will persuade me that I have not the right to spend my money where I please or that I have not the right to write and speak as I please, being responsible under the law for my acts.

"Whether the boycott be a benefit or a detriment each man must decide where he will bestow his patronage. I maintain that my patronage is my own and no merchant has a property right to it.

"I understand that cognizance is being taken at Washington of the utterances of men on the floor of this convention and I want clearly to state my position. I propose in the future, as I have in the past, to exercise the rights secured to me by the fathers of my country; and I propose if I am sent to jail to declare again when I come out that I shall not for myself purchase any product of the Bucks Stove & Range Company.

"I repeat that so far as I am concerned and let the consequences be what they may, I intend while at liberty to declare for the rights guaranteed to me by the organic laws of my country. I am proud of being an American."

SUGAR FRAUDS SITUATION.

Henry C. Corsa, Discharged by Government, Gives Experiences.

New York, Nov. 17.—Henry C. Corsa, who was once employed as a government sampler at the American Sugar Refining Company's docks, in Jersey City, added further interesting material today to the complicated controversy surrounding the frauds charged to the company and various customs officials and employes.

Corsa was discharged from the government service seven years ago by reason, as he believed, of his efforts to obtain information. In a lengthy interview today he reviews the obstacles he met and recites experiences similar in many respects to those of Richard Parr and Edwin Anderson, who are defending their respective claims to being the original exposers of corruption in the customs house.

Wilbur F. Wakeman, a former appraiser, brought Corsa's name into the case some time ago when he attested to the fact of his discharge, as he had brought to the government's attention convincing evidence of graft which Corsa says was successfully pigeon holed, after he was ousted. His efforts to obtain reinstatement, Corsa adds, were aided from time to time by Leslie M. Shaw, former Secretary of the Treasury, and other prominent men, but none of them, he declares, was able to overcome the grip the sugar company had on the New York customs service or to get for him the endorsement of George Whitehead, who succeeded Wakeman as appraiser.

In his interview of today Corsa set forth that he went to Washington to present his case to Secretary Shaw, and the latter, he says, after a long conference, said:

"I'll see that you are put back. I could demand it right now. But things are working so smoothly between Mr. Whitehead and myself that I don't want to break in abruptly on him with this demand."

A short time afterward, according to Corsa, he received a letter from Mr. Shaw stating that Shaw found his hands so tied that he could do nothing.

BARRON FOR PRESIDENT.

Name of Candidate Greeted With Excitement in Mexico.

Mexico City, Nov. 17.—Over night a new candidate has been sprung for the Presidency of Mexico.

It is Attorney Herberto Barron, former member of the Chamber of Deputies, and later a partisan of General Reyes for the Vice Presidency, who is now in New York.

Large posters printed in red ink bearing the announcement of Barron as candidate of the Democratic party for President appeared pasted on public building and bill boards all over the city this morning. The announcement created considerable excitement and large crowds gathered wherever the posters were displayd.

Shareholders of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (Big Four) Railroad in session at Cincinnati, Ohio, voted a bond issue of $20,000,000 for physical improvements to the Big Four system.

WARRINER STILL PRISONER.

Accused Embezzler Unable to Give Bond—Mrs. Ford Released.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 17.—Charles L. Warriner, deposed treasurer of the Big Four Railroad, accused of embezzling $643,000 continued a prisoner in the Hamilton county jail today, bail for him not having been secured.

Mrs. Jeanne Stewart-Ford, who was arrested on a charge of having received $1,000 alleged stealings of Warriner, spent the night in a cell in the woman's department of the same jail in which Warriner is held. Bond for her was signed early today by a security bonding company and she was released, going at once to her sumptuous apartments. Other arrests are likely in connection with the Warriner case, but Prosecutor Hunt refuses to discuss the matter.

Attorneys for Warriner continued their negotiations for bondsmen. Warriner late yesterday entered a formal plea of not guilty of the two counts of embezzlement and grand larceny in the indictment returned against him.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Edgar S. Cooke, of Chicago, whose name has appeared in different accounts of charges against Charles L. Warriner, former treasurer of the Big Four Railroad, today protested violently against the allegation concerning him.

"I have committed no crime and have nothing to fear," he said, "but published statements concerning me with Warriner's shortage make me anxious to prove my innocence. I also propose to make some one prove the charges that have been made against me. I have been waiting for advices to go back to Cincinnati, but as none have come I have about decided to go back anyway."

ASTOR'S YACHT MISSING.

Reported Over a Week Out From Jamaica to Porto Rico.

New York, Nov. 17.—Colonel John Jacob Astor, who is aboard his yacht Nourmahal, has not been in communication with New York for 12 days and it is likely he has not heard that Mrs Astor obtained a decree of divorce from him November 8th. Early that day, before the divorce formally was granted, Colonel Astor was reported to have sailed from Port Antonio, Jamaica. Since then no word has been received of his whereabouts and some concern has been felt for the safety of the yacht on account of the recent West Indian storm.

Mrs. Astor sailed for Europe on the Lusitania today. Vincent, the 17-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Astor, is cruising with his father.

On board the Nourmahal with Colonel Astor and his son when the yacht sailed from Jacksonville, Oct. 15th, were Richard Peters, a cousin of Mrs. Astor, Vincent Astor's tutor, Herr Von Kaltenborn, and a crew of 45 men and officers.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Search is being made by the government for the missing yacht Nourmahal, belonging to John Jacob Astor, of New York She is supposed to be somewhere in West Indian waters between Jamaica and Porto Rico. The Treasury Department on request of anxious inquiries today cabled to the commander of the revenue cutter Algonquin at San Juan, Porto Rico, to search for the Nourmahal. The yacht is reported to have left Port Antonio, Jamaica., for San Juan, Porto Rico, over a week ago and has not since been reported.

CONFERENCE POSTPONED.

In Order That Ministers May Aid in Prohibition Fight.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 17.—Giving as a reason a desire to have all the ministers of the church remain in the field to work for the adoption of a prohibition amendment to the State constitution, which is to be voted on at a special election Monday, November 29th, Bishop H. C. Morrison, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, today announced that the two annual conferences of the church to be held in this State had been postponed from next week to the week beginning December 1st.

LIPTON MAKES CHALLENGE.

Will Contest For American Cup in Race in 1911.

New York, Nov. 17.—Sir Thomas Lipton will challenge for a race for the American's cup to be sailed in 1911. Sir Thomas made this statement just before sailing for Europe today on the steamer Lusitania.

Sir Thomas has been here for several weeks to learn the attitude of the members of the New York Yacht Club on the question of modification of the rules governing the America cup. What assurances, if any, he received is not known.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

CERTIFICATE OF DISSOLUTION.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that the Southern Electric Company, a corporation of this State, whose principal office is situated at No. ———— street, in the City of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina (John Hall being the agent therein and in charge thereof upon whom process may be served) has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revisal of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this Certificate of Dissolution:

Now, Therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 3rd day of November, 1909, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all of the stockholders, thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal, at Raleigh, this 3rd day of November, 1909.

(signed) J. BRYAN GRIMES, Secretary of State.

Recorded in Book "D"—Record of Corporations at page 367.

JNO. D. TAYLOR, Clerk of Superior Court.

W. N. HARRIS, Deputy.

no 11-4w-thu.

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for Feeble Old People, Delicate Children, Weak, Run-down Persons, and to Counteract Chronic Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis, is because it combines the two most world-famed tonics—the medicinal, strengthening, body-building elements of Cod Liver Oil and Tonic Iron, without oil or grease, tastes good, and agrees with every one.

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We sell only the purest and best, and guarantee quick shipments by *Cannon Ball Express.*

Let us ship you a trial order of some of the following. They are exceptionally pure and delicious. We prepay express charges.

	1 Gal. Jug.	2 Gal. Jug.	4 Full Qts.	12 Full Qts.
Clarke's Happy Valley Corn,	$2.50	$4.50	$2.75	$7.75
Clarke's Old Tar Heel Corn,	2.85	5.00	3.25	9.00
Clarke's Select Old Corn,	3.35	6.00	4.00	10.00
Clarke's Old Private Stock Corn,	3.85	7.00	4.75	13.00
Clarke's Sunny South Rye,	3.35	6.00	3.75	10.00
Clarke's Old Tar Heel Rye,	3.85	7.00	4.00	11.00
Clarke's Monogram Rye,	4.75	9.00	5.00	14.00
Sunny Brook Whiskey, (Bottled in Bond)	3.85	7.00	5.00	13.00
Clarke's Malt Whiskey,	3.85	7.00	4.00	11.00
Clarke's Medicinal Corn-Malt,	3.50	6.50	3.75	10.00
Old Private Stock Apple Brandy,	4.00	7.00	4.50	12.00
Select Old Peach Brandy,	4.75	9.00	5.00	14.00

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But you can trust our pure American Wines, made under the U. S. pure food laws and backed by our guarantee.

And the North Carolina Scuppernongs, from which we make our famous wines, are more perfect and finer flavored grapes than any grown in Europe or elsewhere.

Have Bear's Scuppernong upon your sideboard—ready to serve to guests at any time.

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School Shoes for Boys and Girls

Try our Buster Brown Shoes. They look best and wear so much longer.

CLOTHING

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Newest creations in Capes.

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Asbestos and Fire Clay.

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THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in the North Carolina Press. : : : : : :

Charleston Lawyer Commits Suicide.

Morganton, Nov. 16.—Charles Julius Redding, aged 36, a lawyer and real estate broker of Charleston, S. C., committed suicide here today by shooting himself in the chest with a shotgun. The cause of his rash act was supposed to have been due to melancholy. His remains were shipped to his home in Charleston.

Near-Beer Stand Ablaze.

Concord Times: Evidently someone in this neighborhood has become quite attached to the taste of near-beer, and would have certainly helped himself to that contained in the small stand which is located out East Depot street beyond the Three Mile branch, last night had the house not been well built and of green oak wood. Whoever the party was he made a desperate effort to obtain some of the beverage. He first tried to break in the door but on finding this fastened securely he piled dry brush under the shop and set fire to it. Luckily or unluckily, as you may choose to call it, the boards were of green oak and they did not take fire, so the refreshing beverage was left unmolested.

No Drug Store License in Durham.

Durham Sun: The board of aldermen met in regular session last night and transacted matters pertaining to the welfare of the citizens, yet the most important was their action in refusing to grant license to the drug stores to sell whiskey. This matter was brought to the attention of the aldermen in the form of a petition from one of the leading drug stores and was referred to the health board, but this board sent it back to the aldermen for further disposition. Their action last night means that Durham has a dry prohibition board of aldermen, who will see that this city will have an appearance of being prohibition, whether it is or not.

State Swamp Lands.

Raleigh Correspondence, Charlotte Observer: "Among Liday's visitors here was Mr. Frank Thompson, of Jacksonville, Onslow county, who came on business regarding State swamp lands in Jones and Onslow counties. He says the survey of these lands is progressing quite well, and has this year been confined to the two counties named, because of the desire to complete the contract made by the State in 1899, with Phoenix Company, by which the State Board of Education sold the company 90,000 acres, thus effecting a compromise of two suits brought by the Vedder heirs against the State board in Onslow and Pender counties, this taking place during the administration of Governor Russell."

Cuss-Fest in Mecklenburg.

Charlotte Observer: The medal for original and varied luridity of profanity belongs to a colored individual denominated at his christening Jim Smith, according to witnesses who made avowal of the things they heard on the 6th day of November on the Pineville road. Jim on that occasion was holding converse with Sterling Welch, another negro, whose ox team had broken down and who did not get out of the road quickly enough to suit the magician of invective. The oaths as repeated in 'Squire Hilton's office at the trial yesterday, came so rapidly and pungently as to cause the spectators to catch their breaths. Smith was required to give $25 bond for his appearance at court, the magistrate not having jurisdiction of the charge of nuisance. The cuss-fest will be repeated in the higher tribunal.

AS TO 15-CENT COTTON.

Comparatively Small Proportion of Crop Brings Top Notch.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Although there has been much talk of 15-cent cotton throughout this section, a study of the figures in the local cotton weighers' office reveals the fact that only a comparatively small percentage of that sold since September 1 brought this figure. The following quotations show the total number of bales sold at the different figures quoted, which were the best prices for different days: 278 bales have been sold at 12.25 cents; 246 at 12.50; 838 at 12.75; 169 at 12 7-8; 3,374 at 13; 393 at 13 1-8; 720 at 13 1-4; 1,181 at 13.50; 125 at 13.75; 1,270 at 14; 404 at 14 1-4; 785 at 14 1-2; 724 at 14.75; 913 at 15 cents. Only one-twelfth of the total of 11,420 has brought 15 cents. The average, as computed by a local cotton man from the foregoing, is 13.40 for the period of two and a half months. Cotton receipts yesterday amounted to 71 bales at 14.25 as against 269 on the same date last year at 9 cents. The showing yesterday and the day previous is significant in the light of the fact that last year this week was the best of the season and yet the price was only 9 cents. It shows that the farmers, having discharged all pressing obligations, are determined to hold their cotton for 15 cents or more.

COL. HENRY TO GO ON ROAD.

Gifted Scholar to Lecture on Oslerism.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Col. Walter Richmond Henry, who last week delivered his erudite, brilliantly illustrated and carefully prepared lecture on "Osler's Dead-Line of Forty" at the Academy of Music here, yesterday signed a contract with C. A. Schloss, of Wilmington, proprietor of the Schloss theatrical circuit, for the delivery of this lecture at fourteen points, including Charlotte. The places are: Gaffney, S. C.; Concord, Greensboro, Winston-Salem, Raleigh, Wilmington, Tarboro, Wilson, Newbern, Rocky Mount, Asheville, Danville, Va., Monroe, and Charlotte.

This lecture is only one of about ten in Mr. Henry's repertoire, but this is the one selected for this tour and it will be delivered in all the places mentioned. The suggestion has been made that he repeat it here at some future date in the Auditorium for the benefit of that building, but no decision has been made on that point yet. As has been heretofore stated, the lecture is both entertaining and educational and cannot fail to exercise an uplifting influence on all who hear it. The tour begins next week.

THE THANKSGIVING GAME.

Efforts to Arrange One for Carolina Seem in Vain.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Nov. 17.—The all prevailing topic of conversation on the University campus for the past few days has been football prospects for a Thanksgiving game and expressions of sympathy for Virginia in her great loss of a most loyal son.

As soon as the distressing news of young Christian's death reached Chapel Hill a telegram was wired to the student body at Virginia expressing the great distress and grief here over their misfortune. Shortly afterwards the president of the athletic association here received a telegram from Virginia reading:

"In view of our great bereavement and out of respect for our dead comrade, our team begs to be released from its Thanksgiving engagement. We genuinely appreciate the sympathy extended by the students of Carolina."

This was immediately answered with the wire:

"Prest. Athletic Association, University of Virginia:

"The heart of Carolina goes out in sympathy to Virginia in her great bereavement and with bowed head acquiesces to the request for a release from the Thanksgiving Day engagement.

"President Athletic Association, University of North Carolina."

Immediately upon the cancellation of the Virginia game messages came to Manager Joyner of the football team by the score asking for arrangements for a substitute game on Thanksgiving. Manager Joyner likewise began to look around for a game as without a Thanksgiving Day game receipts the treasury of the Athletic Association would be in a deplorable state. A wire was sent to the United States Naval Academy asking a game and being without an engagement themselves, they thought it an excellent arrangement but found it impossible because of governmental regulations prohibiting them from leaving the academy grounds except to play the army.

The University of Virginia alumni association realizing North Carolina's financial stress with the finest sort of spirit, tendered their co-operation in efforts to arrange a Thanksgiving game. Mr. Murray McGuire, of Richmond, chairman of the association, immediately upon the death of Christian, endeavored to arrange a game with the Navy for North Carolina at Richmond, but with no success on account of the ironclad governmental rule.

A second message from the Navy urged North Carolina to come to Annapolis on the largest guarantee ever offered by the Navy to any college.

Among other requests there came one from the United States Ship Franklin asking a game at Richmond. Washington and Lee likewise being out of a game because of Georgetown's cancellation of her games, asked for a second game with Carolina at Richmond.

Walter Camp, head adviser of the Athletics at Yale, and "Dean of American Athletics", in a conference with Coach Arthur E. Brides over the long distance telephone last night, expressed his regret at Virginia's misfortune and Carolina's predicament and said that Yale, in view of North Carolina's predicament, and out of regard of Mr. Brides himself, would have been glad to consider a game with North Carolina, but that a previous refusal to come South on Thanksgiving for a game at Annapolis made such consideration impossible.

Manager Joyner has been in communication with Princeton, St. John's, LaFayette and Lehigh, all of which colleges are possibilities, but it is not definitely known yet who Carolina will play on Thanksgiving or whether there wil be any game at all.

GOT THE COON.

But Representative Wooten Paid Dearly for Victory.

(Kinston Free Press.)

Hon. E. R. Wooten, representative for this county to the General Assembly and also president of the Tuckahoe 'Possum Club, sustained a right painful injury, while out with the hunters Monday night. The Club's dogs treed a coon in a large gum tree and, when the tree was cut down, the coon climbed into a smaller tree nearby. Mr. Wooten went up this tree to shake the animal out and in coming down himself, hurriedly, he fell about 20 feet, alighting on his toes, jamming the bones in the top of his right foot. One of the bones was dislocated. The injury was exceedingly painful and it was found that he could not walk. Two members of the club, Mr. J. T. Midyette and Esq. H. C. Y. Peebles, took turns in toting him back to town, which was fortunately not more than a mile distant. He is confined to his home by the injury. The coon was caught.

BRIDE CHANGES MIND.

Miss Rose Few, of Hendersonville, Marries Mr. Michael Schuck.

(Special to News and Observer.)

Asheville, N. C., Nov. 16.—Miss Rose Few, of Hendersonville, will not wed Mr. C. F. Tomlinson, of High Point, December 8th, as was announced. Instead last night at Hendersonville, in the presence of three persons, she was married by Rev. R. B. Grinnins to Mr. Michael Schenck, former Mayor of Hendersonville. The marriage arrangements, it is to be presumed, were hastily made, and the return of the bride's father, Dr. Few, who was out of town, was not awaited; and the news of the marriage comes as a general surprise. Mr. Tomlinson probably knew of it as he was at Hendersonville yesterday. The preparation of Miss Few's trousseau presumably for the event scheduled for December 8th, was well under way. Mr. and Mrs. Schenck left for Greenville and other points for a bridal tour.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds. LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

S.S.S. FOR RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is in reality an internal inflammation; a diseased condition of the blood cells which supply the nourishment and strength necessary to sustain our bodies. The disease is caused by an excess of uric acid in the blood, which comes from indigestion, weak kidneys, constipation, and other irregularities of the system. This uric acid produces an inflamed and acrid condition of the blood, and the circulation, instead of nourishing the different portions of the body, continually deposits into the muscles, nerves, joints and bones, the irritating and pain-producing acid with which it is filled. Then follow the painful and torturing symptoms of Rheumatism. We do not claim for S. S. S. that it is anything more than a first class blood purifier, and that is just what is needed to cure Rheumatism. S. S. S. goes into the circulation, and by neutralizing the uric acid and driving it from the blood, effectually and surely removes the cause of Rheumatism. S.S.S. strengthens and invigorates the blood so that instead of a weak, sour stream, causing pain and agony throughout the system, it becomes an invigorating, nourishing fluid, furnishing health and vigor to every portion of the body, and permanently relieving the suffering caused by Rheumatism. S.S.S. is purely vegetable and will not injure the most delicate system. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GAYLORD'S

Great offerings in Comforts, Blankets and Bed Spreads

will be the chief attraction at the Big Department Store this week. :-: :-: :-: :-:

Blankets from.....33c to $8.00
Comforts in best quality of down...$1.00 to $5.00
Beautiful Bed Spreads.....75c to $3.00
Sheets.....39c to 75c
Special sale of Cottage Carpet.....25c

BIG BARGAINS

In a shipment of Mattresses just received.

BATH ROBES

Celebrated "Earle" brand of $6.00 value for $3.98
Matting of all grades, designs and prices....9c up
Largest line of Dress Goods in the city.

IN DOMESTICS

We are offering Unbleached Homespun of good quality, at.....5c
Apron Ginghams at.....5c
40-inch White Scrim.....8c
Heavy Shirting Sheviot.....8c
36-inch Colored Silkoline.....9c
36-inch Morie Skirting.....25c
New lot of Shepard Plaids, 36 inches, 25c and 50c

IN MILLINERY

We carry anything to be had in this part of the world. Have just received a new lot of wings in black and white.

In our immense stock of ladies' Tailor-made Suits, Skirts, Cloaks, Shirt Waists, etc., you can find what you need for..... 25% Less than you can elsewhere. Continued warm weather forcing us to make great reduction in these goods.

Come and see the beautiful display of Fancy Chinaware that we have just received.

GEO. O. GAYLORD

210, 212, 214 N FRONT ST.

COCA BUN

The New Drink That Will Make Wilmington Famous.

Atlanta, the home of Coca Cola.
New Bern, the home of Pepsi Cola.
Wilmington, the home of Coca Bun.

Delicious and invigorating, but not intoxicating. Try it. You will come for it again.

EL SENADOR, 5c Cigar. Just to get them started—special sale, 7 for 25c, as long as this lot lasts. After they are gone, 5c straight.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

"The Drug Store That Has Everything Anybody Else Has and Some Things Nobody Else Has."

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY

G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.

109-111 North Front Street.

oc 5-tf.

STATEMENT OF

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Of Wilmington, Oct. 30th 1909.

RESOURCES.

Time loans and discounts	$2,995,5[illegible] 47
Demand loans	1,250,000 00
U S. Bonds	5[illegible],000 00
Bank building	25,000 00
Stocks and bonds	17[illegible],145 50
Cash	1,589,642 56
	$6,581,333 53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 550,000 00
Surplus	344,247 35
U. S. bond account	100,000 00
Circulation	550,000 00
Deposits	5,037,086 18
	$6,581,333 53

C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.

no 2 tf

THANKSGIVING PLEASURES IN DRIVING

may be marred by your carriage breaking down and giving you much inconvenience if not serious injury. Give yourself the pleasure of something to be thankful for by having your defective vehicle put in good condition at

J. O. BROWN'S

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. VOLLERS

Wholesale Grocer.

DENTIS-(TREE)

is an all around growth. From infancy on up

YOUR TEETH NEED LOOKING AFTER.

The growth in popular favor of these dental parlors show it's among our townspeople. Always remember it's

BEST DENTISTRY DONE HERE AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Plates, $5.00 and up. Painless extraction free.

Best Crown and Bridge department in the State.

DR. JAS. W. POWELL

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE.
UNION DEPOT.
TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYSLeave Union Depot 6:45 A. M. and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Union Depot 8:25 A. M. an every 20 minutes thereafter after until 10:25 P. M.

TO UNION DEPOT.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:55 A. M. and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:35 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:35 and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:35 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York and Wilmington.

S. S. "Carib".....Friday, Nov. 12.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, Nov. 19.

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. "Navahoe"....Saturday, Nov. 13.
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, Nov. 20.

Wilmington to Georgetown.

S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, Nov. 8.
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, Nov. 15.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina

For freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 36 N. R., N. Y.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

Block System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv. Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv. Durham	1:00 a.m.	5:20 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:12 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:46 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	9:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St Louis	7:28 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle San Francisco and all Western points

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
J. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

THANKSGIVING CHEER

It is easy sailing if you have a NEW SUIT, HAT and OVERCOAT. Now is the time to order from

HAMME

THE HATTER AND CLOTHIER

Agent for Knox celebrated Hats, also Keureigh Rain Coats, Kenyon & Co. makers, New York.

Atlantic Coast Line

Correct to November 14, 1909.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

WILMINGTON AND THE NORTH.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	8:45 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:00 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:35 pm	11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	2:28 am
Ar. Norfolk	5:50 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	4:05 am
Ar. Richmond	8:00 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:15 am	9:20 am
Ar. W. Phila.	3:45 am	11:44 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Phila.	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	8:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond	1:20 am	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg	1:55 am	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon	5:35 am	11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount	5:00 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson	5:36 am	2:09 pm
Lv. Goldsboro	6:35 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:30 am	6:10 pm

WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.	51	55	Via Wilson 42
Lv. Wil't'n	6:00 am	3:30 pm	7:00 pm
Ar Flor.	9:25 am	7:25 pm	3:45 am
Ar Col'bia.	1:00 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar Aug'ta.	3:00 pm		
Ar Atl'ta.	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nash.	6:35 am		
Ar Mem.	3:30 pm		
Ar Louv.	1:10 pm		
Ar Con'tl.	4:35 pm		
Ar Chars.	1:36 pm	11:25 pm	6:40 am
Ar Savh.	3:56 pm	2:20 am	9:00 am
Ar Jk'ville	8:10 pm	7:10 am	1:20 pm
Ar Tampa.	7:00 am	7:00 pm	9:55 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:30 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:40 am	12:15 am
Lv Charleson	4:00 pm	5:10 am
Lv Columbia	4:25 pm	6:00 am
Lv Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	7:58 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:30 am	1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound. 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv Wilmington Ar	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar Fayetteville Lv	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv Fayetteville Ar	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62	Daily except Sunday.	Southbound. 63
3:25 PM	Lv Wilmington Ar	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	Ar Jacksonville Lv	10:55 AM
8:44 PM	Ar N & S. Jct Lv	9:35 AM
9:50 PM	Ar Newbern Lv	9:30 AM

*Via Petersburg and N. and W. Ry.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeper between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

CLARK'S TWELFTH ANNUAL CRUISE TO THE ORIENT

February 5, 73 days, $400 up, including shore excursions, etc. Cruises around the world; Tours to Europe. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

SEABOARD Air Line Railway SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office. Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective November 7, 1909.

No. 45—4:50 A. M.—For Hamlet and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 86 for Raleigh and Points north. Local sleeper for Hamlet open the night before at 9:00 P. M.

No. 39—3:20 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington.

No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.

No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

Nos. 44 and 45—Handles local Sleeper between Hamlet and Wilmington leaves Hamlet 8:10 P. M. arrives at Wilmington 12:20 A. M. remain in Sleeper until 8:00 A. M.—on 45 leaving at 4:50 A. M. can get in Sleeper the night before at 9:00 P. M.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Ticket office, Union Station.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent,
Phone No. 5.
C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent.
Portsmouth, Va.

THE MORNING STAR
FOUNDED [illegible] N. C. 1867
Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR CO.

J. E. THOMPSON,
Vice President and General Manager.

ROBERT L. GRAY, Editor.

TELEPHONES.
Business Office.....No. 51
Editorial Rooms.....No. 61
(Call 51 if 61 doesn't answer.)
(Call 61 if 51 doesn't answer.)

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 8, 1874.

Thursday, November 18, 1909.

HATS OFF TO SCHLOSS.

Those who in the moment of triumph think on those at home, deserve the plaudits of a grateful public. The Roman conquerer paused in the loot of Grecian cities to snatch a delicate piece of sculpture for the gardens of his native town. Napoleon, treading the way of empire through Europe, cast his roving eye along the walls of ancient galleries, fitting their adornments to the desires of the distant Paris. Alexander, austere himself, picked and chose among the Persian camp with an eye kindling to the beauty and luxury that was to reward his immortal soldiery. We can imagine the gratitude with which the populace received these tokens from those who, in the moment of conquest, thought upon the pleasures of those they had left behind. It is a simple virtue, if you will, but a true and tender one.

Wherefore, we make the salutations of Wilmington to Manager Schloss, who has captured Walter Henry. He has caught him, bound him with the meshes of a contract, tied him to the lecture platform with the thousand strands of legal obligation. So bound, will he sell him to New York? Will he reap a golden harvest in Boston? Possibly, and we hope so. But first he thinks of us. He is bringing Henry here. It is a case of enterprise and patriotism so mixed, that it were impossible to tell tother from which.

It is not everybody who can capture Walter Henry. Still fewer can hold him when caught. Grover Cleveland tried it and failed. The Democracy had him, but he broke away. Populism made the "dive" and tackled him as far up as it could reach—about the knees. He paused but an instant and rushed on. Since then, Colonel Henry has been hesitating in the Republican camp, restless and anxious for other worlds to conquer. He is now amusing himself with Osler and his theories. Colonel Henry, however, amuses himself with the thoroughness of his build. He never knocks down; he crushes, annihilates, inundates. A less careful student might have answered Osler in a column of famous names of men over sixty. Colonel Henry takes no such slothful course. He delves into history, into poetry, into the high-ways and the by-ways of all literature, of all philosophy, of all fable and all fact. He emerges laden with flowers of light; he surrounds himself with an encyclopedical mist. He crumbles Osler on his thumb and blows him into space with a puff of rhetoric.

A sight of Colonel Henry is worth the price of admission. Taft would reach up for his handshake, cool himself in his shadow. Yet is he no mere fat man, no soft and yielding hill of meat. Colonel Henry is of steel construction, trimmed with springy muscles. He looms like a skyscraper and settles on his foundations like a monolith. Only his head is small, and that is a jewel casket, bright in hue itself and filled with rarest gems of most serenest rays. He is "mens sana in corpore immenso". Which is to say, he is "great".

It is not our rule to give editorial mention to theatrical attractions, but this is more than theatric. It is epic. This month we have entertained a big man. Next month, or thereabouts, a big man will entertain us. It is hats off to Schloss.

The detectives have been in Wilmington for six weeks, it is said. They must have had a dry time.

Wilmington may have a few blind tigers, but we are at least shorter on burglars than some other places.

In view of the troubles the sugar trust is experiencing, look for a sober winter in Washington.

The Japanese Army has been instructed in tactics which take no regard of defence. More than one rising sun of empire has gone under a cloud owing to a similar neglect.

A sugar trust official makes the statement that all the crooked acts of the sugar trust were inspired by the late Henry O. Havemeyer, and that "his death ended the dark days." If proof were needed that the "dark days" were not closed by Havemeyer's death, this statement alone would afford the evidence.

THE PEOPLE AND THE TIGER.

Acting on information furnished by private detectives employed by citizens in favor of law enforcement, the Wilmington police yesterday arrested ten persons on the charge of violating the prohibition law by illegal sales of whiskey.

Without passing before trial on the guilt or innocence of the defendants, we will say that an encouraging sign in these arrests is that some of those under charges are white men of sufficient means and prominence to make a vigorous defense. There is, in these exceptions, an invigorating variation from the customary police rule of arresting for violation of liquor laws only friendless criminals, so used to being harried by the authorities that they are all but complaisant under punishment. Such hypocritical police activity is exceedingly common in many better than thou places, which we might name. It means nothing in fact—nothing more in fact than the saloon practice, under license, of ferreting out "blind tigers" and giving them over to the law. It is nothing more nor less than a protection of the more prominent and more favored criminals against competition in their line.

Of course, there are many more than ten places in Wilmington where liquor is sold. They should all suffer indictment, and repeated indictment. The business should be made unprofitable from a financial point of view, as well as dangerous from the point of view of personal liberty of those engaging in it. Fully appreciating the difficulties in the way of securing evidence in any particular case, we declare it to be an absurd contention that the police are unable to fix guilt upon people engaged in a character of crime which is of common reputation and repute. When they contend that they cannot do so, they admit that they are prostituting the function for which they are created. The police are appointed to detect violation of law as well as to enforce the law. When they become deliberately blind to law violation, they become themselves violators of the law. Liquor selling is a misdemeanor, and in misdemeanors all engaged in their commission are principals. In every moral point of view, therefore, a policeman who ignores the crime which it is his duty to observe and punish by arrest is himself guilty of the crime itself.

The one regrettable feature about this departure toward law enforcement is that it was found necessary to employ detectives from a distance. It is humiliating that open crime can be suppressed only by the importation of men from abroad at the expense of private citizens. These citizens help to pay the police. Their demand that the law be enforced is a proper demand, which they as citizens are entitled to make of the municipality. The city and its agents, and not the private citizen, ought to be put to the necessary trouble and expense. Again, there is the suspicion that always rests upon a detective's testimony. It cannot be divorced from his interest, and the interest of his employment. The business itself is not one that inspires confidence. Such evidence is frequently, on account of the character of the witnesses, weak as dish water; on account of the reputation of detectives generally, it is never strong and fully satisfactory. Yet, (without some sort of plain clothes work, and unless the police lose the dignity of blue clothes and brass buttons sufficiently to do something more than attitudinize as street ornaments), there seems to be no recourse save the detective. The evidence of the man who buys from a blind tiger to satisfy his thirst and then turns informant is properly disgusting to the stomachs of honest men. The detective is a pill that is nauseus, but that seems to be necessary.

But, as we have before stated, the vital evil is not so much in the violation of the law; not so much, even in the men who violate the law, as it is in the fact that the mass of the people permit the law to be violated. It is theirs. It was they who made it. It is they who must enforce it. When it is flouted with their consent, knowledge and compliance, they convict themselves of hypocrisy and take a healthy stride toward a state of anarchy which to suggest would be to astound them.

Worry the "blind tiger," by all means; chase it out of its lair; set sleuths upon its track, but remember that the "blind-tiger" is not here of its own volition. It defies the law, it is true, but it defies it nowhere unless the people call it in to do the dirty work necessary to the satisfaction of their own unadmitted appetites and desires.

Here is the way Editor Reece, of the Greensboro Record, would solve the football problem: "One good rule in football would be to allow no one over five feet tall or over 15 years of age to play in a game. You can't easily kill one of these." Since the humanities sat down on cock-fighting in Guilford, it is evident that Col. Reece has been indulging his sporting instincts by watching the combats of the English sparrows.

EMPTYING DEATH'S QUIVER.

Pneumonia has shared with cancer the evil distinction of being among the very few deadly afflictions which have baffled medical science. In the case of consumption, although it, also, has failed to yield a germ susceptible of anti-toxic treatment, it has been found possible by care of the patient, by building him up in strength and tissue, to combat and even definitely to defeat the disease. Cancer, though most malignant in its advanced stages, is generally slow in development and, given a patient with courage and a will, even though incurable, leaves its victim many years of usefulness. But pneumonia, striking almost in an instant, has been left to run its short and largely fatal course practically unchecked by any positive action that science could take. It has been the enigma of disease,—fierce, uncontrollable, untranslatable.

On the heels of important discoveries in the case of cancer, come two independent announcements tending to show that pneumonia is another death-dealing malady to yield at last to the unsparing investigations of science. At Tuft's College the treatment has been the injection of a vaccine composed of sterilized pneumonia germs or pneumococci, and at Harvard an extract made of the white corpuscles of the blood. In both instances, the results were remarkably successful, cutting down to a minimum the deaths in all but the most desperate cases in which the treatment was tried. When the high death rate of pneumonia is considered, these results, although the treatments are not claimed to have been perfected, show that one of the remaining outposts of disease has fallen.

Aside from the value to the world of a specific for pneumonia, the Harvard treatment holds the imagination with its possibilities. The making of the corpuscle serum is the practical application of the theory of Metchnikoff, that the function of the white corpuscle—its chief use, in fact—is that of sentry and guard against the maladies that attack the body. If that be true, and the success in the case of pneumonia tends to show that it is, the world is possibly on the eve of a discovery that will not only revolutionize the treatment of disease, but may even revolutionize life itself. If, by the injection of intensified quantities of this prophylactic element of the blood, the human system may, as it were, be sterilized against the lodgment of disease germs generally, it takes a vivid imagination to even approximately measure the results upon the future of the race.

We will not fall into the easy speculation of the secret of eternal youth having been discovered in a laboratory instead of in a fairy country, however enticing that may be; but merely to contemplate the development of this idea of fundamentally reinforcing nature with nature's own chosen weapon of defense is so full of thought and so pregnant with possibility that we leave the case to our readers, confident that in their own minds they will vision forth for themselves the strange picture that paints itself ahead.

YOUTH.

Read this, a leading editorial in the Winston Journal, O ye who have forgotten hope in the practice of necessity, and bound ambition round with rusty hoops of dread routine. It is entitled "Night." Hear it, and hark back along the dusky lane of years to catch the whisper of your distant soul:

"The man who works on a morning newspaper sometimes has thoughts that are better expressed in the wee sma' hours of the night than in the big large hours of the day. When he thinks of the good time the other fellow is having at a show, in his automobile or in getting from nature the sleep and refreshment that are best secured at night, he fain would utter the thoughts that arise in him. When he broods over these things he is as near being a socialist or an archist as it is possible to be.

"But when he goes out on the quiet streets, he forgets these thoughts. Nature is so quiet and restful. Even the sizzling of the arc lights is music. Dogs that would not notice him in the day prance up to him, and play rings around him. The policeman's tattoo as he paces his beat echoes and re-echoes, and the sound is good to the ear. Occasionally nocturnal pedestrians pass him with a friendly greeting. Though thieves and robbers may be plying their trade under shelter of darkness, the newspaper man gets only friendly greetings from all creatures.

"Night is so different from the day It seems to us that nature, people and things are at night what they should be at all time. It is al democracy. The dog, the tramp, the policeman, the newspaper man have a sort of fellow-feeling inspired by the mysteries around them. We night-hawks live in a great Utopia that is impossible for the man who works during the day to find. Blessed is the night."

Friendly! You "bet!" Ah, but 'tis fine to be young—not youngish—but young!

Collier's Weekly protests that it is not supporting the "Return from Elba" movement in behalf of Roosevelt. Score one for the new Napoleon.

An aeroplane was wrecked recently by its driver in making a sudden turn to avoid striking a baby. And there is no evidence that the child was a cherub, either.

THE "NEAR-BEER" PUZZLE.

Does the power to tax carry with it the power to destroy?

This, we take it, is the broad question upon the decision of which will rest the outcome of the "near-beer" case from Charlotte now before the Supreme Court. There are other interesting questions involved, but they are insignificant as compared with the fundamental one mentioned. Charlotte has taxed "near-beer", a harmless and insipid drink, by the imposition of a $1,000 yearly license for its sale. This, in addition to the $20 State tax, means, and is intended to mean, that its sale is to be prohibited. It is idle to suppose that the sale of "near-beer", even in the most enthusiastically thirsty and otherwise "dry" community, could be made profitable to a degree to stand such a burden. The question is then resolved to the point where the exercise of the taxing power is brought into review. Is it absolute? Is it unlimited?

This "near-beer" case is doubly important, as fixing for all time the policy of the State courts with respect to municipal taxation, and as determining whether the Anti-Saloon League will throw its powerful influence into further attempt at liquor legislation. If "near-beer" is to be subject to prohibitive tax, there is no way out of the difficulty but that any and all other beverages will be in the same case. Bananas, cigars, machine needles, or what not, will all be sold, necessarily, at the option of the municipal authorities, absolutely, and not otherwise. Nor can the case be bettered by resort to the broad term of "police powers". For, under the laws prohibitory of the sale of intoxicating liquors, "near-beer" has a clean bill of health. It contains no more alcohol than numerous fountain drinks. Beside it, butter-milk is a most potent beverage. There is nothing in its nature or consistency to found the principle of the exercise of the police power, that it is necessarily dangerous in itself and subject to control.

If, then, the Supreme Court shall uphold the ancient principle that the power to tax does, in fact, carry the power to destroy, the door will be open to every species of petty blackmail by corrupt boards of aldermen. It will need only that any business shall be profitable for the threat of the possible prohibitive tax to levy upon that prosperity. It will need only that some man engaged in a peculiar business incur the enmity of municipal authority, and his business will be wiped off the face of the earth. It will need only that foreign capital, or corporate enterprise, incur the prejudice of a community for the community to wreak its vengeance under the form of law.

On the other hand, if the tax be not upheld, it means the instant incorporation of thousands upon thousands of drinking places throughout the State, with the usual display of a dozen "near-beer" bottles on the shelves and the usual refrigerators full of real beer under the shelves; and, with the excuse of "near-beer" dealing, it will mean the multiplication and the practical immunity from detection of the already numerous "blind tigers".

These are the horns of the dilemma with which the Supreme Court is called upon to deal. It is a serious question and one calling for the wisest exercise of judicial discretion. But, even if the case goes against Charlotte, we cannot see but that any "legislation" will be a vain thing. Surely it is not yet competent for the Legislature to prohibit the sale of something which has no vice in itself. To prohibit the sale of "near-beer" and permit the sale of cider, for instance, would be the grossest discrimination, principle considered. Would it not be the wiser course to leave this whole matter to the cities and towns, whatever the decision of the court shall be, and to leave it to the municipalities, after they have granted the "near-beer" licenses, to see that the license is not made the cloak for the sale of something else? The vice, after all, is not in "near-beer", but in the use made of the privilege of selling it. Little "near-beer" is sold in the State. The sale of real beer is already illegal, and the matter of those dealing in it in violation of law is one for the towns and cities to deal with—unless, in the pursuit of the ends of folly, the State be committed to the establishment of a special constabulary to keep the cities in line with their duty.

The tigers were blind to the detectives.

If Raleigh doesn't quit its attitude of surprise at the Sunday completion of that theatre, it will convince the State that it has just experienced its first attack of being busy.

LANCASTER WILLIAMS THE MAN?

Young Receiver Mentioned For Seaboard Presidency.

(Portsmouth Star.)

The special committee from the directors of the Seaboard Air Line Railway did not meet in New York on yesterday as was expected to name the officers of the company, and there is no question but what no one has as yet been definitely determined upon as president.

Many names, it is said, have been suggested, but the committee is unable to agree upon any one of them. What the committee is looking for is an operating officer who understands the sentiment of the Southern people. These are the people who provide the traffic, and a practical Southern operating man is what they want if he can be secured. The name of R. Lancaster Williams is now coming in for consideraable mention. The capable judgment shown by him during his career as receiver commends him to the directors for the presidency. Just when the committee will meet is now problematic. Some say the selection will be made on November 24, but it is not probable there will be a meeting until a majority of the committee decide upon an acceptable man.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on yesterday Messrs. L. F. Loree and Norman B. Ream were elected directors. They are also directors in the Seaboard. Judge Robert S. Lovett was elected on the Baltimore and Ohio board of directors to represent the late E. H. Harriman. Judging from a distance, the relations between the Seaboard interests and the Baltimore and Ohio interests in the North and the Harriman interests in the South are going to be very close in the future.

CURRENT COMMENT.

A man who had never heard of Congress turned up in Chicago seeking citizen papers. If he had heard of Aldrich and Uncle Joe it might do.—Durham Sun.

Governor Willson must have forgotten the fact that a man who kills in defense of his life and home needs no pardon. To give immunity for any killing not proved to be such is but adding to the anarchy he so loudly proclaims he would put down.—Goldsboro Argus.

The Statesville Landmark and the Salisbury Post unite in expressions of surprise that Editor Wade H. Harris of the Evening Chronicle made such a good speech at the Wilmington press banquet last week. They did not know him as an orator, but might have taken it for granted that a newspaper man of his parts could make a pretty fair pass at almost anything.—Charlotte Observer.

When we think of our good friend, J. Elwood Cox, in connection with the important Federal appointment he was to get through Mr. Duncan and other influential North Carolina Republicans, and see how these influences are taking care first to provide for themselves, we are forcibly reminded of the old negro song—

"Oh, Lawd, mam, look at Sam;
Eatin' all de meat and soppin' out de pan."—Greensboro Record.

Rev. John L. White, of Greensboro, now conducting a revival service in Raleigh, stirred quite a sensation Sunday night by attacking the management of the New Grand Theatre for having carpenters and other workmen at work putting the finishing touches on the place, during Sunday. While the charge apparently, is true, yet it is explained that the work was being done in order that the opening performance might be given as advertised. Without upholding the hands of either side, we might ask, was there necessity for the work to be done? Was the ox in the mire, is so, we are commanded to pull him out.—Newbern Sun.

An interesting instance of ignorance of the Bible is going the rounds of the secular press. A subscriber of the Philadelphia Press inquires of that paper for information concerning a book which describes the adventures of one Joseph who was sold into Egypt by his brothers. She had read the narrative years ago and wishes now to renew the acquaintance. The Washington Herald remarks: "The republication of this ancient but still moving tale of adventure, with due credit to its source, might stir the blood of many placid readers. DeFoe, nor yet Stevenson, never exceeded its interest."—Biblical Recorder.

In estimating the loss to the country through tuberculosis, crime, hookworm, presidential campaigns, etc., has it ever occurred to anybody what a terrible waste of pressure there is always in the dark bosom of the ocean buried? Think of the waterworks that could be run with that pressure annually, and the pumps and the machinery, and the pressing clubs! And think of the unused salt buried there in the sea, at five cents a boxful. And the fish! And the loss of labor of the men who might have caught those fish! People have hardly begun to realize what millions are being wasted annually—always annually, of course.—Greensboro Argus.

In explanation of the fact that a convict pardoned by the Governor was turned loose on the streets Sunday with his stripes on, Sheriff Jones says it was unavoidable. He had been sent back to jail, being sick, and his clothes were left at the convict camp. The sheriff wanted him to wait until Monday when he would have purchased a suit for him, but the negro, his name was Thompson, knew of his pardon and would not wait, so that there was nothing left but let him out. However, the man got what he wanted; people passing along the street chipped in money and he was given a ticket to Jacksonville, Fla., and a few dollars over to use on the way. All the same there should be some way to prevent turning a convict loose with his stripes on, pardon or no pardon.—Greensboro Record.

The Baltimore Sun has discovered the handwriting on the wall, although it is making a brave fight against the crusade of Mother Thatcher, of New Jersey, against the frying pan. It admits that "when the odor of burnt bacon and greasy bread floats over a household the home is doomed," and that "scorched steak has driven many a husband to drink," but it insists that broiled Virginia ham and friend chickens must stay. We might be willing to compromise on broiled ham and friend chicken, but all the rest of the indigestible things that are turned out by the frying pan should be prohibited by law. William Allen White, of Kansas, has proved that the frying pan was at the bottom of all the troubles of "bleeding Kansas," and that fried bacon, fried fritters and fried everything else that the people of that Commonwealth use has made them a most indigestible folk wholly unfit for association with the people of the civilized States of this country. We believe that even the greasers down in Texas would be able to forego the frying pan if by so doing they could have the State of Kansas excluded from the Union. But this is a question in which all the people of the country, and particularly the people of the South ought to be interested, and the day has passed when we can palter with the frying pan.—Charleston News and Courier.

A Scalded Boy's Shrieks.
horrified his grandmother, Mrs. Maria Taylor, of Nebo, Ky., who writes that, when all thought he would die, Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured him. Infallible for burns, scalds, cuts, corns, wounds, bruises. Cures fever-sores, boils, skin eruptions, chilblains, chapped hands. Soon routs piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy.

Come now for Linens

Annual Thanksgiving Linen Sale

Substantial Savings on Damasks, Pattern Cloths, Table Cloths, Napkins, Fancy Linens, Etc.

Sale Begins Monday, Nov. 15th

The season's greatest bargain-buying, value-getting and money-saving opportunity on linens of virtually every description for Thanksgiving use is presented now in this timely event. We include our entire stock of worthy linens in pursuance of our custom to reduce prices on Thanksgiving Linens each year.

Whatever your linen needs may be—you can supply them at this Sale for far less money than you'd have to pay anywhere else for linens so good. There are all sorts of table linens, napkins, cloths, damasks, fancy linens, towels, etc.

In all cases quality is up to the very highest standard.

Here in item form we tell you of the splendid savings we have provided in this timely and helpful sale. Figure out your needs. Thanksgiving is not very far off, and supply them now for less than you'll have to pay at any other time.

39c Table Linens, big Variety of Patterns 2, 2 1-2 and 3 yard pieces. This Week the yard.....25c
50c Table Linens, asst. Patterns. This Sale the yard.....39c
75c Table Linen This Sale the yard.....59c
85c Table Linens. This sale the yard.....69c
$1.50 fine all linen 72 inch wide. This Sale the yard.....$1.19
$1.25 Linen 90 inch wide. This Sale the yard....98c
Plain and Fringed Napkins. This Sale the doz..50c
$1.25 Plain Linen Doylis asst. patterns. This Sale the doz.....98c
$3.00 Linen Doylies. This Sale the doz.....$2.49
$3.50 Linen Doylies to match table linen. This Sale the doz.....$2.98
25c Linen Towels. This Sale each.....19c
Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bed Spreads are also included in the sale.

Red and White Sweaters, $1.98—$2.50—$3.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Automobile Rain-proof Coats, a good variety of sizes and styles.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

YOU cant be better dressed than we'll dress you, no matter where you go, or in what company you appear. There are no clothes in the world so good in quality, tailoring, style as our special selections in

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes. We have all the preparations made to supply you with dress clothes, evening and dinner suits; Prince Alberts; cutaway frocks; the very latest models. We'll satisfy your needs also in fine overcoats for business or dress; and everyday suits of all styles.

JOHN B. STETSON HATS

HOLEPROOF SOX

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OIL TREATMENT OF ROADS

Experiment to be Begun in This County Today—Section of Wrightsville Turnpike From Market Street to Delgado.

An experiment that is highly important to the county and State in the solution of the macadam road problem will be undertaken by the New Hanover Board of Commissioners pursuant to action taken at the regular monthly meeting on Monday two weeks ago.

Reference is to the treatment of the macadam roads of the county with an asphalt road oil, which is highly endorsed after exhaustive tests, both for surface sprinkling and as a binding material to prevent disintegration in use about which there has been so much complaint all over the country where this system of thoroughfare building has been undertaken to any extent, especially since the advent of the automobile. Pursuant to the action Monday two weeks ago, Road Commissioner McEachern has purchased at a cost of 3c per gallon, a tank car of 10,000 galons of the asphalt road oil manufactured by the Standard Oil Company, and in co-operation with Local Manager Hazelton, this will be put in use today as an experiment on the section of the Wrightsville turnpike from 17th and Market streets to Delgado. If the experiment is successful—and the producers of this material claim that it is already beyond the experimental stage—it is certain that all the roads of the county and perhaps many of the macadam streets of the city will be treated with a similar dressing. In order to make the test the Standard Oil Co., furnished from its Baltimore office, specially adapted apparatus for applying the oil and this has been attached to an old street sprinkler that will be put on the work for the present. First the road will be swept clean and put in as nearly perfect condition as possible after which two applications of the oil will be made. While the experiment is being made the Commissioners give official notice that the road will be closed to traffic but the Castle street extension may be used instead and the public will be put to little inconvenience. It is estimated that the work will require only about three days with a limited force working under the direction of Chairman McEachern and Mr. Hazelton.

The asphalt oil costs 3c per gallon and it is estimated that one-half gallon will be required per square yard, the cost being less than $100 per mile.

APPEAL TO LOCAL CITIZENS.

Red Cross Society Will Aid Sufferers From Mine Disaster.

The National Red Cross Society has issued a general appeal for funds for the relief of the suffering families of the 500 miners who met death in the awful mine disaster at Cherry, Ill., several days ago. The citizens of this city are given an opportunity to contribute through the Wilmington Sub-Division of the national organization. The following appeal was issued by the local society yesterday morning:

"To the General Public: In Behalf of suffering humanity, the poor widows and orphans rendered destitute by the terrible mine disaster at Cherry, Ill., the Red Cross Society of Wilmington asks for contributions for their benefit. Any amount will be gratefully received and promptly forwarded, and deeply appreciated. Remittances are asked to be made to Mrs. E. L. Prince, the treasurer, No. 211 South Fifth street. By order of the president, Mrs. Allan Nichols. Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, secretary.'

CRIPPLES IN LOCK-UP.

Drunkenness the Charge—One Hurt by Fall on Streets.

Clarence Ball and Tom McDonald, one-legged white men, who arrived here a few days ago and have been begging about the streets, are in the city prison to await a hearing before the Recorder today on the charge of drunkenness. One of them, Clarence Ball, has an ugly wound under his chin, which was caused by a fall against the curb-stone at the southeast corner of Second and Market streets about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. An automobile and delivery wagon stopped at the corner and scores of people thought that there had been a collision in which a man was injured and a great crowd soon gathered. Dr. C. P. Bolles, Jr., was called and after examining the wounded man instructed that he be sent to the hospital. After the wound was dressed and the necessary stitches taken Ball was carried back to the City Hall.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Several Minor Cases For His Honor yesterday Morning.

The Recorder had several cases of minor importance for his consideration yesterday morning. Sam Rivenbark, a half-witted young white man, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing two crates of eggs from Glisson's store on Monday night. The Recorder reserved his decision until today. S. C. Cooper, colored, was acquitted of the charge of stealing some money from Henry MacRae, a one-legged colored man, who had to pay a fine of $5 and costs for drunkenness. Lizzie Flowers, colored, was assessed $5 and costs for disorderly conduct. Richard Stanley and Robert Nelson, colored, drivers of coal carts for the Springer Coal Company, were fined $5 each and costs for fast driving. Joe Eagles, colored, was required to pay $5 and costs for drunkenness. Two sailors were convicted of drunkenness and let off with costs.

Contractor Gurley Arrives.

Mr. J. M. Gurley, member of the firm of J. W. Gurley & Co., of Mobile, Ala., which has the contract for the construction work of the pipe system of the waterworks plant, has arrived in the city, and is ready to begin work when the materials arrives. He will employ about 100 laborers and they will be secured here. About 30 horses and ten wagons will be required. The laborers will be paid

INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY

Ninth Annual Meeting Held Last Night—Officers and Directors Elected—Most Satisfactory Year's Operations.

The ninth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Independent Ice Company, one of Wilmington's largest and most progressive industrial enterprises, was held last night at the office of the president, Mr. J. A. Springer, there having been an unusually large attendance with the greatest enthusiasm.

Colonel Walker Taylor presided at the meeting and Mr. D. H. Penton, the secretary, kept a record of the proceedings. The committee to verify proxies reported that 1,867 shares were represented in person out of a total of 2,000, and the meeting was immediately declared open for business. With the report of the president, Mr. J. A. Springer, the stockholders discussed with much satisfaction the various details of the operations the past year, which were successful in every respect. The company owns three large and modernly equipped plants with a daily capacity of 175 tons per day, the Wilmington plants alone having a capacity of more than 40,000 tons per annum, besides a capacity of some 20,000 tons from the factory at Chadbourn.

The stockholders were very much gratified at the report of the past year's business and expressed pleasure at the outlook for the future. The president announced that the company proposed to continue its best efforts along the lines of quality and public service in every possible manner and that the outlook was most favorable for another successful year's operations. The company has a capital stock of $200,000 fully paid in and owns perhaps the most complete and valuable ice property in the State, enjoying a large business with the Armour Car lines for the refrigeration of the truck and strawberry crops, all in addition to a large local consumption and a trade extending all over this section of North Carolina and adjacent territory in South Carolina. Its affairs are wisely and conservatively managed and it is indeed an enterprise of which the city may feel proud.

The stockholders elected the following directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. J. A. Springer, Wm. E. Springer, L. H. Simmons, D. H. Penton, W. G. Whitehead, R. W. Wallace, W. E. Perdew, Marcus W Jacobi, Colonel Walker Taylor, N. B. Rankin, W. Van Harmn, R. F. Warren, D. C. Love, J. J. Hopkins and Henry C. Bear. These are among Wilmington's most influential and progressive business men who give the affairs of the company their personal attention.

After the adjournment of the stockholders the newly elected Board of Directors met and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Mr. J. A. Springer, president and treasurer; Mr. William E. Springer, vice president; Mr. L. H. Simmons, general manager, and Mr. D. H. Penton, secretary.

INGENIOUS FARM INVENTION.

W. I. Hall, of Rose Hill, Secures What Seems Valuable Patent.

Mr. W. I. Hall, a farmer of Rose Hill, has invented and had patented what appears to be a most useful farm implement, especially for use in this section, where peas are grown between the rows of corn.

Mr. Hall's invention is called a "Vine Mower," and its purpose is to be run between the corn rows and cut the hay, which may afterwards be gathered readily. The distinctive features of the mower are that it was but one wheel, attached to handles like those of a plow, upon which are geared the blades, one lateral and the other vertical, which are placed in front of the wheel. By these means, the mower, which is drawn by one horse, can be inclined so as to cut the hay on the uneven sides of the row, or it can be easily tilted so as to lift the blades over any obstruction. The use of the lateral blade is to mow the hay, while the vertical blade separates the rambling vines from the corn, leaving them cut in lengths in the row ready for gathering.

On account of the difficulty and cost of cutting much valuable hay is lost by farmers, which could be saved with the use of Mr. Hall's invention. The mower, a model of which is on exhibition at Mr. W. B. Cooper's office can be put on the market at a moderate price and seems to ingeniously fill a very real agricultural need.

KAINIT FROM HAMBURG.

Steamer Comes to Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.—Pyrites Cinders.

The arrival yesterday of the British steamer Selma, Capt. Lord, with part cargo of kainit from Hamburg for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, is among the first to arrive since the dispute among the fertilizer interests of this country and Germany over the mines. The Selma discharged part of her cargo at Norfolk. The vessel is to Heide & Co.

It has recently been discovered that pyrites cinders, the by-product from fertilizer manufacture, can be utilized in a most profitable way in smelting silver and copper ores. A factory has been established at Charleston, the first in the South, where the cinders are also used for making iron. The fertilizer factories here are interested in this recent discovery, which enables them to dispose of their pyrites cinders in a profitable manner.

Forced Into Exile.

Wm. Upchurch, of Glen Oak, Okla., was an exile from home. Mountain air, he thought, would cure a frightful lung-racking cough that had defied all remedies for two years. After six months he returned, death dogging his steps. "Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery," he writes, "and after taking six bottles I am as well as ever." It saves thousands yearly from desperate lung diseases. Infallible for coughs and colds, it dispels hoarseness and sore throat. Cures grip, bronchitis, hemorrhages, asthma, croup, whooping cough. 50c and $1.00, trial bottle free; guaranteed

SCHOONER IS FAST ASHORE

Four-Masted Vessel in Threatening Position on Frying Pan Shoals—Tugs and Cutters to the Rescue.

With a southwest wind blowing 30 miles an hour and an unusually rough sea running, a four-masted schooner, name unknown, presumably with cargo, lies ashore on Frying Pan shoals near the Knuckle buoy, in a dangerous position, and out of reach of immediate assistance by tugs on account of the heavy swell.

Distress signals from the vessel were sighted yesterday morning about 8 o'clock at Oak Island Life Saving Station and during the day efforts were made to reach her and take off the crew, but these efforts proved to no avail at last accounts. Soon after the vessel in distress was discovered the pilots at Southport were notified by telephone and the tug Blanche, Capt. Fred Dosher, having in tow the life saving boat, went seaward for a few miles, but being unable to with stand the weather, was forced to return.

Capt. Dosher communicated with Mr. R. R. Stone from Southport and told of the rough sea and position of the vessel, which he thought would be battered to pieces against the rocks and the crew lost unless immediate assistance could be given.

The schooner's serious plight was learned of by Lieut. Whittier, in command of the revenue cutter Seminole, through Mr. Stone, and the cutter was made ready at once to render assistance. The Seminole left yesterday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock and probably steamed seaward last night. If the weather was found unfavorable to attempt the trip the cutter remained at the Cape Fear bar last night in readiness to proceed this morning. It was the intention of Lieut. Whittier, if conditions made it advisable, to steam to a position near the disabled schooner and be ready to give assistance at daylight this morning.

The schooner is ashore within a short distance of the position where a three-master foundered and sank last Spring. However, the weather conditions were not as bad at that time and the crew was safely taken off by the life savers.

The tug Sea King, Capt. Williams, also hurried to Southport yesterday to be in position to go outside if conditions are favorable this morning.

SEABOARD IMPROVEMENTS.

Reports of Notable Improvements in Facilities.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer has the following of local interest:

A number of reports have been circulating for several weeks in regard to extensive improvements which the officials of the Seaboard Air Line Railroad have in mind to go into effect after the first of the year and while no verification of the rumors can be obtained here, it is believed that an element of truth abounds in them. It has been said that a large number of new locomotives have been purchased to be installed January 1 on this road's lines through the South and some of them for the local division. It is not doubted but that other improvements will be made in the facilities for transporting both passengers and freight traffic since the road has again got back on its feet.

The Seaboard, through its affiliation with the new Clinchfield, Carolina & Ohio Railway Company, has come into possession of notably increased freight business in this section, carrying a large amount of the coal that the C., C. & O. line transport to the eastern markets of this State and to the coast at Wilmington. This heavy hauling is said to necessitate some improvements in the facilities for freight traffic and it is, therefore, presumed that the local division of the road will not be passed over when it comes to assigning the new locomotives and transportation cars which have been ordered.

The reported collusion between the Seaboard and the Baltimore & Ohio road which is now going the rounds, will also tend to demand better facilities for the Southern road. Such a combination of interests will greatly enlarge its traffic, business as it will also assist in throwing upon the B. & O. additional Southern business. Since escaping from the hands of its receivers, the Seaboard seems to be on the highway to greater accomplishments in the transportation business of the section of the country whose interests it best subserves.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Prayer Services Last Night—Junior Basket Ball League.

The prayer services at the Y. M. C. A. last night was led by Mr. W. R. Taylor, who made a helpful address on the subject of the day, "The Church Brotherhood and Kindred Organizations of Christian Men." Special prayer was offered for the young men of Asia. There was a large attendance.

A very interesting meeting was held at the A. C. L. shops yesterday, the address being made by Mr. H. G. Bowden, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

The Junior Department of the Y. M. C. A. has about completed the enrollment of the basket ball league. Twenty names were required and 18 have already been secured. Any young men belonging to this department and any desiring to join the league should call up the office and give their names.

Successful Fishing Expedition.

Rev. R. W. Hogue, formerly of this city, but now of Chapel Hill, and Mr. W. N. Harriss, Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court, returned late yesterday afternoon from a most successful fishing expedition of two days. They had good luck with the finny tribe and the outing was most enjoyable in every way. Mr. Hogue arrived here Sunday night and left Monday for the fishing grounds and returned last night to Chapel Hill.

YOUR CAKE IS ALL DOUGH
or at least it might as well be unless you use

WILMINGTON CONVOCATION

Regular Quarterly Meeting Held With St. John's Church Yesterday—Encouraging Reports and Inspiring Addresses.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Convocation of Wilmington was held yesteday with St. John's Episcopal church and was pronounced a most successful gathering in every respect. The business session was held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at which most encouraging reports of the missionary work of the Convocation were received and last night a service was held in the interest of the Laymen's Forward Movement.

The Convocation began with Holy Communion at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, celebrated by the Rev. Dr. James Carmichael, the venerable rector emeritus of St. John's Church, assisted by Rev. W. E. Cox, the rector. After the prayer service at 11 o'clock, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' church, preached a very strong missionary sermon, using as his text, "God So Loved the World," with emphasis on the last word.

At the business session at 3 o'clock, a number of interesting reports of the missionary work in the Convocation were received. Of special interest was the report of Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, who has nine mission points and is about ready to take seven more in adjacent territory. He told of the needs and possibilities of the field and his remarks were of an inspiring nature. The dean of the Convocation, Rev. Isaac Wayne Hughes, formerly of Fayetteville, now of Henderson, had tendered his resignation on removal from the Diocese, and Rev. Dr. James Carmichael and Rev. A. W. Seabrease were appointed a special committee to draft resolution expressing the regret of the Convocation over losing him as a member. Rev. T. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, was nominated as dean in place of Mr. Hughes. Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, was elected secretary and treasurer, which office has been held by Rev. T. P. Noe. Rev. W. E. Cox made a report of his mission at Lumberton; Rev. Edward Wootten of the several missions under his charge, and Rev. T. P. Noe of his mission at Burgaw. The church at Burgaw is nearing completion.

At 4 o'clock the women of the various parishes of the city held a meeting in the Parish House with Mrs. James Carmichael, president of St. John's Woman's Auxiliary, presiding. There were present representatives from each of the parishes of the city. The feature of the meeting was an address by Miss Emma J. Hall, of Charlotte, in behalf of the Thompson Orphanage, Charlotte. She made a special plea for new and modern building and aroused much enthusiasm among the women here, who already feel a deep interest in the work. Several local women delivered interesting and helpful addresses.

"The Laymen's Forward Movement in the Diocese" was extensively and interestingly discussed at the night service which began at 8 o'clock. The opening address was by Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, who stated some of the needs and opportunities of the movement in his field, which embraces all of the towns on the Coast Line between Wilmington and Wilson except Goldsboro. His address was full of encourageing information of the opportunities waiting and showed that the great need of the movement is the means of entering the open door. He was followed by Mr. J. Allen Taylor, chairman of the Laymen's Forward Movement for the Wilmington Convocation, speaking of the movement from a layman's standpoint—the business side of the question. He made the point that a man's religion was without value unless it produced results; if it is a real asset of character and life it is of value. Major B. R. Huske, of Fayetteville, also a member of the committee, spoke from the same standpoint. He said among many other things that the laymen must furnish the means for the ministers to carry on the work of spreading the Gospel already undertaken and that which it is proposed to do. Colonel J. C. James made a short address in which he expressed himself as being heartily in favor of the movement and ready to give his best efforts. Impromptu remarks being called for, Colonel W. F. Robertson, of St. James' Parish, and Mr. H. G. Smallbones, senior warden of St. John's Parish, responded briefly but interestingly.

At the conclusion of the addresses representatives of the various parishes expressed the belief that their parishes would meet their proportionate part of the $4,000 which it is proposed to raise this year for the movement. This is about three times as much as the Convention raised for this purpose last year.

The meeting was a most successful one in every sense of the word and those who attended feel that they are better prepared to carry on the work.

ALICE IN WONDERLAND.

Big Musical Extravaganza by W. L. I. Nov. 30th and Dec. 1st.

Wilmington theatre-goers are promised one of the largest amateur musical comedies ever produced in this city. Col. John F. Bragg and an accomplished corps of professional directors with full costume equipment to stage the city's most accomplished amateurs. Arrangements for this large production are now in full blast and as it will take at least 400 persons to place this attraction on the stage, all persons in sympathy with the movement are asked to give the W. L. I. their heartiest support to make it a success by offering their services as actors or actresses. The following ladies have consented to assist the company and will chaperone all practices: Mesdames Nichols, Martin, Wise, Higgins, Metts, Watters and Pritchard.

Practices commence today at the W. L. I. armory at 3 and 8 o'clock and the Light Infantry requests that their friends attend one of these practices.

Malaria Makes Pale Sickly Children. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC drives out malaria and builds up the system. For

CITIZENS AFTER THE "TIGERS"

Independent Movement For Law Enforcement Results in Wholesale Arrests For Violations of Prohibition Law—Action.

As the result of an independent movement inaugurated several weeks ago by a number of leading citizens of Wilmington, who realized the absolute impossibility of dealing effectively with the situation with a uniformed police, something in the nature of a sensation to the uninitiated was sprung early yesterday afternoon by the arrest of ten or more "near-beer" dealers and others charged with violation of the prohibition law.

The arrests were made by the police in quick succession, following a conference at the City Hall between City Attorney Herbert McClammy, J. O. Carr, Esq., counsel for the citizens' committee; Chief of Police N. J. Williams, Recorder John J. Furlonfi, Mayor MacRae and others, the warrants then and there having been sworn out upon information and belief furnished the officers upon which to base the affidavits. These warrants, with one exception where the defendant was out of the city, were placed in the hands of the police and the arrests were made in all parts of town almost simultaneously. It is understood that the evidence upon which the prosecution will rest the cases has been gathered during the past two or three weeks by detectives from a regularly organized agency in Baltimore, all the allegations of sale being to one C. E. Everett, who was brought here to work up the cases.

Those arrested, by whom arrested and the date of some of the alleged sales are as follows: Melvin Horne, who conducts refreshment parlors and pool rooms at 123 Princess street, by Patrolman Leon George, for alleged sale October 23rd; Julius Murray, colored barber, Southern building, by Patrolman W. R. Applebury, alleged sale November 1st; Bruce Walker, colored barber, employe of Muray; by Officer Applebury, alleged sale November 11th; William Sheehan, grocer, 1121 Market street, by Patrolman M. A. Jones, alleged sale, November 9th; D. Ruark, clerk for Lewis Capps, by Officer M. A. Jones, alleged sale October 27th; J. Wynne, near beer saloon, on Water street, between Princess and Market streets, by Patrolman C. E. Wood, alleged sale November 9th; Jim Brown, colored, who works with Mr. Wynne, by Patrolman C. E. Wood; W. B. Crumpler, Front and Orange streets, groceryman, surendered at hall; W. G. Runge, proprietor of Speedway Inn, near Delgado, by Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox; Herbert Steljes, groceryman at Sixth and Castle streets, by Patrolman M. L. Moore. All gave bond in the sum of $200 dollars each, except Jim Brown, colored, with the following as sureties: William Sheehan and Melvin Horne, John W. Gafford, surety; Julius Murray, George Rountree, Esq., surety; Bruce Walker, Julius Murray, surety; D. Ruark and W. B. Crumpler, John W. Capps surety; J. Wynne, M. L. Starkey surety; W. G. Runge, E. A. Todd surety; Herbert Steljes, his brother, Albert Steljes, surety.

The warrant against Mr. Runge was given to Sheriff Cowan as Mr. Runge's place of business was beyond the city limits. It was promptly served by Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox. The police got busy with the warrants given them and within three hours nine alleged "tigers" were taken to head quarters.

The Citizens' Movement.

Feeling convinced that the prohibition law was being flagrantly violated in Wilmington and having been reliably informed that the city and county executives were not provided with the funds for any vigorous campaign against the dispensers of the ardent, a number of prominent citizens, some members of the Law and Order League, have held several meetings during the past few weeks. They resolved to take the enforcement of the law in their own hands, in the emergency and they went down in their pockets and subscribed liberally to a fund to ferret out and prosecute the "tigers." Two detectives, one of them C. E. Everett, were brought here and put to work. They arrived something like two weeks ago. While the detectives were running down the "tigers" they were themselves being closely watched by police officers as suspicious persons, but this did not retard in their work.

It was stated yesterday that the action of the citizens came as a result of the refusal of the Board of Audit and Finance to make an appropriation to pay detectives to work up whiskey cases on the ground that it was the business of the State and county authorities to see that the prohibtion law was enforced. The citizens talked to the sheriff and he stated that he had no appropriation for this kind of work. The Mayor had his policemen and the Sheriff his deputies, but it was realized as an exceedingly hard matter for an officer of the law to secure personally sufficient evidence to base a charge of selling whiskey. No well regulated "blind tiger" is going to sell to a man whose duty it is to see that the law is enforced, they said. This was the position in which those who wanted the law enforced found themselves. According to one of them, it was either put up the money or let "blind tigers" continue to operate and multiply and go unmolested. They decided upon the former course. It is learned from the best of authority that the fight has only begun; that the men who are behind the movement to enforce the prohibition law are men of means who propose to spend liberally in an attempt to stamp out the evil. They have, it is understood, adopted plans other than those disclosed by the arrests yesterday and that they propose to attack the "enemy" in every conceivable way. There are several cases against many of the defendants arrested yesterday afternoon.

In conversation with a Star representative yesterday afternoon Mr. William Sheehan, one of the defendants, stated that he would prove at the trial that his store was closed on November 9th, the day of the alleged sale, and that he was a passenger on the steamer Wilmington in the wake of the Seminole bearing the Presidential party down the river. He says further that he can account for all of his movements on that day. He was highly indignant that he should have been arrested on any such charge.

The cases will be called for trial in the Recorder's court this morning, and will be stubbornly fought on both sides, it is expected. The citizens behind the prosecution will be represented by Herbert McClammy and J. O. Carr, Esqs., two of the best known and most prominent members of the local bar, while the defendants will be represented by a brilliant array of counsel. Developments are being watched with much interest by the people at large, irrespective of their views on the prohibition question.

Intimidating Witnesses Charged.

Mr. Sheehan, one of the defendants, created an abundance of excitement about 9 o'clock last night by attempting to communicate with the two detectives where they are boarding on Front, between Grace and Walnut streets. It appears that he went to the house where he had been informed the two detectives were staying and demanded to see them. Scenting trouble, police headquarters were communicated with and a number of policemen were on the scene in a jiffy. Some one called the Mayor over the telephone and told him that a great crowd had gathered and were preparing for an attack on the detective-witnesses. He came down town in a hurry, summoning a number of citizens as he came. The police were able to cope with the situation, however, and the services of the citizens were not needed. Mr. Sheehan was taken to the City Hall, where he was told that he would have to give $500 bond or go to jail. He vowed that he would not give the bond and was sent to the county jail, where he remained until 11 o'clock, when the bond was given with Mr. M. L. Starkey as surety. Mr. Sheehan is charged with intimidating witnesses. The two detectives remained with Chief of Police N. J. Williams on the streets for a long while after the Sheehan incident, but no one attempted to molest them.

POSTAL EXAMINATIONS.

Sixteen Applicants for Positions of Clerks and Carriers.

The annual examination for positions for clerks and mail carriers in the Wilmington postoffice was given yesterday to 16 applicants by the local examining board in the United States court room. This is about the average number to stand this examination. The board is composed of Messrs. T. L. Vines, W. G. A. Otersen and J. D. Doscher, Jr. The examination papers have been forwarded to Washington to be examined and the Civil Service Commission will announce later the successful applicants.

Another examination is announced for Dec. 15th, in this city, to fill a vacancy in the position of stenographer in the office of the Collector of Customs.

Charged With Stealing Bike.

Howard Watters, colored, was arrested late yesterday afternoon on the charge of stealing a bicycle from Mr. E. R. Pickard a few days ago. He was locked up in default of bond. It was stated last night that Mr. Pickard had recovered parts of the stolen bicycle.

DISCUSSED CIVIC WELFARE.

Officers Elected by Municipal League and Civic Association.

Cincinnati, Nov. 17.—With the election of officers by the National Municipal League and the American Civic Association today, both bodies got down to discussion of many problems affecting the civic welfare.

At the forenoon session of the Municipal League a lively debate was precipitated by a paper by Arthur H. Woods, New York, in which it was held that civil service had not promoted efficiency in the police department. Richard Henry Dana, Massachusetts, was one of those who dissented from Mr. Wood's view.

Officers were elected by the National Municipal League as follows: President, Charles J. Bonaparte, Baltimore; vice president, A. Lawrence Lowell, Harvard University; George McCaney, New York; Charles Richardson, Philadelphia; George W. Guthrie, Pittsburg; Walter L. Fisher, Chicago; Henry L. McCune, Kansas City, Mo., and Thomas W. Strong, Portland, Ore.; treasurer, George Burnham, Jr., Philadelphia; secretary, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia.

J. Horace McFarland was re-elected president and Richard Watrous, both of Harrisburg, Pa., secretary, of the American Civic Association.

The other officers elected were: Vice presidents, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia; James R. Garfield, Cleveland; Rev. John Wesley Hill, New York; W. W. Hannan, Detroit; George W. Martson, San Diego, Cal.; Mrs. Edward W. Biddle, Carlisle, Pa. Treasurer, W. B. Howland, New York;

Tonight a joint banquet was held by the two associations.

THE CARNEGIE FOUNDATION.

Successors to Dr. Eliot and Holt Hughes Are Elected.

New York, Nov. 17.—Retirement of Charles W. Eliot, former president of Harvard University, from the board of trustees of the Carnegie Foundation marked the annual meeting of the trustees of the foundation here today. With ex-President Eliot's resignation that of Edwin Holt Hughes was accepted. In the places of these gentlemen Dr. Charles B. VanHise, president of the University of Wisconsin, and Dr. Ira Remsen, president of Johns Hopkins University, were elected.

Dr. Eliot's retirement was due to his stated belief that the position of trustee should be held by a member actively interested in educational matters. By his resignation Harvard University is left without representation on the board.

Stuyler's COCOA
Quality higher than price.
Price within the reach of all.
Cocoa builds up the entire
PUREST & BEST IN

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Camden, N.J.— "It is with pleasure that I add my testimonial to your already long list—hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of this valuable medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered from terrible headaches, pain in my back and right side, was tired and nervous, and so weak I could hardly stand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health and made me feel like a new person, and it shall always have my praise." —Mrs. W. P. Valentine, 902 Lincoln Avenue, Camden, N. J.

Gardiner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."—Mrs. S. A. Williams, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner Me.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

Cocoanuts & Oranges

20 Sacks Cocoanuts.
20 Boxes Florida Oranges.
150 Boxes California Evaporated Peaches.
50 Boxes Prunes.
300 Bbls. Nice Mullets. (100 lbs. guaranteed to barrel.)
500 Barrels Sugar. (Bought below the present market.)
3,000 Kegs Nails, Cuts and Wire.
1,000 Sacks Rice; Cheap.
15,000 Sacks Salt.
1,500 Barrels Flour.

Get our prices. We are here to do business.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

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HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
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New York City, 149 Broadway.

Don't Wait!

But call Monday if in need of horses or mules and I will show you some that I am sure will please. All stock young and sound and guaranteed to be as represented. Respective purchasers transferred to and from my place.

CLARENCE W. MILLS

oc 27 1m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, North carolina, made in a certain cause therein pending wherein Comfort Rowell et al. are plaintiffs and Lina Mildred Rowell et al. are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner appointed in and by said decree to sell the lands and premises set out and described in the complaint therein, will, on Monday, the 22nd day of November, 1909, at 12 o'clock, M. at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover aforesaid, by public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, sell that certain tract, piece or parcel of land lying, being and situate in the City of Wilmington, County and State aforesaid and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the Eastern line of Fifth street one hundred and eighty-five (185) feet South from the Southern line of Dock street and running thence Southwardly along said Eastern line of Fifth street thirty-six feet and six (6) inches, thence Eastwardly, parallel with Dock street, one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, thence Northwardly, parallel with Fifth street, thirty-six (36) feet and six (6) inches and thence Westwardly, parallel with Dock street, one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the Eastern line of Fifth street, the Beginning, the same being a part of lots 3 and 4 in Block No. 143 according to the official plan of the aforesaid City of Wilmington.

This the 20th day of October, 1909.

MARSDEN BELLAMY, JR.
Commissioner.

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THE MORNING STAR
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Thursday, November 18, 1909.

HATS OFF TO SCHLOSS.

Those who in the moment of triumph think on those at home, deserve the plaudits of a grateful public. The Roman conquerer paused in the loot of Grecian cities to snatch a delicate piece of sculpture for the gardens of his native town. Napoleon, treading the way of empire through Europe, cast his roving eye along the walls of ancient galleries, fitting their adornments to the desires of the distant Paris. Alexander, austere himself, picked and chose among the Persian camp with an eye kindling to the beauty and luxury that was to reward his immortal soldiery. We can imagine the gratitude with which the populace received these tokens from those who, in the moment of conquest, thought upon the pleasures of those they had left behind. It is a simple virtue, if you will, but a true and tender one.

Wherefore, we make the salutations of Wilmington to Manager Schloss, who has captured Walter Henry. He has caught him, bound him with the meshes of a contract, tied him to the lecture platform with the thousand strands of legal obligation. So bound, will he sell him to New York? Will he reap a golden harvest in Boston? Possibly, and we hope so. But first he thinks of us. He is bringing Henry here. It is a case of enterprise and patriotism so mixed, that it were impossible to tell tother from which.

It is not everybody who can capture Walter Henry. Still fewer can hold him when caught. Grover Cleveland tried it and failed. The Democracy had him, but he broke away. Populism made the "dive" and tackled him as far up as it could reach—about the knees. He paused but an instant and rushed on. Since then, Colonel Henry has been hesitating in the Republican camp, restless and anxious for other worlds to conquer. He is now amusing himself with Osler and his theories. Colonel Henry, however, amuses himself with the thoroughness of his build. He never knocks down; he crushes, annihilates, inundates. A less careful student might have answered Osler in a column of famous names of men over sixty. Colonel Henry takes no such slothful course. He delves into history, into poetry, into the high-ways and the by-ways of all literature, of all philosophy, of all fable and all fact. He emerges laden with flowers of light; he surrounds himself with an encyclopedical mist. He crumbles Osler on his thumb and blows him into space with a puff of rhetoric.

A sight of Colonel Henry is worth the price of admission. Taft would reach up for his handshake, cool himself in his shadow. Yet is he no mere fat man, no soft and yielding hill of meat. Colonel Henry is of steel construction, trimmed with springy muscles. He looms like a skyscraper and settles on his foundations like a monolith. Only his head is small, and that is a jewel casket, bright in hue itself and filled with rarest gems of most serenest rays. He is "mens sana in corpore immenso". Which is to say, he is "great".

It is not our rule to give editorial mention to theatrical attractions, but this is more than theatric. It is epic. This month we have entertained a big man. Next month, or thereabouts, a big man will entertain us. It is hats off to Schloss.

The detectives have been in Wilmington for six weeks, it is said. They must have had a dry time.

Wilmington may have a few blind tigers, but we are at least shorter on burglars than some other places.

In view of the troubles the sugar trust is experiencing, look for a sober winter in Washington.

The Japanese Army has been instructed in tactics which take no regard of defence. More than one rising sun of empire has gone under a cloud owing to a similar neglect.

A sugar trust official makes the statement that all the crooked acts of the sugar trust were inspired by the late Henry O. Havemeyer, and that "his death ended the dark days." If proof were needed that the "dark days" were not closed by Havemeyer's death, this statement alone would afford the evidence.

THE PEOPLE AND THE TIGER.

Acting on information furnished by private detectives employed by citizens in favor of law enforcement, the Wilmington police yesterday arrested ten persons on the charge of violating the prohibition law by illegal sales of whiskey.

Without passing before trial on the guilt or innocence of the defendants, we will say that an encouraging sign in these arrests is that some of those under charges are white men of sufficient means and prominence to make a vigorous defense. There is, in these exceptions, an invigorating variation from the customary police rule of arresting for violation of liquor laws only friendless criminals, so used to being harried by the authorities that they are all but complaisant under punishment. Such hypocritical police activity is exceedingly common in many better than thou places, which we might name. It means nothing in fact—nothing more in fact than the saloon practice, under license, of ferreting out "blind tigers" and giving them over to the law. It is nothing more nor less than a protection of the more prominent and more favored criminals against competition in their line.

Of course, there are many more than ten places in Wilmington where liquor is sold. They should all suffer indictment, and repeated indictment. The business should be made unprofitable from a financial point of view, as well as dangerous from the point of view of personal liberty of those engaging in it. Fully appreciating the difficulties in the way of securing evidence in any particular case, we declare it to be an absurd contention that the police are unable to fix guilt upon people engaged in a character of crime which is of common reputation and repute. When they contend that they cannot do so, they admit that they are prostituting the function for which they are created. The police are appointed to detect violation of law as well as to enforce the law. When they become deliberately blind to law violation, they become themselves violators of the law. Liquor selling is a misdemeanor, and in misdemeanors all engaged in their commission are principals. In every moral point of view, therefore, a policeman who ignores the crime which it is his duty to observe and punish by arrest is himself guilty of the crime itself.

The one regrettable feature about this departure toward law enforcement is that it was found necessary to employ detectives from a distance. It is humiliating that open crime can be suppressed only by the importation of men from abroad at the expense of private citizens. These citizens help to pay the police. Their demand that the law be enforced is a proper demand, which they as citizens are entitled to make of the municipality. The city and its agents, and not the private citizen, ought to be put to the necessary trouble and expense. Again, there is the suspicion that always rests upon a detective's testimony. It cannot be divorced from his interest, and the interest of his employment. The business itself is not one that inspires confidence. Such evidence is frequently, on account of the character of the witnesses, weak as dish water; on account of the reputation of detectives generally, it is never strong and fully satisfactory. Yet, (without some sort of plain clothes work, and unless the police lose the dignity of blue clothes and brass buttons sufficiently to do something more than attitudinize as street ornaments), there seems to be no recourse save the detective. The evidence of the man who buys from a blind tiger to satisfy his thirst and then turns informant is properly disgusting to the stomachs of honest men. The detective is a pill that is nauseus, but that seems to be necessary.

But, as we have before stated, the vital evil is not so much in the violation of the law; not so much, even in the men who violate the law, as it is in the fact that the mass of the people permit the law to be violated. It is theirs. It was they who made it. It is they who must enforce it. When it is flouted with their consent, knowledge and compliance, they convict themselves of hypocrisy and take a healthy stride toward a state of anarchy which to suggest would be to astound them.

Worry the "blind tiger," by all means; chase it out of its lair; set sleuths upon its track, but remember that the "blind-tiger" is not here of its own volition. It defies the law, it is true, but it defies it nowhere unless the people call it in to do the dirty work necessary to the satisfaction of their own unadmitted appetites and desires.

Here is the way Editor Reece, of the Greensboro Record, would solve the football problem: "One good rule in football would be to allow no one over five feet tall or over 15 years of age to play in a game. You can't easily kill one of these." Since the humanities sat down on cock-fighting in Guilford, it is evident that Col. Reece has been indulging his sporting instincts by watching the combats of the English sparrows.

EMPTYING DEATH'S QUIVER.

Pneumonia has shared with cancer the evil distinction of being among the very few deadly afflictions which have baffled medical science. In the case of consumption, although it, also, has failed to yield a germ susceptible of anti-toxic treatment, it has been found possible by care of the patient, by building him up in strength and tissue, to combat and even definitely to defeat the disease. Cancer, though most malignant in its advanced stages, is generally slow in development and, given a patient with courage and a will, even though incurable, leaves its victim many years of usefulness. But pneumonia, striking almost in an instant, has been left to run its short and largely fatal course practically unchecked by any positive action that science could take. It has been the enigma of disease,—fierce, uncontrollable, untranslatable.

On the heels of important discoveries in the case of cancer, come two independent announcements tending to show that pneumonia is another death-dealing malady to yield at last to the unsparing investigations of science. At Tuft's College the treatment has been the injection of a vaccine composed of sterilized pneumonia germs or pneumococci, and at Harvard an extract made of the white corpuscles of the blood. In both instances, the results were remarkably successful, cutting down to a minimum the deaths in all but the most desperate cases in which the treatment was tried. When the high death rate of pneumonia is considered, these results, although the treatments are not claimed to have been perfected, show that one of the remaining outposts of disease has fallen.

Aside from the value to the world of a specific for pneumonia, the Harvard treatment holds the imagination with its possibilities. The making of the corpuscle serum is the practical application of the theory of Metchnikoff, that the function of the white corpuscle—its chief use, in fact—is that of sentry and guard against the maladies that attack the body. If that be true, and the success in the case of pneumonia tends to show that it is, the world is possibly on the eve of a discovery that will not only revolutionize the treatment of disease, but may even revolutionize life itself. If, by the injection of intensified quantities of this prophylactic element of the blood, the human system may, as it were, be sterilized against the lodgment of disease germs generally, it takes a vivid imagination to even approximately measure the results upon the future of the race.

We will not fall into the easy speculation of the secret of eternal youth having been discovered in a laboratory instead of in a fairy country, however enticing that may be; but merely to contemplate the development of this idea of fundamentally reinforcing nature with nature's own chosen weapon of defense is so full of thought and so pregnant with possibility that we leave the case to our readers, confident that in their own minds they will vision forth for themselves the strange picture that paints itself ahead.

YOUTH.

Read this, a leading editorial in the Winston Journal, O ye who have forgotten hope in the practice of necessity, and bound ambition round with rusty hoops of dread routine. It is entitled "Night." Hear it, and hark back along the dusky lane of years to catch the whisper of your distant soul:

"The man who works on a morning newspaper sometimes has thoughts that are better expressed in the wee sma' hours of the night than in the big large hours of the day. When he thinks of the good time the other fellow is having at a show, in his automobile or in getting from nature the sleep and refreshment that are best secured at night, he fain would utter the thoughts that arise in him. When he broods over these things he is as near being a socialist or an archist as it is possible to be.

"But when he goes out on the quiet streets, he forgets these thoughts. Nature is so quiet and restful. Even the sizzling of the arc lights is music. Dogs that would not notice him in the day prance up to him, and play rings around him. The policeman's tattoo as he paces his beat echoes and re-echoes, and the sound is good to the ear. Occasionally nocturnal pedestrians pass him with a friendly greeting. Though thieves and robbers may be plying their trade under shelter of darkness, the newspaper man gets only friendly greetings from all creatures.

"Night is so different from the day. It seems to us that nature, people and things are at night what they should be at all time. It is all democracy. The dog, the tramp, the policeman, the newspaper man have a sort of fellow-feeling inspired by the mysteries around them. We night-hawks live in a great Utopia that is impossible for the man who works during the day to find. Blessed is the night."

Friendly! You "bet!". Ah, but 'tis fine to be young—not youngish—but young!

Collier's Weekly protests that it is not supporting the "Return from Elba" movement in behalf of Roosevelt. Score one for the new Napoleon.

An aeroplane was wrecked recently by its driver in making a sudden turn to avoid striking a baby. And there is no evidence that the child was a cherub, either.

THE "NEAR-BEER" PUZZLE.

Does the power to tax carry with it the power to destroy?

This, we take it, is the broad question upon the decision of which will rest the outcome of the "near-beer" case from Charlotte now before the Supreme Court. There are other interesting questions involved, but they are insignificant as compared with the fundamental one mentioned. Charlotte has taxed "near-beer", a harmless and insipid drink, by the imposition of a $1,000 yearly license for its sale. This, in addition to the $20 State tax, means, and is intended to mean, that its sale is to be prohibited. It is idle to suppose that the sale of "near-beer", even in the most enthusiastically thirsty and otherwise "dry" community, could be made profitable to a degree to stand such a burden. The question is then resolved to the point where the exercise of the taxing power is brought into review. Is it absolute? Is it unlimited?

This "near-beer" case is doubly important, as fixing for all time the policy of the State courts with respect to municipal taxation, and as determining whether the Anti-Saloon League will throw its powerful influence into further attempt at liquor legislation. If "near-beer" is to be subject to prohibitive tax, there is no way out of the difficulty but that any and all other beverages will be in the same case. Bananas, cigars, machine needles, or what not, will all be sold, necessarily, at the option of the municipal authorities, absolutely, and not otherwise. Nor can the case be bettered by resort to the broad term of "police powers". For, under the laws prohibitory of the sale of intoxicating liquors, "near-beer" has a clean bill of health. It contains no more alcohol than numerous fountain drinks. Beside it, butter-milk is a most potent beverage. There is nothing in its nature or consistency to found the principle of the exercise of the police power, that it is necessarily dangerous in itself and subject to control.

If, then, the Supreme Court shall uphold the ancient principle that the power to tax does, in fact, carry the power to destroy, the door will be open to every species of petty blackmail by corrupt boards of aldermen. It will need only that any business shall be profitable for the threat of the possible prohibitive tax to levy upon that prosperity. It will need only that some man engaged in a peculiar business incur the enmity of municipal authority, and his business will be wiped off the face of the earth. It will need only that foreign capital, or corporate enterprise, incur the prejudice of a community for the community to wreak its vengeance under the form of law.

On the other hand, if the tax be not upheld, it means the instant incorporation of thousands upon thousands of drinking places throughout the State, with the usual display of a dozen "near-beer" bottles on the shelves and the usual refrigerators full of real beer under the shelves; and, with the excuse of "near-beer" dealing, it will mean the multiplication and the practical immunity from detection of the already numerous "blind tigers".

These are the horns of the dilemma with which the Supreme Court is called upon to deal. It is a serious question and one calling for the wisest exercise of judicial discretion. But, even if the case goes against Charlotte, we cannot see but that any "legislation" will be a vain thing. Surely it is not yet competent for the Legislature to prohibit the sale of something which has no vice in itself. To prohibit the sale of "near-beer" and permit the sale of cider, for instance, would be the grossest discrimination, principle considered. Would it not be the wiser course to leave this whole matter to the cities and towns, whatever the decision of the court shall be, and to leave it to the municipalities, after they have granted the "near-beer" licenses, to see that the license is not made the cloak for the sale of something else? The vice, after all, is not in "near-beer", but in the use made of the privilege of selling it. Little "near-beer" is sold in the State. The sale of real beer is already illegal, and the matter of those dealing in it in violation of law is one for the towns and cities to deal with—unless, in the pursuit of the ends of folly, the State be committed to the establishment of a special constabulary to keep the cities in line with their duty.

The tigers were blind to the detectives.

If Raleigh doesn't quit its attitude of surprise at the Sunday completion of that theatre, it will convince the State that it has just experienced its first attack of being busy.

LANCASTER WILLIAMS THE MAN?

Young Receiver Mentioned For Seaboard Presidency.

(Portsmouth Star.)

The special committee from the directors of the Seaboard Air Line Railway did not meet in New York on yesterday as was expected to name the officers of the company, and there is no question but what no one has as yet been definitely determined upon as president.

Many names, it is said, have been suggested, but the committee is unable to agree upon any one of them. What the committee is looking for is an operating officer who understands the sentiment of the Southern people. These are the people who provide the traffic, and a practical Southern operating man is what they want if he can be secured. The name of R. Lancaster Williams is now coming in for consideraable mention. The capable judgment shown by him during his career as receiver commends him to the directors for the presidency. Just when the committee will meet is now problematic. Some say the selection will be made on November 24, but it is not probable there will be a meeting until a majority of the committee decide upon an acceptable man.

At the annual meeting of the stock holders of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad on yesterday Messrs. L. F. Loree and Norman B. Ream were elected directors. They are also directors in the Seaboard. Judge Robert S. Lovett was elected on the Baltimore and Ohio board of directors to represent the late E. H. Harriman. Judging from a distance, the relations between the Seaboard interests and the Baltimore and Ohio interests in the North and the Harriman interests in the South are going to be very close in the future.

CURRENT COMMENT.

A man who had never heard of Congress turned up in Chicago seeking citizen papers. If he had heard of Aldrich and Uncle Joe it might do.—Durham Sun.

Governor Willson must have forgotten the fact that a man who kills in defense of his life and home needs no pardon. To give immunity for any killing not proved to be such is but adding to the anarchy he so loudly proclaims he would put down.—Goldsboro Argus.

The Statesville Landmark and the Salisbury Post unite in expressions of surprise that Editor Wade H. Harris of the Evening Chronicle made such a good speech at the Wilmington press banquet last week. They did not know him as an orator, but might have taken it for granted that a newspaper man of his parts could make a pretty fair pass at almost anything.—Charlotte Observer.

When we think of our good friend, J. Elwood Cox, in connection with the important Federal appointment he was to get through Mr. Duncan and other influential North Carolina Republicans, and see how these influences are taking care first to provide for themselves, we are forcibly reminded of the old negro song—"Oh, Lawd, mam, look at Sam; Eatin' all de meat and soppin' out de pan."—Greensboro Record.

Rev. John L. White, of Greensboro, now conducting a revival service in Raleigh, stirred quite a sensation Sunday night by attacking the management of the New Grand Theatre for having carpenters and other workmen at work putting the finishing touches on the place, during Sunday. While the charge apparently, is true, yet it is explained that the work was being done in order that the opening performance might be given as advertised. Without upholding the hands of either side, we might ask, was there necessity for the work to be done? Was the ox in the mire, is so, we are commanded to pull him out.—Newbern Sun.

An interesting instance of ignorance of the Bible is going the rounds of the secular press. A subscriber of the Philadelphia Press inquires of that paper for information concerning a book which describes the adventures of one Joseph who was sold into Egypt by his brothers. She had read the narrative years ago and wishes now to renew the acquaintance. The Washington Herald remarks: "The republication of this ancient but still moving tale of adventure, with due credit to its source, might stir the blood of many placid readers. DeFoe, nor yet Stevenson, never exceeded its interest."—Biblical Recorder.

In estimating the loss to the country through tuberculosis, crime, hookworm, presidential campaigns, etc., has it ever occurred to anybody what a terrible waste of pressure there is always in the dank bosom of the ocean buried? Think of the waterworks that could be run with that pressure annually, and the pumps and the machinery, and the pressing clubs! And think of the unused salt buried there in the sea, at five cents a boxful. And the fish! And the loss of labor of the men who might have caught those fish! People have hardly begun to realize what millions are being wasted annually—always annually, of course.—Greensboro Argus.

In explanation of the fact that a convict pardoned by the Governor was turned loose on the streets Sunday with his stripes on Sheriff Jones says it was unavoidable. He had been sent back to jail, being sick, and his clothes were left at the convict camp. The sheriff wanted him to wait until Monday when he would have purchased a suit for him, but the negro, his name was Thompson, knew of his pardon and would not wait, so that there was nothing left but let him out. However, the man got what he wanted; people passing along the street chipped in money and he was given a ticket to Jacksonville, Fla., and a few dollars over to use on the way. All the same there should be some way to prevent turning a convict loose with his stripes on, pardon or no pardon.—Greensboro Record.

The Baltimore Sun has discovered the handwriting on the wall, although it is making a brave fight against the crusade of Mother Thatcher, of New Jersey, against the frying pan. It admits that "when the odor of burnt bacon and greasy bread floats over a household the home is doomed," and that "scorched steak has driven many a husband to drink," but it insists that broiled Virginia ham and friend chickens must stay. We might be willing to compromise on broiled ham and friend chicken, but all the rest of the indigestible things that are turned out by the frying pan should be prohibited by law. William Allen White, of Kansas, has proved that the frying pan was at the bottom of all the troubles of "bleeding Kansas," and that fried bacon, fried fritters and fried everything else that the people of that Commonwealth use has made them a most indigestible folk wholly unfit for association with the people of the civilized States of this country. We believe that even the greasers down in Texas would be able to forego the frying pan if by so doing they could have the State of Kansas excluded from the Union. But this is a question in which all the people of the country, and particularly the people of the South ought to be interested, and the day has passed when we can palter with the frying pan.—Charleston News and Courier.

A Scalded Boy's Shrieks.
horrified his grandmother, Mrs. Maria Taylor, of Nebo, Ky., who writes that, when all thought he would die, Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured him. Infallible for burns, scalds, cuts, corns, wounds, bruises. Cures fever-sores, boils, skin eruptions, chilblains, chapped hands. Soon routs piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy.

Come now—for Linens

Annual Thanksgiving Linen Sale

Substantial Savings on Damasks, Pattern Cloths, Table Cloths, Napkins, Fancy Linens, Etc.

Sale Begins Monday, Nov. 15th

The season's greatest bargain-buying, value-getting and money-saving opportunity on linens of virtually every description for Thanksgiving use is presented now in this timely event. We include our entire stock of worthy linens in pursuance of our custom to reduce prices on Thanksgiving Linens each year.

Whatever your linen needs may be—you can supply them at this Sale for far less money than you'd have to pay anywhere else for linens so good. There are all sorts of table linens, napkins, cloths, damasks, fancy linens, towels, etc.

In all cases quality is up to the very highest standard.

Here in item form we tell you of the splendid savings we have provided in this timely and helpful sale. Figure out your needs. Thanksgiving is not very far off, and supply them now for less than you'll have to pay at any other time.

39c Table Linens, big Variety of Patterns 2, 2 1-2 and 3 yard pieces. This Week the yard.....25c
50c Table Linens, asst. Patterns. This Sale the yard.....39c
75c Table Linen This Sale the yard.....59c
85c Table Linens. This sale the yard.....69c
$1.50 fine all linen 72 inch wide. This Sale the yard.....$1.19
$1.25 Linen 90 inch wide. This Sale the yard....98c
Plain and Fringed Napkins. This Sale the doz..50c
$1.25 Plain Linen Doylies asst. patterns. This Sale the doz.....98c
$3.00 Linen Doylies. This Sale the doz.....$2.48
$3.50 Linen Doylies to match table linen. This Sale the doz.....$2.98
25c Linen Towels. This Sale each.....19c
Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bed Spreads are also included in the sale.

Red and White Sweaters, $1.98—$2.50—$3.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Automobile Rain-proof Coats, a good variety of sizes and styles.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

YOU cant be better dressed than we'll dress you, no matter where you go, or in what company you appear. There are no clothes in the world so good in quality, tailoring, style as our special selections in

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes. We have all the preparations made to supply you with dress clothes, evening and dinner suits; Prince Alberts; cutaway frocks; the very latest models. We'll satisfy your needs also in fine overcoats for business or dress; and everyday suits of all styles.

JOHN B. STETSON HATS

HOLEPROOF SOX

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OIL TREATMENT OF ROADS

Experiment to be Begun in This County Today—Section of Wrightsville Turnpike From Market Street to Delgado.

An experiment that is highly important to the county and State in the solution of the macadam road problem will be undertaken by the New Hanover Board of Commissioners pursuant to action taken at the regular monthly meeting on Monday two weeks ago.

Reference is to the treatment of the macadam roads of the county with an asphalt road oil, which is highly endorsed after exhaustive tests, both for surface sprinkling and as a binding material to prevent disintegration in use about which there has been so much complaint all over the country where this system of thoroughfare building has been undertaken to any extent, especially since the advent of the automobile. Pursuant to the action Monday two weeks ago, Road Commissioner McEachern has purchased at a cost of 3c per gallon, a tank car of 10,000 galons of the asphalt road oil manufactured by the Standard Oil Company, and in co-operation with Local Manager Hazelton, this will be put in use today as an experiment on the section of the Wrightsville turnpike from 17th and Market streets to Delgado. If the experiment is successful—and the producers of this material claim that it is already beyond the experimental stage—it is certain that all the roads of the county and perhaps many of the macadam streets of the city will be treated with a similar dressing. In order to make the test the Standard Oil Co., furnished from its Baltimore office, specially adapted apparatus for applying the oil and this has been attached to an old street sprinkler that will be put on the work for the present. First the road will be swept clean and put in as nearly perfect condition as possible after which two applications of the oil will be made. While the experiment is being made the Commissioners give official notice that the road will be closed to traffic but the Castle street extension may be used instead and the public will be put to little inconvenience. It is estimated that the work will require only about three days with a limited force working under the direction of Chairman McEachern and Mr. Hazelton.

The asphalt oil costs 3c per gallon and it is estimated that one-half gallon will be required per square yard, the cost being less than $100 per mile.

APPEAL TO LOCAL CITIZENS.

Red Cross Society Will Aid Sufferers From Mine Disaster.

The National Red Cross Society has issued a general appeal for funds for the relief of the suffering families of the 500 miners who met death in the awful mine disaster at Cherry, Ill., several days ago. The citizens of this city are given an opportunity to contribute through the Wilmington Sub-Division of the national organization. The following appeal was issued by the local society yesterday morning:

"To the General Public: In Behalf of suffering humanity, the poor widows and orphans rendered destitute by the terrible mine disaster at Cherry, Ill., the Red Cross Society of Wilmington asks for contributions for their benefit. Any amount will be gratefully received and promptly forwarded, and deeply appreciated. Remittances are asked to be made to Mrs. E. L. Prince, the treasurer, No. 211 South Fifth street. By order of the president, Mrs. Allan Nichols. Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, secretary.'

CRIPPLES IN LOCK-UP.

Drunkenness the Charge—One Hurt by Fall on Streets.

Clarence Ball and Tom McDonald, one-legged white men, who arrived here a few days ago and have been begging about the streets, are in the city prison to await a hearing before the Recorder today on the charge of drunkenness. One of them, Clarence Ball, has an ugly wound under his chin, which was caused by a fall against the curb-stone at the southeast corner of Second and Market streets about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. An automobile and delivery wagon stopped at the corner and scores of people thought that there had been a collision in which a man was injured and a great crowd soon gathered. Dr. C. P. Bolles, Jr., was called and after examining the wounded man instructed that he be sent to the hospital. After the wound was dressed and the necessary stitches taken Ball was carried back to the City Hall.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Several Minor Cases For His Honor yesterday Morning.

The Recorder had several cases of minor importance for his consideration yesterday morning. Sam Rivenbark, a half-witted young white man, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing two crates of eggs from Glisson's store on Monday night. The Recorder reserved his decision until today. S. C. Cooper, colored, was acquitted of the charge of stealing some money from Henry MacRae, a one-legged colored man, who had to pay a fine of $5 and costs for drunkenness. Lizzie Flowers, colored, was assessed $5 and costs for disorderly conduct. Richard Stanley and Robert Nelson, colored, drivers of coal carts for the Springer Coal Company, were fined $5 each and costs for fast driving. Joe Eagles, colored, was required to pay $5 and costs for drunkenness. Two sailors were convicted of drunkenness and let off with costs.

Contractor Gurley Arrives.

Mr. J. M. Gurley, member of the firm of J. W. Gurley & Co., of Mobile, Ala., which has the contract for the construction work of the pipe system of the waterworks plant, has arrived in the city, and is ready to begin work when the materials arrives. He will employ about 100 laborers and they will be secured here. About 30 horses and ten wagons will be required. The laborers will be paid

INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY

Ninth Annual Meeting Held Last Night—Officers and Directors Elected—Most Satisfactory Year's Operations.

The ninth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Independent Ice Company, one of Wilmington's largest and most progressive industrial enterprises, was held last night at the office of the president, Mr. J. A. Springer, there having been an unusually large attendance with the greatest enthusiasm.

Colonel Walker Taylor presided at the meeting and Mr. D. H. Penton, the secretary, kept a record of the proceedings. The committee to verify proxies reported that 1,867 shares were represented in person out of a total of 2,000, and the meeting was immediately declared open for business. With the report of the president, Mr. J. A. Springer, the stockholders discussed with much satisfaction the various details of the operations the past year, which were successful in every respect. The company owns three large and modernly equipped plants with a daily capacity of 175 tons per day, the Wilmington plants alone having a capacity of more than 40,000 tons per annum, besides a capacity of some 20,000 tons from the factory at Chadbourn.

The stockholders were very much gratified at the report of the past year's business and expressed pleasure at the outlook for the future. The president announced that the company proposed to continue its best efforts along the lines of quality and public service in every possible manner and that the outlook was most favorable for another successful year's operations. The company has a capital stock of $200,000 fully paid in and owns perhaps the most complete and valuable ice property in the State, enjoying a large business with the Armour Car lines for the refrigeration of the truck and strawberry crops, all in addition to a large local consumption and a trade extending all over this section of North Carolina and adjacent territory in South Carolina. Its affairs are wisely and conservatively managed and it is indeed an enterprise of which the city may feel proud.

The stockholders elected the following directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. J. A. Springer, Wm. E. Springer, L. H. Simmons, D. H. Penton, W. G. Whitehead, R. W. Wallace, W. E. Perdew, Marcus W Jacobi, Colonel Walker Taylor, N. B. Rankin, W. Van Haram, R. F. Warren, D. C. Love, J. J. Hopkins and Henry C. Bear. These are among Wilmington's most influential and progressive business men who give the affairs of the company their personal attention.

After the adjournment of the stockholders the newly elected Board of Directors met and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Mr. J. A. Springer, president and treasurer; Mr. William E. Springer, vice president; Mr. L. H. Simmons, general manager, and Mr. D. H. Penton, secretary.

INGENIOUS FARM INVENTION.

W. I. Hall ,of Rose Hill, Secures What Seems Valuable Patent.

Mr. W. I. Hall, a farmer of Rose Hill, has invented and had patented what appears to be a most useful farm implement, especially for use in this section, where peas are grown between the rows of corn.

Mr. Hall's invention is called a "Vine Mower," and its purpose is to be run between the corn rows and cut the hay, which may afterwards be gathered readily. The distinctive features of the mower are that it was but one wheel, attached to handles like those of a plow, upon which are geared the blades, one lateral and the other vertical, which are placed in front of the wheel. By these means, the mower, which is drawn by one horse, can be inclined so as to cut the hay on the uneven sides of the row, or it can be easily tilted so as to lift the blades over any obstruction. The use of the lateral blade is to mow the hay, while the vertical blade separates the rambling vines from the corn, leaving them cut in lengths in the row ready for gathering.

On account of the difficulty and cost of cutting much valuable hay is lost by farmers, which could be saved with the use of Mr. Hall's invention. The mower, a model of which is on exhibition at Mr. W. B. Cooper's office can be put on the market at a moderate price and seems to ingeniously fill a very real agricultural need.

KAINIT FROM HAMBURG.

Steamer Comes to Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.—Pyrites Cinders.

The arrival yesterday of the British steamer Selma, Capt. Lord, with part cargo of kainit from Hamburg for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, is among the first to arrive since the dispute among the fertilizer interests of this country and Germany over the mines. The Selma discharged part of her cargo at Norfolk. The vessel is to Heide & Co.

It has recently been discovered that pyrites cinders, the by-product from fertilizer manufacture, can be utilized in a most profitable way in smelting silver and copper ores. A factory has been established at Charleston, the first in the South, where the cinders are also used for making iron. The fertilizer factories here are interested in this recent discovery, which enables them to dispose of their pyrites cinders in a profitable manner.

Forced Into Exile.

Wm. Upchurch, of Glen Oak, Okla., was an exile from home. Mountain air, he thought, would cure a frightful lung-racking cough that had defied all remedies for two years. After six months he returned, death dogging his steps. "Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery," he writes, "and after taking six bottles I am as well as ever." It saves thousands yearly from desperate lung diseases. Infallible for coughs and colds, it dispels hoarseness and sore throat. Cures grip, bronchitis, hemorrhages, asthma, croup, whooping cough. 50c and $1.00, trial bottle free; guaranteed

SCHOONER IS FAST ASHORE

Four-Masted Vessel in Threatening Position on Frying Pan Shoals—Tugs and Cutters to the Rescue.

With a southwest wind blowing 30 miles an hour and an unusually rough sea running, a four-masted schooner, name unknown, presumably with cargo, lies ashore on Frying Pan shoals near the Knuckle buoy, in a dangerous position, and out of reach of immediate assistance by tugs on account of the heavy swell.

Distress signals from the vessel were sighted yesterday morning about 8 o'clock at Oak Island Life Saving Station and during the day efforts were made to reach her and take off the crew, but these efforts proved to no avail at last accounts. Soon after the vessel in distress was discovered the pilots at Southport were notified by telephone and the tug Blanche, Capt. Fred Dosher, having in tow the life saving boat, went seaward for a few miles, but being unable to withstand the weather, was forced to return.

Capt. Dosher communicated with Mr. R. R. Stone from Southport and told of the rough sea and position of the vessel, which he thought would be battered to pieces against the rocks and the crew lost unless immediate assistance could be given.

The schooner's serious plight was learned of by Lieut. Whittier, in command of the revenue cutter Seminole, through Mr. Stone, and the cutter was made ready at once to render assistance. The Seminole left yesterday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock and probably steamed seaward last night. If the weather was found unfavorable to attempt the trip the cutter remained at the Cape Fear bar last night in readiness to proceed this morning. It was the intention of Lieut. Whittier, if conditions made it advisable, to steam to a position near the disabled schooner and be ready to give assistance at daylight this morning.

The schooner is ashore within a short distance of the position where a three-master foundered and sank last Spring. However, the weather conditions were not as bad at that time and the crew was safely taken off by the life savers.

The tug Sea King, Capt. Williams, also hurried to Southport yesterday to be in position to go outside if conditions are favorable this morning.

SEABOARD IMPROVEMENTS.

Reports of Notable Improvements in Facilities.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer has the following of local interest:

A number of reports have been circulating for several weeks in regard to extensive improvements which the officials of the Seaboard Air Line Railroad have in mind to go into effect after the first of the year and while no verification of the rumors can be obtained here, it is believed that an element of truth abounds in them. It has been said that a large number of new locomotives have been purchased to be installed January 1 on this road's lines through the South and some of them for the local division. It is not doubted but that other improvements will be made in the facilities for transporting both passengers and freight traffic since the road has again got back on its feet.

The Seaboard, through its affiliation with the new Clinchfield, Carolina & Ohio Railway Company, has come into possession of notably increased freight business in this section, carrying a large amount of the coal that the C., C. & O. line transport to the eastern markets of this State and to the coast at Wilmington. This heavy hauling is said to necessitate some improvements in the facilities for freight traffic and it is ,therefore, presumed that the local division of the road will not be passed over when it comes to assigning the new locomotives and transportation cars which have been ordered.

The reported collusion between the Seaboard and the Baltimore & Ohio road which is now going the rounds, will also tend to demand better facilities for the Southern road. Such a combination of interests will greatly enlarge its traffic business as it will also assist in throwing upon the B. & O. additional Southern business. Since escaping from the hands of its receivers, the Seaboard seems to be on the highway to greater accomplishments in the transportation business of the section of the country whose interests it best subserves.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Prayer Services Last Night—Junior Basket Ball League.

The prayer services at the Y. M. C. A. last night was led by Mr. W. R. Taylor, who made a helpful address on the subject of the day, "The Church Brotherhood and Kindred Organizations of Christian Men." Special prayer was offered for the young men of Asia. There was a large attendance.

A very interesting meeting was held at the A. C. L. shops yesterday, the address being made by Mr. H. G. Bowden, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

The Junior Department of the Y. M. C. A. has about completed the enrollment of the basket ball league. Twenty names were required and 18 have already been secured. Any young men belonging to this department and any desiring to join the league should call up the office and give their names.

Successful Fishing Expedition.

Rev. R. W. Hogue, formerly of this city, but now of Chapel Hill, and Mr. W. N. Harriss, Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court, returned late yesterday afternoon from a most successful fishing expedition of two days. They had good luck with the finny tribe and the outing was most enjoyable in every way. Mr. Hogue arrived here Sunday night and left Monday for the fishing grounds and returned last night to Chapel Hill.

YOUR CAKE IS ALL DOUGH or at least it might as well be unless you use

WILMINGTON CONVOCATION

Regular Quarterly Meeting Held With St. John's Church Yesterday—Encouraging Reports and Inspiring Addresses.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Convocation of Wilmington was held yesteday with St. John's Episcopal church and was pronounced a most successful gathering in every respect. The business session was held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at which most encouraging reports of the missionary work of the Convocation were received and last night a service was held in the interest of the Laymen's Forward Movement.

The Convocation began with Holy Communion at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, celebrated by the Rev. Dr. James Carmichael, the venerable rector emeritus of St. John's Church, assisted by Rev. W. E. Cox, the rector. After the prayer service at 11 o'clock, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' church, preached a very strong missionary sermon, using as his text, "God So Loved the World," with emphasis on the last word.

At the business session at 3 o'clock, a number of interesting reports of the missionary work in the Convocation were received. Of special interest was the report of Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, who has nine mission points and is about ready to take seven more in adjacent territory. He told of the needs and possibilities of the field and his remarks were of an inspiring nature. The dean of the Convocation, Rev. Isaac Wayne Hughes, formerly of Fayetteville, now of Henderson, had tendered his resignation on removal from the Diocese, and Rev. Dr. James Carmichael and Rev. A. W. Seabrease were appointed a special committee to draft resolution expressing the regret of the Convocation over losing him as a member. Rev. T. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, was nominated as dean in place of Mr. Hughes. Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, was elected secretary and treasurer, which office has been held by Rev. T. P. Noe. Rev. W. E. Cox made a report of his mission at Lumberton; Rev. Edward Wootten of the several missions under his charge, and Rev. T. P. Noe of his mission at Burgaw. The church at Burgaw is nearing completion.

At 4 o'clock the women of the various parishes of the city held a meeting in the Parish House with Mrs. James Carmichael, president of St. John's Woman's Auxiliary, presiding. There were present representatives from each of the parishes of the city. The feature of the meeting was an address by Miss Emma J. Hall, of Charlotte, in behalf of the Thompson Orphanage, Charlotte. She made a special plea for new and modern building and aroused much enthusiasm among the women here, who already feel a deep interest in the work. Several local women delivered interesting and helpful addresses.

"The Laymen's Forward Movement in the Diocese" was extensively and interestingly discussed at the night service which began at 8 o'clock. The opening address was by Rev. Walter R. Noe, of Clinton, who stated some of the needs and opportunities of the movement in his field, which embraces all of the towns on the Coast Line between Wilmington and Wilson except Goldsboro. His address was full of encourageing information of the opportunities waiting and showed that the great need of the movement is the means of entering the open door. He was followed by Mr. J. Allen Taylor, chairman of the Laymen's Forward Movement for the Wilmington Convocation, speaking of the movement from a layman's standpoint—the business side of the question. He made the point that a man's religion was without value unless it produced results; if it is a real asset of character and life it is of value. Major B. R. Huske, of Fayetteville, also a member of the committee, spoke from the same standpoint. He said among many other things that the laymen must furnish the means for the ministers to carry on the work of spreading the Gospel already undertaken and that which it is proposed to do. Colonel F. C. James made a short address in which he expressed himself as being heartily in favor of the movement and ready to give his best efforts. Impromptu remarks being called for, Colonel W. F. Robertson, of St. James' Parish, and Mr. H. G. Smallbones, senior warden of St. John's Parish, responded briefly but interestingly.

At the conclusion of the addresses representatives of the various parishes expressed the belief that their parishes would meet their proportionate part of the $4,000 which it is proposed to raise this year for the movement. This is about three times as much as the Convention raised for this purpose last year.

The meeting was a most successful one in every sense of the word and those who attended feel that they are better prepared to carry on the work.

ALICE IN WONDERLAND.

Big Musical Extravaganza by W. L. I. Nov. 30th and Dec. 1st.

Wilmington theatre-goers are promised one of the largest amateur musical comedies ever produced in this city. Col. John F. Bragg and an accomplished corps of professional directors with full costume equipment to stage the city's most accomplished amateurs. Arrangements for this large production are now in full blast and as it will take at least 400 persons to place this attraction on the stage, all persons in sympathy with the movement are asked to give the W. L. I. their heartiest support to make it a success by offering their services as actors or actresses. The following ladies have consented to assist the company and will chaperone all practices: Mesdames Nichols, Martin, Wise, Higgins, Metts, Watters and Pritchard.

Practices commence today at the W. L. I. armory at 3 and 8 o'clock and the Light Infantry requests that their friends attend one of these practices.

Malaria Makes Pale Sickly Children. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For

CITIZENS AFTER THE "TIGERS"

Independent Movement For Law Enforcement Results in Wholesale Arrests For Violations of Prohibition Law—Action.

As the result of an independent movement inaugurated several weeks ago by a number of leading citizens of Wilmington, who realized the absolute impossibility of dealing effectively with the situation with a uniformed police, something in the nature of a sensation to the uninitiated was sprung early yesterday afternoon by the arrest of ten or more "near-beer" dealers and others charged with violation of the prohibition law.

The arrests were made by the police in quick succession, following a conference at the City Hall between City Attorney Herbert McClammy, J. O. Carr, Esq., ccunsel for the citizens' committee; Chief of Police N. J. Williams, Recorder John J. Furlonfi. Mayor MacRae and others, the warrants then and there having been sworn out upon information and belief furnished the officers upon which to base the affidavits. These warrants, with one exception where the defendant was out of the city, were placed in the hands of the police and the arrests were made in all parts of town almost simultaneously. It is understood that the evidence upon which the prosecution will rest the cases has been gathered during the past two or three weeks by detectives from a regularly organized agency in Baltimore, all the allegations of sale being to one C. E. Everett, who was brought here to work up the cases.

Those arrested, by whom arrested and the date of some of the alleged sales are as follows: Melvin Horne, who conducts refreshment parlors and pool rooms at 123 Princess street, by Patrolman Leon George, for alleged sale October 23rd; Julius Murray, colored barber, Southern building, by Patrolman W. R. Applebury, alleged sale November 1st; Bruce Walker, colored barber, employe of Muray; by Officer Applebury, alleged sale November 11th; William Sheehan, grocer, 1121 Market street, by Patrolman M. A. Jones, alleged sale, November 9th; D. Ruark, clerk for Lewis Capps, by Officer M. A. Jones, alleged sale October 27th; J. Wynne, near beer saloon, on Water street, between Princess and Market streets, by Patrolman C. E. Wood, alleged sale November 9th; Jim Brown, colored, who works with Mr. Wynne, by Patrolman C. E. Wood; W. B. Crumpler, Front and Orange streets, groceryman, surendered at hall; W. G. Runge, proprietor of Speedway Inn, near Delgado, by Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox; Herbert Steljes, groceryman at Sixth and Castle streets, by Patrolman M. L. Moore. All gave bond in the sum of $200 dollars each, except Jim Brown, colored, with the following as sureties: William Sheehan and Melvin Horne, John W. Gafford, surety; Julius Murray, George Rountree, Esq., surety; Bruce Walker, Julius Murray, surety; D. Ruark and W. B. Crumpler, John W. Capps surety; J. Wynne, M. L. Starkey surety; W. G. Runge, E .A. Todd surety; Herbert Steljes, his brother, Albert Steljes, surety.

The warrant against Mr. Runge was given to Sheriff Cowan as Mr. Runge's place of business was beyond the city limits. It was promptly served by Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox. The police got busy with the warrants given them and within three hours nine alleged "tigers" were taken to head quarters.

The Citizens' Movement.

Feeling convinced that the prohibition law was being flagrantly violated in Wilmington and having been reliably informed that the city and county executives were not provided with the funds for any vigorous campaign against the dispensers of the ardent, a number of prominent citizens, some members of the Law and Order League, have held several meetings during the past few weeks. They resolved to take the enforcement of the law in their own hands, in the emergency and they went down in their pockets and subscribed liberally to a fund to ferret out and prosecute the "tigers." Two detectives, one of them C. E. Everett, were brought here and put to work. They arrived something like two weeks ago. While the detectives were running down the "tigers" they were themselves being closely watched by police officers as suspicious persons, but this did not retard in their work.

It was stated yesterday that the action of the citizens came as a result of the refusal of the Board of Audit and Finance to make an appropriation to pay detectives to work up whiskey cases on the ground that it was the business of the State and county authorities to see that the prohibition law was enforced. The citizens talked to the sheriff and he stated that he had no appropriation for this kind of work. The Mayor had his policemen and the Sheriff his deputies, but it was realized as an exceedingly hard matter for an officer of the law to secure personally sufficient evidence to base a charge of selling whiskey. No well regulated "blind tiger" is going to sell to a man whose duty it is to see that the law is enforced, they said. This was the position in which those who wanted the law enforced found themselves. According to one of them, it was either put up the money or let "blind tigers" continue to operate and multiply and go unmolested. They decided upon the former course. It is learned from the best of authority that the fight has only begun; that the men who are behind the movement to enforce the prohibition law are men of means who propose to spend liberally in an attempt to stamp out the evil. They have, it is understood, adopted plans other than those disclosed by the arrests yesterday and that they propose to attack the "enemy" in every conceivable way. There are several cases against many of the defendants arrested yesterday afternoon.

In conversation with a Star representative yesterday afternoon Mr. William Sheehan, one of the defendants, stated that he would prove at the trial that his store was closed on November 9th, the day of the alleged sale, and that he was a passenger on the steamer Wilmington in the wake of the Seminole bearing the Presidential party down the river. He says further that he can account for all of his movements on that day. He was highly indignant that he should have been arrested on any such charge.

The cases will be called for trial in the Recorder's court this morning, and will be stubbornly fought on both sides, it is expected. The citizens behind the prosecution will be represented by Herbert McClammy and J. O. Carr, Esqs , two of the best known and most prominent members of the local bar, while the defendants will be represented by a brilliant array of counsel. Developments are being watched with much interest by the people at large, irrespective of their views on the prohibition question.

Intimidating Witnesses Charged.

Mr. Sheehan, one of the defendants, created an abundance of excitement about 9 o'clock last night by attempting to communicate with the two detectives where they are boarding on Front, between Grace and Walnut streets. It appears that he went to the house where he had been informed the two detectives were staying and demanded to see them. Scenting trouble, police headquarters were communicated with and a number of policemen were on the scene in a jiffy. Some one called the Mayor over the telephone and told him that a great crowd had gathered and were preparing for an attack on the detective-witnesses. He came down town in a hurry, summoning a number of citizens as he came. The police were able to cope with the situation, however, and the services of the citizens were not needed. Mr. Sheehan was taken to the City Hall, where he was told that he would have to give $500 bond or go to jail. He vowed that he would not give the bond and was sent to the county jail, where he remained until 11 o'clock, when the bond was given with Mr. M. L. Starkey as surety. Mr. Sheehan is charged with intimidating witnesses. The two detectives remained with Chief of Police N. J. Williams on the streets for a long while after the Sheehan incident, but no one attempted to molest them.

POSTAL EXAMINATIONS.

Sixteen Applicants for Positions of Clerks and Carriers.

The annual examination for positions for clerks and mail carriers in the Wilmington postoffice was given yesterday to 16 applicants by the local examining board in the United States court room. This is about the average number to stand this examination. The board is composed of Messrs. T. L. Vines, W. G. A. Otersen and J. D. Doscher, Jr. The examination papers have been forwarded to Washington to be examined and the Civil Service Commission will announce later the successful applicants.

Another examination is announced for Dec. 15th, in this city, to fill a vacancy in the position of stenographer in the office of the Collector of Customs.

Charged With Stealing Bike.

Howard Watters, colored, was arrested late yesterday afternoon on the charge of stealing a bicycle from Mr. E. R. Pickard a few days ago. He was locked up in default of bond. It was stated last night that Mr. Pickard had recovered parts of the stolen bicycle.

DISCUSSED CIVIC WELFARE.

Officers Elected by Municipal League and Civic Association.

Cincinnati, Nov. 17.—With the election of officers by the National Municipal League and the American Civic Association today, both bodies got down to discussion of many problems affecting the civic welfare.

At the forenoon session of the Municipal League a lively debate was precipitated by a paper by Arthur H. Woods, New York ,in which it was held that civil service had not promoted efficiency in the police department. Richard Henry Dana, Massachusetts, was one of those who dissented from Mr. Wood's view.

Officers were elected by the National Municipal League as follows: President, Charles J. Bonaparte, Baltimore; vice president, A. Lawrence Lowell, Harvard University; George McCaney, New York; Charles Richardson, Philadelphia; George W. Guthrie, Pittsburg; Walter L. Fisher, Chicago; Henry L. McCune, Kansas City, Mo., and Thomas W. Strong, Portland, Ore.; treasurer, George Burnham, Jr., Philadelphia; secretary, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia.

J. Horace McFarland was re-elected president and Richard Watrous, both of Harrisburg, Pa., secretary, of the American Civic Association.

The other officers elected were: Vice presidents, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia; James R. Garfield, Cleveland; Rev. John Wesley Hill, New York; W. W. Hannan, Detroit; George W. Martson, San Diego, Cal.; Mrs. Edward W. Biddle, Carlisle, Pa. Treasurer, W. B. Howland, New York;

Tonight a joint banquet was held by the two associations.

THE CARNEGIE FOUNDATION.

Successors to Dr. Eliot and Holt Hughes Are Elected.

New York, Nov. 17.—Retirement of Charles W. Eliot, former president of Harvard University, from the board of trustees of the Carnegie Foundation marked the annual meeting of the trustees of the foundation here today. With ex-President Eliot's resignation that of Edwin Holt Hughes was accepted. In the places of these gentlemen Dr. Charles B. VanHise, president of the University of Wisconsin, and Dr. Ira Remsen, president of Johns Hopkins University, were elected.

Dr. Eliot's retirement was due to his stated belief that the position of trustee should be held by a member actively interested in educational matters. By his resignation Harvard University is left without representation on the board.

Snyder's COCOA
Quality higher than price.
Price within the reach of all.
Cocoa builds up the entire syst
PUREST & BEST IN THE

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Camden, N.J.— "It is with pleasure that I add my testimonial to your already long list—hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of this valuable medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered from terrible headaches, pain in my back and right side, was tired and nervous, and so weak I could hardly stand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health and made me feel like a new person, and it shall always have my praise." —Mrs. W. P. Valentine, 902 Lincoln Avenue, Camden, N. J.

Gardiner, Me.— "I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months." —Mrs. S. A. Williams, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner Me.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

Cocoanuts & Oranges

20 Sacks Cocoanuts.
20 Boxes Florida Oranges.
150 Boxes California Evaporated Peaches.
50 Boxes Prunes.
300 Bbls. Nice Mullets. (100 lbs. guaranteed to barrel.)
500 Barrels Sugar. (Bought below the present market.)
3,000 Kegs Nails, Cuts and Wire.
1,000 Sacks Rice; Cheap.
15,000 Sacks Salt.
1,500 Barrels Flour.
Get our prices. We are here to do business.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

no 14 tf.

HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway.

Don't Wait!

But call Monday if in need of horses or mules and I will show you some that I am sure will please. All stock young and sound and guaranteed to be as represented. Irrospective purchasers transferred to and from my place.

CLARENCE W. MILLS

oc 27 1m.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, North Carolina, made in a certain cause therein pending wherein Comfort Rowell et al. are plaintiffs and Lina Mildred Rowell et al. are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner appointed in and by said decree to sell the lands and premises set out and described in the complaint therein, will, on Monday, the 22nd day of November, 1909, at 12 o'clock, M. at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover aforesaid, by public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, sell that certain tract, piece or parcel of land lying, being and situate in the City of Wilmington, County and State aforesaid and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the Eastern line of Fifth street one hundred and eighty-five (185) feet South from the Southern line of Dock street and running thence Southwardly along said Eastern line of Fifth street thirty-six feet and six (6) inches, thence Eastwardly, parallel with Dock street, one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet, thence Northwardly, parallel with Fifth street, thirty-six (36) feet and six (6) inches and thence Westwardly, parallel with Dock street, one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the Eastern line of Fifth street, the Beginning, the same being a part of lots 3 and 4 in Block No. 143 according to the official plan of the aforesaid City of Wilmington.

This the 20th day of October, 1909.

MARSDEN BELLAMY, JR.
Commissioner.

oc 21 28 no 4 11 18 21 6t

IN SOCIETY

Mrs. M. E. Keathley left last night for Washington, D. C., to visit her daughter for several weeks.

* * *

A reception will be given Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Milton at St. James' Parish House tonight from 8 to 10 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

* * *

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the First Baptist Church at 4 o'clock this afternoon. A full attendance of members is urged.

* * *

Dr. M. O. Terry, ex-Surgeon General of the State of New York, who is en route to Florida for the Winter in his handsome yacht, the "Whim", came ashore yesterday to visit his friend, Dr. W. E. Storm. He is accompanied by Mrs. Terry.

* * *

Miss Emma Hall, of Charlotte, who [illegible]terday afternoon addressed the women of the Episcopal churches at the parish house of St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, on the subject of the Thompson Orphanage, is the guest of Mrs. W. L. Harlow, on Chesnut street.

* * *

Mr. G. A. Martin, a prominent citizen of Morven, N. C., Mrs. Martin and their daughter, Miss Nina Martin, spent yesterday in the city with friends, leaving on the night train for Pikeville and Spring Hope to visit friends and relatives before returning home.

* * *

Rev. R. W. Hogue, of the Chapel of the Holy Cross at the University, returned home yesterday evening after spending some time in Wilmington, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Harriss, and a part of his time on a hunting and fishing trip down the river.

* * *

The pipe dance at Kneisel's Academy of Dancing this evening promises to be a most delightful affair. A very handsome pipe will be given away to some gentleman patron of the institution during the past several weeks and there will be much interest in the contest.

* * *

Miss Lillie Knight charmingly entertained a few of her friends last night at home on North Third street in honor of Miss Vera Purvis, of Clinton, N. C. Delicious refreshments were served during the evening and at a late hour the guests departed, voting Miss Knight a most charming hostess. Those present besides Miss Purvis were: Misses Isabel Hurst, Lottie Hurst, Nellie Strickland, Misses Otersen and Strickland; Messrs. Joe Salling, E. B. Knight, W. Berry, Jr., W. Otersen, F. Rushing, R. Oldham, E. Irving, Walter Knight, C. Davis, W. M. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Vaughan and Mr. Harriss.

* * *

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 17.—One of the most fashionable weddings of the season occurred at the First Presbyterian church tonight at 9 o'clock, when Miss Mabel Young, daughter of Hon. James R. Young, State Commissioner of Insurance, became the bride of Major John H. Andrews, son of Col. A. B. Andrews, first vice president of the Southern Railway. There were especially rich, tasteful decorations and the audience was easily one of the most brilliant socially, ever gathered here. Dr. W. McC. White, the pastor, officiated. The dame of honor was Mrs. Harry Thorpe, of Rocky Mount; best man, Mr. Graham Andrews, a younger brother of the bride groom. There were quite a number of groomsmen and bridesmaids, prominent in the social life of the State. A reception at the home of the bride's father followed. Major and Mrs. Andrews left for a trip North.

* * *

The first Fall meeting of the North Carolina Sorosis was held in the Owls' parlors at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with the chairman, Mrs. W. A. French, Jr., presiding and a large number of members in attendance. It was a most interesting and profitable meeting. Papers were read as follows: "The Evolution of the Pianoforte," by Mrs. Robert G. Grady; "The Pedals and the Modern Keyboard," by Mrs. H. L. Prince; "The Development of Pianoforte and Technique," by Mrs. J. D. Edwards. There were three pleasing piano selections as follows: Prelude from Bach by Mrs. H. E. O'Keef; "First Movement Sonata (in C sharp) Minor (Beethoven) by Mrs. W. A. French; Naturn Opp. 21 (Chopin), by Mrs. W. W. Love; "Hark, Hark, the Alark," (Liszt), by Mrs. H. E. O'Keef. The next meeting of the department will be held December 15th. The department meets every third Monday in the month.

* * *

Tarboro, N. C., Nov. 16.—Complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. George E. Pennington, the Edgecombe Cotillon gave one of their charming dances on Tuesday evening. The dance was led by Miss Mary Keehen, assisted by Mr. Sam Clark with Miss Sue Baker. Among others dancing were Misses Atlanta Gibson, of McColl, S. C.; Emma Finlayson, of Baltimore; Sue Baker, Mary Keehen, Serena Brown, of Montgomery, Ala.; Margaret Pennington, Annie Gordon, Hannah Gilliam, Mary Bourne, Bessie Gaskill, Mary Bridgers, Arabel Nash, Russell, of Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. George E. Pennington, Mr. and Mrs. Almon Hart, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hollowell, Mr. and Mrs. Thad Thrash. Messrs. J. E. Simmons, Sam Clark, R. E. Currier, Theo. Cheshire, L. Dow Pender, Howard Hussey, Biscoe Howell, Hyman Phillips, Abe Arnheim, Robert M. Rawls, John Cheshire, Thad Hussey, Dr. Green and Cheshire Nash, of Savannah, Ga. Chaperones were: Mesdames S. S. Nash, Ed Pennington, J. A. Weddell, E. W. Rawls, W. A. Hart, Harry Smith, J. M. Baker.

* * *

BEAUTIFUL HOME WEDDING CELEBRATED.

Miss Lillie May Kerr, the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Kerr, of Acorn Branch, a few miles east of the city, and Mr. LeRoy Beaty Woodbury, a well known and popular young man of this city, were united in marriage at 8 o'clock last evening, the ceremony being performed at the home of the bride's parents by Rev. C. T. Rogers, pastor of the Acorn Branch Methodist Church. The ring ceremony was used. There were present a large number of relatives and friends. The bridal party entered the parlor, which had been most beautifully decorated in yellow and white, to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March skilfully rendered by Mrs. C. E. Kerr. During the ceremony Mrs. Kerr played softly and sweetly "Melody of Love," Miss Lottie Katherine Kerr, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr Louis E. Woodbury, brother of the groom, was best man. Misses Annie Newbury Kerr and Ruby May Kerr were the ring and flower bearer, respectively. The bride was becomingly attired in white embroidered silk and carrfed a bouquet of bride's roses. The maid of honor was gowned in white batiste and carried a bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums. Immediately after the ceremony a reception was given after which Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury came to the city and will reside at 712 North Fourth street. Both have a large circle of friends who extend happiest congratulations and best wishes.

* * *

CHRYSANTHEMUS WEDDING IN PENDER COUNTY.

Miss Hattie A. Orr, daughter of Mrs. M. A. Orr, and Mr. Bascomb Bowyer, of Maxton, N. C., were happily married at the home of the bride's mother promptly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Pender county. The party entered to the strains of Mendelsshon's Wedding March, first entering being little Miss Catherine Orr, flower girl, with Master Frederick Hansley, ring bearer, followed by the bride accompanied by her maid of honor, Miss Nora Viola Pickett, of this city. The bride was met at the improvised altar by the groom, accompanied by his best man, Mr. W. F. Orr, brother of the bride. Other attendants were Miss Minnie A. Wilton and Mr. Tolson Malpass. The bride wore a handsome traveling suit of blue chiffon broadcloth with hat to match and carried a bouquet of white chrysanthemums and maiden hair ferns while the maid of honor wore a becoming gown of blue silk nulle and carried yellow chrysanthemums. The home was beautifully decorated with pine boughs and wild smilax and chrysanthemums. After November 22nd the bride and groom will be at home at Maxton, N. C. Among the guests were Mrs. Vance Orr, of Sanford; Mr. and Mrs. Buck Orr, of Currie; Mr. Bullard, Miss Rena Bullard and Mrs. Bailey of Montague; Mrs. E. F. Hansley, Master Fred Hansley and Miss Pickett, of this city.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Messrs. J. L. Bolton and J. A. Westbrook returned yesterday from Black Swamp, where they had an unusually successful hunting trip, in which they caught four raccoons and two 'possums.

—Rev. T. A. Smoot, pastor of Grace Methodist church, will address the meeting for men at Y. M. C. A. next Sunday afternoon. This will be the last opportunity the men of the city will have to hear Mr. Smoot before he leaves for the annual conference.

—It was erroneously stated in yesterday's Star in connection with trial of Mr. E. D. Harvey that Mr. J. F. Whitaker had seen Mr. Harvey whip George Leslie with a cat-o'-nine-tails. His name was confused with that of Mr. J. M. Murphy, who testified that he saw the whipping.

—Rev. Wm. Beckham, D. D., colored field secretary for the Nashville Baptist Publication Society, will preach at Ebenezer Baptist church, colored, tonight. Rev. Dr. Beckham is one of the best speakers of his race. The public is cordially invited to attend this service. Seats are free.

—Patrolman W. R. Applebury yesterday morning arrested Joe Dious and B. Frencho, on the charge of receiving stolen goods knowing them to have been stolen. The defendants are accused of receiving the eggs stolen Monday night by Sam Rivenbark. The case will be tried this morning.

POLITICS IN LONDON

Announcement in Behalf of Government—Speech on Tariff Reform.

London Nov. 17.—Walter Runciman, president of the board of education, speaking at Hull tonight, made the important announcement in behalf of the government that it would refuse to entertain any negotiations or compromse with the peers over the budget.

Beyond this announcement all is conjecture regarding the development of the political situation.

A striking point in Mr. Balfour's speech at a great meeting at Manchester tonight was the admission that tariff reform is the only practical alternative to Chancellor Lloyd Georges budget—an important admission, which seems to indicate that the leader of the opposition in the House of Commons at last has been won over to acceptance of tariff reform as a plank in the unionist platform.

As for the rest of the speech, it was mainly a repetition of Mr. Balfour's denunciation of the budget which has figured in previous unionist speeches and a special appeal to his audience by the representation that tariff reform would be the specially beneficial to the cotton industry, which was seriously threatened by European, American and Japanese competition and the growing difficulty of obtaining sufficient supplies of raw material.

Mr. Balfour contended that German and American prosperity had grown up contemporaneously with the imposition of high protective duties.

DOWN AMERICAN INTERESTS.

French Increase the Duty on Cotton Seed Oil Imports.

Paris, Nov. 17.—The Chamber of Deputies today adopted the revised duty on cotton seed oil. The general rate is nine and the minimum six francs per 100 kilos instead of a uniform rate of six francs, as previously provided.

Young Girls Are Victims

nervous headaches. They make pure blood, and strong nerves and build up your health. Try them. 25c at R. R. [illegible] of headache, as well as older women, but [illegible] get quick relief and prompt cure [illegible]m Dr. King's New Life Pills, the world's best remedy for sick and Bellamy's.

DANGER IN THE PROPOSITION

Some of the Possibilities From Further Agitation of Question of the New site For Custom House.

Editor Morning Star—Anent the article in your Sunday morning edition relative to the fight for a change in the site for the new Custom House from the present location to an uptown point, let me say that such agitation and efforts are well calculated to do a harm to Wilmington's progress little dreamed of by those who are favoring a new location for the proposed Customs building. I take it that the securing of a new Custom House for the city and one more in keeping with Wilmington's importance as a commercial and industrial center, is the first consideration with every patriotic citizen of this community. Then the question of location should be entirely secondary.

It might well be said that we have already an appropriation of $300,000 for the new Custom House, but that appropriation is conditioned upon the new building being located on the present site, with permission to acquire adjoining property sufficient to enable the Government to beautify the building and its surroundings. The idea of talking about re-submitting this question to Congress for the purpose of changing the phraseology of the bill so as to enable the government to buy a new location, would be the sheerest folly; folly fraught with most dangerous possibilities. The time for such action was while the bill was up before Congress and the appropriation committee.

Already it has reached Washington's official circle that the movement for a change of location had its inception or inspiration from some one primarily interested in unloading some shelf-worn property on the Government, or having their property enhanced in value by reason of its accessability to the proposed new site. If there is one thing, however, above every other that the authorities at Washington are quick to plant their heel of condemnation on and brand with the stamp of disapproval, it is the idea that the Government is being sought to be taken advantage of or have "Uncle Sam's" leg pulled, as they call it up there.

While in Washington city last Spring and Summer during the extra session of Congress I was twice called up to the Treasury Department and asked with reference to the desire of the people of Wilmington with reference to a change of location for the site of the new Custom House, and both times I was given to understand that the Government would not stand for anything of the kind since the bill had already passed Congress calling for the Waterstreet location. It was at the Treasury Department that I had the first intimation of the Government's idea that somebody was trying to "unload" on Uncle Sam down this way, or words and language to that effect.

So far as Senator Overman pledging his good offices to have the present bill run the gauntlet of the appropriations committee and the Senate and House, why it is only just and proper to say that he is only one out of 92 members of the Senate and the influence he could bring to bear would amount to nothing if the other members of the Senate and House got the impression that has already reached the Treasury Department, that somebody down here was trying to "unload" on the Government or pull Uncle Sam's leg for a new site.

The Government officials at Washington can just as easily defeat as to carry through successfully a bill in Congress for a public building appropriation, and from the best information I could gather the opinion prevailed there that Wilmington, having been given the appropriation for a new Custom House, defining the site owned by the Government for its location, either didn't know what she did want in asking for a change of location or we ought to be glad enough to accept the appropriation made and accept it without a murmur. With the governmental tendency now to retrenchments in expenditures all along the line, it would be extremely dangerous to reopen the matter before Congress for it is well known that "a bird in the hand," etc.

If the people are at all skeptical as to the dangers attending any movement to have an appropriation bill that has already passed Congress recommitted for no other purpose than that of changing the site for the proposed building, let them ask some one who has encountered such opposition, as any effort along this line would surely provoke, and they will then realize how hazardous it would be to attempt at this time any undoing of that which has already been done in the premises.

I am unwilling to believe that any of the advocates of a site for the proposed new Custom House other than that upon which the present building is located, would raise the question for a different location were they aware of the dangers such agitation might be fraught with, for I believe Wilmington's latest experience in pulling together as experienced in the success attending the Taft Presidential reception is a lesson for a "long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether" that our people will be slow to forget in the future. Let us, therefore, continue the campaign for greater Wilmington, a 30-foot channel, a greater sea port, and a new Custom House, as one voice and one man.

In thus speaking I desire to say that I have no property to sell the Government for a Custom House site either for the present location or a different one, and I am, therefore, speaking as one wholly impartial so far as pecuniary interest might influence me, and am only doing so in the hope of giving others the benefit of some of my observations and experiences, with an eye single to securing for the city a new Customs building in keeping with the magnitude and importance of Wilmington's commerce and trade, at home and among the Nations of the earth.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD.

In reading store ads, most people are looking for definite information about some particular article—hence merchants should quote prices always.

The Theatre

The Crystal Palace will present its regular semi-weekly change of bill today. The new programme will be inaugurated at matinee this afternoon and the change will be an entire one and will, no doubt, be greeted by large audiences. While the bill that just closed last night was in every way a splendid one, yet it is claimed that the new bill will be even more attractive. There will be new songs, new dances, and Voce, with his automatons, will present an act that is a rattler for novelty and comedy. Melnotte, the double-voiced singer ,will be seen in an act that will present a gorgeous display of new gowns. The new programme will hold forth for the rest of the week and will in all probability pack the popular Palace at every performance.

Rattling the Carle Skeleton.

During the Boston run of "Mary's Lamb," Edgar W. Carleton, the venerable father of Richard Carle, rattled the family skeleton for a newspaper reporter. Mr. Carleton still lives in Somerville, a suburb of Boston, in the same house in which the comedian was born. Mr. Carle's baptismal name is Charles Nicholas Carleton, and his father still calls him Charlie.

"Charlie was a good boy and everybody liked him," said Mr. Carleton. "He declares he was not a boy comic, but he was. He always thought he could act, and if he denies it, don't you believe him. We have a barn at our place that we used to utilize as a clubhouse for a few kindred spirits in the neighborhood. We gave up the club when Charlie was about ten years old, and, would you believe it, the boy seized upon the building for a theatre. He said he was going to show us a few things, and he did. He rigged up a stage and had regular performances, charging ten nails for admission. Before the thing had been running two weeks we had several barrels of nails in our back yard.

"Charlie was the whole show—performer, stage manager and orchestra. I never saw a performance, but I do know that our yard and barn at one time or another entertained every boy and girl in Somerville. And how we accumulated nails! The boy was an actor all right. But I was sorry when he changed his name to Richard Carle." The Great Carle comes to Wilmington for the very first time next Tuesday night.

A Big Holiday Attraction.

For its Thanksgiving Day attraction the Academy will offer one of Wilmington's favorite musical comedy stars and one of the city's favorite musical comedies. This strong combination will be well known, Frank Deshon, in "A Knight for a Day." The merry, popular jingle is this year being given an entirely new production and the company is one of the best B. C. Whitney could get together. So something swell may be expected and the Academy management feels confident of doing a big holiday business. "A Knight for a Day" will be presented both at matinee and night Thanksgiving, and already there has been a demand for tickets for each performance.

Mr. Paul Gilmore.

The admirers of Paul Gilmore, who like him best in a dashing romantic role in a play of love, laughter and adventure, are promised an offering entirely to their liking in his new comedy drama, "The Call of the North," written by George Broadhurst, author of "The Man of the Hour" etc., and taking its plot from Stewart Edward White's popular novel. "Conjuror's House," in which Mr. Gilmore and his players are announced for Saturday night of next week, Nov. 30th, at the Academy.

At the Bijou Today.

"The Senorita", a story dealing with the old aristocratic chivalry of the Mexican gentleman, whose well bred family-traits and traditions eliminate thought of nationality in a wholesome desire of offering hospitality to a stranger, is the feature picture of the bill at the Bijou today. It is a splendid story well told by motion picture.

TRIAL OF ICE COMPANY.

Charged With Violating the Anti-Monopoly Law—Schoonmaker.

New York, Nov. 17.—Corporations are not entirely indiff rent to public opinion if tae attitude of the American Ice Company may be taken as a criterion, The letter book of the are not entirely indifferent to public was again introduced today at the trial of the company for violation of the anti monopoly law. In one letter President Schoonmaker expressed himself as follows:

"The newspapers are beginning to howl and there have been several requests for interviews, but have been denied in a dignified way. I send you a newspaper clipping showing Jerome's attitude."

Referring to the advance of prices, another letter says:

"We have not gone as far as we wished, but it is not safe to go any further just now."

The prosecution in the case rested today except for some odds and ends of evidence to be put in later. Motions for the defense will be argued tomorrow, preparatory to the opening of that side of the case.

The end of the presentation of the State's case against the company was announced at the beginning of the afternoon session of court today. The trial was then adjourned to tomorrow. It was stated as probable, however, that the presentation of evidence for the defense would not be begun until Monday next.

HONDURAN NAVY SAFE.

The Steamer Ta Humbia Did Not Sink as Was Reported.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 17.—The Honduran navy did not sink, but is afloat and intact, according to Captain Boe, of the steamer Columbia, which arrived here today from Puerto Cortez. The captain says he saw the ancient, but far famed tug Ta Tumbia, which constitutes the entire navy at anchor in Puerto Cortez harbor. Ta Tumbia was reported sunk about a week ago.

The Best $3.50 Shoe in the World is Made in Lynchburg, Va.

THE South makes the best $3.50 shoe that money can buy or skilled labor put together. The South can well be proud of this fact, for it is a boast made good over generations of shoemakers in New England and all the other shoe sections combined.

$3.50 or $4.00 paid for a CRADDOCK SHOE will buy, for any Southern gentleman, more good leather, more style, more fit and better workmanship *than any other shoe manufacturer can afford to offer at this price.*

Why? Because climatic, living and labor conditions are more favorable than in New England. Because shoes can be shipped out of Lynchburg to any point in the South for less than from the West or New England. Because rents are less, Insurance is less, Taxes are less.

To sum it up in a few words—the makers of the CRADDOCK SHOE can give Southerners more value, detail for detail, point for point, more actual money value in leather, style, durability and comfort, at this price, than any other manufacturer in the world, because it actually costs less to do business. This saving is put into the wear and worth of the CRADDOCK SHOE.

To compete with these natural advantages and sell at the same price New England and Western makers scrimp and cut and shave the difference out of the shoes they send South.

In the hidden places they scalp a cent, a half cent, a fraction here and there. These make up the cost of competition—but what about the value of the shoe they offer?

The CRADDOCK SHOE—made by the most skilled, native, white labor—made from honest stock,—sold at an honest price, will wear thirty days longer than any other shoe at the same price.

CRADDOCK-TERRY CO., Manufacturers, Lynchburg, Va.

YOU WILL FIND THEM AT

THE WILMINGTON SHOE CO.

523 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

TOLD EXCITING STORY.

Witness in Altman Trial Explained Methods of Strikers.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—The slugging of non-union men, the firing of buildings because union carpenters were not employed on them, and the preparing of dynamite bombs were told of today by Bruno Verra, principal witness for the prosecution in the trial of Vincent and Joseph Altman, who were indicted in connection with a bomb explosion that partly wrecked the mils of the Standard Sash & Door Company in May, 1908. It was Verra's confession that caused the arrest and indictment of the Altman brothers.

Verra testified that he had been hired by Vincent Altman as a "slugger" and that he received $5 each for several jobs of "slugging." He told of burning a garage with Vincent Altman, because non-union carpenters were working on the building. Verra told of setting fire to a building owned by a policeman for the same reason. Another building at Harvey, Ill., was also fired according to Verra.

"In April, 1908, I met Vincent Altman in a saloon," said Verra. "He showed me three sticks of dynamite and said he was going to blow up some place. I was afraid of dynamite and said I would not go. Later I met him again and he told me he wanted me to blow up the Standard Sash & Door Company's plant. I said I would not."

Verra told of making a bomb at Altman's house. After the explosion at the sash and door plant Verra testified President Mets, of the Carpenter's Union, sent for him and told him if there was any dynamite at Altman's home to get it out of the way. Verra said he took the dynamite from Altman's home and hid it in a shed in the rear of his own house. Verra will continue his testimony tomorrow.

WIRE COMPANIES MERGE

Says Postal is Largest Single Stockholder in Bell Company.

New York, Nov. 17.—The report that the controlling interest in the Western Union Telegraph Company obtained by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company would lead to a closer community of interest between those companies and the Postal Telegraph Company with probably an ultimate merger of the three companies was given more color today when officials of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company frankly said that the Postal Company was the largest single stockholder in their company.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—There is absolutely nothing in the story" was the comment of President Theodore N. Vail, of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, when his attention was called to a report from New York that a merger of the Postal Telegraph Company with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company might follow that of the telephone company with the Western Union.

Referring to the report that the government prosecuting attorneys might investigate the merger of the Western Union with the telephone company, Mr. Vail remarked that his company had nothing to fear from such action.

Postmaster General Hitchcock will contribute his mite towards relieving the congestion of the mails when they are taxed with business during the holiday season. Yesterday he directed all postmasters in the service to time their requisitions for postal supplies as to avoid shipment during the holidays.

Popular Copyrights

Publisher's price $1.50 each; our price 50 cents each.
Also all the newest novels and juvenile books.
Leather goods and novelties, kodaks, films, etc.

C. W. YATES & CO.

Market Street Wilmington, N. C.

MURDER NEAR TROY, N. Y.

Body of Young Woman Found Near Hudson River Yesterday.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 17.—The body of Caroline D. Gorgen, aged 27 years, who lived on Green Island, across the river from Troy, was found today in a clump of bushes near the shore of the Hudson river. It is a case of murder, probably resulting from a powerful drug. This much the police gave out. Search is being made tonight for a man who is said to have been with Miss Gorgen yesterday afternoon.

The woman was employed in a collar and shirt factory here.

Tuesday being pay day she collected her wages at noon and returned home and in the afternoon presumably went out to do some shopping or to call on friends.

She did not as was her usual custom, return home at night. It is the theory of the police that Miss Gorgen was killed here Tuesday night and the body taken to the lonely spot where it was found today.

There was only one mark on the body that just under the eye.

BOY BANDIT ARRAIGNED.

Cashier Who Was Shot Appealed to Court in Behalf of McKay.

Lawrence, Kan., Nov. 17.—Willie McKay, the 15-year-old Jacksonville, Fla., bandit, was arraigned before Judge Means, of the juvenile court here today charged with robbing the Eudora State Bank last week in company with Earl Bullock.

Frederick Starr, the bank cashier whom Bullock shot in the jaw, appeared to the court for leniency for McKay. Judge Means continued the investigation until he could hear whether or not Jacksonville has a juvenile court. If the Florida city has such an institution the court intimated McKay would be turned over to it. In the meantime McKay was returned to ja...

IRELAND'S HOME RULE.

O'Connor Believes That England's Election Will Hasten It.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—The belief that the approaching general election in Great Britain will hasten home rule for Ireland was expressed today by T. P. O'Connor, M. P., who is visiting this city.

"The House of Lords," he said, "stands as the only obstacle between Ireland and home rule. With that obstacle removed by such a drastic measure of reform of the House of Lords as the liberals will bring in, I regard home rule as not only certain, but very near."

STEAMER NOT CAPTURED.

Report That Dictator Carried Supplies Said to be False.

New Orleans, Nov. 17.—Reports that the steamship Dictator, of the Bluefields Steamship Company, had been captured at Greytown by the revolutionary forces of General Estrada and that the vessel carried supplies intended for the Zelaya army at that place were denied tonight by President Orr, of the Bluefields Steamship Company. The Dictator left New Orleans unburdened and was not chartered by the Zelaya government.

COLORED MISSIONS IN SOUTH.

Discussed by Dignitaries of Roman Catholic Church.

Baltimore, Nov. 16.—A meeting of dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church was held today at the residence of Cardinal Gibbons to discuss plans relative to colored missions, especially those in the South. There were present, besides the Cardinal, Archbishops James N. Blenk, of New Orleans, and P. J. Ryan, of Philadelphia, and Bishops John S. Foley, of Detroit, and Edward P. Allen, of Mobile, and Rev. John E. Burke, of New York, director general of colored missions. They were entertained at dinner by the Cardinal and afterward left for their homes.

TENNIS PLAYER KILLED

Kreig Collins, Famous Champion, Killed by Car in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Kreig Collins, a famous tennis player, was killed by a street car tonight. He was run over while crossing a street.

Collins held the western championship almost continuously from 1897 to 1906.

Collins lost the western championship to Nat Emerson, of Cincinnati, in 1907 and since then has taken no part in tournament play because of the weakness of his eyes.

EXPOSURE

breeds colds, pains in the lungs, then pneumonia. Gowan's Preparation gives quick relief by destroying inflammation and congestion. Acts like magic for croup and coughs. External and penetrating. Buy today and feel secure. All druggists. $1.00, 50c, 25c.

The cost of a Business Local is a small fee to pay for securing a good tenant.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Market steady 54 1-4 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady $3.55 per barrel.

TAR—Market, Firm $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm. $2.50 per barrel for hard; $4 00 for dip and $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year — spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin steady $2.30; tar firm $1.50; crude turpentine firm $1.50; $2.00 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirts turpentine	59
Rosin	113
Tar	72
Crude turpentine	59

Receipts, same day last year, 61 casks spirits turpentine; 10 barrels rosin; 61 barrels tar; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady 14 3-8 cents for middling.

Same day last year—Quiet, 8 7-8 cents.

Receipts—1,073 bales, same day last year 1,553 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Nov. 13th.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65@70; extra prime, 72 1-2; fanc 75 @80c; Virginia, prime 65@70; extra prime 75@80c; Spanish $1.00 to $1.05.

CORN—Firm 90 to 95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; hams 17@18c; shoulders 14@15c; sides 14 @15c.

EGGS—Good demand 26c per dozen dozen.

CHICKENS—Spring 20 to 35; grown 40 to 45c; scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 28c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 2@3 1-2c per pound on foot.

HIDES—Dr, flint 14c; green, 9c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull 40@45c per bushel for new yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c., free of burr 24c.

GEESE—50 cents per head.

Pork—Small 10c per lb.; large, 8@9c

SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull $1.25 to 2.50.

TURKEYS—Dull 14 to 15c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Nov. 17.—The cotton market showed continued nervousness today which was attributed to the possibility of a revision of spot differences after the close but generally speaking there was a steadier undertone owing to bullish spot and weather advices with prices at one time showing a net advance of 13 to 19 points and closing steady at a net advance of 1 to 15 points.

The market opened steady at an advance of 5 to 8 points and sold 8 to 10 points net higher right after the call in response to much higher Liverpool cables than expected and recovering. Renewal of liquidation for over the "vision" sent prices off to within 2 to 4 points of last night's finals during the morning but the market to be attracting support from very strong interest in this decline numerous reports came in of unfavorable weather from the western belt and there were many advices of an improvement in spot demand, supposedly for the purpose of filling out November engagements. These considerations started covering by recent sellers for a turn and the advance started which was not checked until May contracts sold at 15.28 or within 4 points of the high records for the season. Realizing and Southern selling became heavier before the close, however, and late fluctuations were irregular with last prices at nearly the lowest level of the day on active months. May closed at 15.17 bid. Reports from Texas indicate that all hope of a top crop must be abandoned as a result of very low temperatures following rains or sleet. Southern spot markets officially reported were unchanged to 1-4c higher and many points in the south reported a better demand both from domestic mills and exporters.

Receipts today 36,583 bales against 57,202 last week and 64,131 last year. For the week 300,000 bales against 367,730 last week and 408,930 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 11,046 bales against 20,637 last year and at Houston 9,266 bales agains t12,950 last year.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 14.95; middling gulf 15.20; no sales.

Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Month	Open.	Close.
November	——	14.44
December	14.60	14.56
January	14.78	14.75
February	——	14.79
March	15.04	14.99
April	——	14.99
May	15.14	15.17
June	15.10	15.13
July	15.14	15.17
August	14.41	14.49
September	13.20	13.20
October	12.65	12.67

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 14 5-16; net receipts 11,025; stock 224,349.

New Orleans—Steady, 14 1-2; net receipts 11,046; stock 195,982.

Mobile—Steady, 14 5-8; net receipts 1,726; stock 45,557.

Savannah—Quiet and Firm, 14 3-8; net receipts 5,390; stock 214,316.

Charleston—Firm, 14 3-8; net receipts 954; stock 44,291.

Wilmington—Quiet, 14 3-8; net receipts 1,073; stock 10,014.

Norfolk—Firm, 14 1-2; net receipts 1,975; stock 31,568.

Baltimore—Nominal, 14 3-4; stock 10,503.

New York—Quiet, 14.95; stock 124,383.

Boston—Quiet, 14.95; net receipts 2,270.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15.20; stock 5,036.

Jacksonville—Net receipts 1,124.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 36,583; Great Britain 13,703; Continent 17,575; stock 904,812.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 187,949; Great Britain 76,694; France 38,117; Continent 63,073; Mexico 1,950.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 3,767,954; Great Britain 1,020,037; France 499,399; Continent 1,061,451; Japan 11,944; Mexico 7,805.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14 7-16; net receipts 9,266; stock 98,129.

Augusta—Steady, 14 3-4; net receipts 1,945; stock 59,784.

Memphis—Firm, 15; net receipts 2,899; stock 174,548.

St. Louis—Steady, 15; net receipts 1,933; stock 28,682.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 790; stock 7,961.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14 1-8; net receipts 1,162; stock 115,586.

Louisville—Firm, 15 1-8.

Total today—Net receipts 17,995; gross receipts 22,565; shipments 20,336; sales 5,338; stocks 414,690.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 17.—Cotton: Spot dull, prices 11 points higher. American middling fair 8.18; good middling 7.94; middling 7.82; low middling 7.72; good ordinary 7.46; ordinary 7.21.

The sales of the day were 5,000 bales of wh.ch 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 4,400 American. Receipts 15,000 bales including 9,400 American.

Futures opened and closed firm. November 7.66; November and December 7.66; December and January 7.66 1-2; January and February 7.69; February and March 7.72; March and April 7.75; April and May 7.76 1-2; May and June 7.78; June and July 7.76 1-2; July and August 7.74 1-2; August and September 7.40; September and October 6.89 1-2; October and November 6.75; November and December 6.69.

DICK BROS' COTTON LETTER.

New York, Nov. 17.—Cotton was steady and more active, with prices moving up to the highest levels reached since the decline of two weeks ago. Bulls were aided by reports of freezing weather in the southwest, although temperatures were not as low as had been predicted. There was also less apprehension over the question of the changes that might be made by the revision committee at their meeting which takes place after the close of the market this afternoon. It is not believed that there will be any marked changes in the differences between the various grades. Such a course would receive bullish construction. There were reports of stronger spot markets and some of the more important centers quoted advances of 1-8 to 1-4. Stock of cotton in New York is increasing, and the undertone of the near months is not as good as that of the later positions.

DICK BROS. & CO.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Nov. 17.—High cotton is forcing high prices for cotton goods and advances are being made now in the finer grades. Business is quiet in the primary markets for the moment although a good trade is reported in prints and some of the staple domestics. The movement of goods is large. Underwear and hosiery for Fall are being opened daily. The silk piece goods trade is quiet.

STOCK MARKET.

New York, Nov. 17.—The condition of the speculation in stocks became somewhat lethargic today as a consequence of various doubtful factors overhanging the situation. The swelling of the outward movement of gold to South America was one such factor.

The lack of further response in the copper industrials to the consolidation project was another. The announcement of several new bond issues caused renewed attention to the capital requirements confronting the financial markets and had a quieting effect on the speculation. The gold exports had but slight effect on the money market outside of a slight hardening of call loan rates.

Some significance attaches to reports of funds offered in Wall street by the dry goods banks from which is inferred a lull in that trade for which the high price of cotton is given some responsibility.

The influence of the American Telephone absorption of the Western Union was seen in the ease with which advances were forced in minor independent companies in industries in which a diminant combination already exists, such as the smaller iron and steel companies.

Bonds were firm. Total sales, par value, were $2,864,000. United States were unchanged on call. Total sales of stocks today were 577,500 shares.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Nov. 17.—Money on call firm 4 1-2 to 5 per cent., ruling rate 4 3-4, closing bids 4 3-4, offered at 5. Time loans easier; sixty days 5 to 5 1-4 and ninety days 4 3-4 to 5 per cent. Six months 4 1-2 to 4 3-4 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5 1-2 per cent., sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8335 to 4.8345 for sixty day bills, and at 4.8725 for demand. Commercial bills 4.82 1-2 to 4.83 1-8. Bar silver 50 3-4. Mexican dollars 43.

NEW YORK BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s reg	100
U. S. ref 2s cou	100
U. S. 3s reg	101 1-4
U. S. 3s cou	101 1-4
U. S. 4s reg	115 3-4
U. S. 4s, reg	116 3-4
Allis Chalmrs 1st 5s	84 3-4
American Agricultural 5s	102
American Tel & Tel cv 4s	106 1-2
American Tobacco 4s	80 1-4
American Tobacco 6s	109 5-8
Atchison gen. 4s	93 1-2
Atchison S. L. 1st 4s	99 7-8
Atchison cv 4s	120 3-4
Atchison cv 4s	120 5-8
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	95 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	99
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	93
B. & O. S. W. 3 1-2s	89 5-8
Brooklyn Transit cv 4s	86
Canada Southern 1st 6s	108 5-8
Central of Georgia 5s	99 1-4
C. R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	102 3-8
Central Leather 5s	124 3-4
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	105
Chicago & Iton 3 1-2s	75 1-2
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95 5-8
C., M. & St. P. gen 3 1-2s	99
C., R. I. — P. R. R. col 4s	88 1-2
C., R. I. & P. R. R. col 5s	77 1-4
C., R. I. & P. Ry rfg 4s	92 1-2
C. C. C. & St. L. gen 4s	90 1-2
Colorado Industrial 5s	88
Colorado Midland 4s	82
C. & S. ref & ext 4 1-2	97 1-2
Delaware & Hud. cv 4s	101 3-4
D. & H. 1st ref 4s	97
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	93 3-4
Distillers 5s	74 3-4
Erie piror lien 4s	85 1-2
Erie Gen. 4s	76
Erie cv. 4s series "A"	81 1-2
Erie cv. 4s series "B"	72
General Electric cv 5s	149 7-8
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	99 1-4
Interborough Met. 4 1-2s	83 1-2
Inter Merc Marine 4 1-2s	71
Japan 4s	81
Japan 4 1-2s	94
Japan 4 1-2, 2nd Series	73 1-2
Kan. City Southern 1st 3s	94 1-2
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	99 1-2
Louisville — Nash. Un 4s	99 1-2
Mo., Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	90 3-4
Mo., Kan & Tex. 1st & ref 4s	81
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	93 3-4
Missouri Pacific 4s	91
N. Y. Central gen. 3 1-2s	95 1-2
N. Y. Central deb. 4s	135 7-8
N. Y. City 4 1-2s (new)	98 3-4
N. Y., N. H. & Hart. cv. 6s	100
N. & W. 1st con 4s	102
Norfolk & Western cv 4s	72
Northern Pacific 4s	94
Northern Pacific 3s	96 1-4
Oregon S. L. rfdg 4s	104 1-8
Penn. cv 3 1-2s (1915)	99 1-8
Penn. Con. 4s	83 7-8
Reading Gen. 4s	89 1-2
St. L. & San. Fran. fg 4s	77 3-4
St. L. S'western con. 4s	92
St. L. S'western -st gold 4s	80
Seaboard Air Line 4s	91
Southern Pacific col 4s	102 1-2
Southern P. R. R. 1st ref 4s	94 1-2
Southern Railway 5s	108
Southern Railway gen 4s	80 1-2
Union Pacific 4s	102 5-8
Union Pacific cv 4s	114 1-2
Union P. 1st & ref 4s	97 1-2
U. S. Rubber 6s	104 5-8
U. S. Steel 2nd 8s	104 7-8
Virginia Car. Chemica 5s	96 1-2
Wabash 1st 5s	112
Wabash 1st & ext 4s	74
Western Md., 4s	84 5-8
Westinghouse Electric cv 5s	94
Wisconsin Central 4s	94 3-8

Closing Stock List.

Allis Chalmers pfd	56 7-8
Amalgamated Copper	93 1-8
American Agricultural	48 3-4
American Beet Sugar	46 1-2
American Can pfd	83 1-2
American Car & Foundry	74 5-8
American Cotton Oil	68 1-2
Amer. H. & L. pfd	46 7-8
American Ice Securities	24 3-4
American Linseed	15 3-8
American Locomotive	62
American S. & Ref'ng	101 1-4
Amer. S. & Ref'ng pfd	112 1-2
American Sugar Refining	124
American Tel & Tel	143 1-2
American Tobacco pfd	100 1-2
American Woolen	34 1-2
Anaconda Mining Co.	52 3-8
Atchison	120 1-2
Atchison pfd	104 3-8
Atlantic Coast Line	135 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio	116 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	91
Bethleham Steel	34 1-2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	77 5-8
Canadian Pacific	176 7-8
Central Leather	47 1-4
Central Leather pfd	108 1-4
Central of New Jersey	290
Chesapeake & Ohio	88 5-8
Chicago & Alton	67
Chicago Great Western	20 1-2
Chicago & Northwestern	183 1-4
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	155 3-4
C., C. C. & St. Louis	76 1-2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	50 3-8
Colorado & Southern	56 1-2
Colorado & Southern 1st pfd	80 1-2
Col. & Southern 2nd pfd	79 3-4
Consolidated Gas, ex div.	142
Corn Products	22 1-2
Delaware & Hudson	184 3-4
Denver & Rio Grande	47 3-4
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	83 1-2
Distillers' Securities	37
Erie	33 1-4
Erie 1st pfd	48
Erie 2nd pfd	40
General Electric	163 5-8
Great Northern pfd	142 5-8
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	81 1-2
Illinois Central	146 1-2
Interborough-Met	23 5-8
Interborough-Met pfd	56 1-2
Inter Harvester	108
Inter-Marine pfd	24 1-4
International Paper	15 1-4
International Pump	53
Iowa Central	28 1-4
Kan. City Southern	43 3-4
Kansas City Southern pfd	71
Louisville & Nashville	152 1-2
Minn. & St. Louis	52
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	135 3-4
Missouri Pacific	72 3-8
Mo., Kan & Texas	49 3-4
Mo., Kan. & Texas pfd	75 1-8
National Biscuit	113 1-4
National Lead	89 1-4
Nat'l Rys. of Mex. 1st pfd	55 3-4
New York Central	132
N. Y., Ontario & Western	47 5-8
Norfolk & Western	95 3-4
North American	78 3-8
Northern Pacific	145
Pacific Mail	43 1-4
Pennsylvania	133 3-4
People's Gas	113 1-4
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	94 1-4
Pressed Steel Car	54 1-4
Pullman Palace Car	191 1-2
Railway Steel Spring	50
Reading	164 3-8
Republic Steel	47 1-2
Republic Steel pfd	105 5-8
Rock Island Co.	40
Rock Island Co. pfd	79 7-8
St. L. & San Fran 2nd pfd	56 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern	33
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	72 1-4
Sloss S. S. & Iron	91
Southern Pacific	129 1-4
Southern Railway	31 1-8
Southern Railway pfd	70 1-4
Tennessee Copper	39 1-2
Texas & Pacific	35 3-4
Toledo, St. Louis & West	53 1-2
Toledo, St. Louis & West pfd	69
Union Pacific	201 3-4
Union Pacific pfd	102
United States Realty	82
United States Rubber	50
United States Steel	90 3-8
United States Steel pfd	126 1-2
Utah Copper	58 1-8
Virginia Car. Chemical	49 3-4
Wabash	19 3-4
Wabash pfd	52 5-8
Western Maryland	34 1-2
Westinghouse Electric	85 1-8
Western Union	82 1-4
Wheeling & Lake Erie	8 1-2
Wisconsin Central	50
Standard Oil Co.	708 1-2

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Nov. 17.—Flour steady.

Rye Flour—Firm.

Buckwheat Flour—Dull.

Corn Meal—Steady.

Rye—Steady.

Wheat—Easy; No. 2 red 1.26 asked, domestic elevator; No. 2 red 1.25 1-2 nominal fob afloat. Options 1-4 to 1-2c net lower; D cember 1.16; May 1.11 7-8; July 1.03 1-2.

Corn—Spot barely steady No. 2, 73 elevator domestic, 73 1-2 delivered and 73 fob afloat. Options unchanged to 1-8c net lower. December 73 1-4; May 69 1-2.

Oats—Steady, mixed nominal.

Pork, Tallow—Steady.

Lard—Easy.

Rice—Dull.

Molasses—Firm.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.92; refined steady.

Coffee—Quiet Rio No. 7, 8 5-8 to 1-2; Santos No. 4, 8 3-4 to 7-8 Mild quiet; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2. Futures, steady net unchanged to 5 points higher.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese—Firm, unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Quiet with sales of 7,800 barrels. Spot and near months were easy under tenders of about 500 barrels of November by late positions were steady on covering by speculative shorts. Closing prices were 11 points lower to 4 points higher. November 6.70 to 6.74; January 6.93 to 6.94; March 7.04 to 7.07; May 7.07 to 7.08. Prime crude 5.87; do summer yellow 6.70 to 6.80; do winter yellow 6.90 to 7.60; do summer white 7.05 to 7.35.

Potatoes and Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—The grain market here today was weak and all the cereals sagged the range being from a shade to 5-8 lower. Provision overcame the depressing effect of the other markets and at the close registered a slight advance.

	Openin.	Highest.	Closing.
Wheat—			
Dec.	1 07 1-2	1 07 5-8	1 06 7-8
May	1 05 1-4	1 05 1-2	1 04 3-4
July	96 5-8	96 3-4	96 1-4
Corn—			
Dec.	60 3-8	60 1-2	60
May	61 1-2	61 3-4	61 1-2
July	60 7-8	61	60 7-8
Oats—			
Dec.	39 1-4	39 1-4	39 1-4
May	41 7-8	41 7-8	41 3-4
July	39 3-4	39 3-4	39 5-8
Mess Pork, per bbl.—			
Jan.	21 00	21 70	21 02 1-2
May	20 00	20 07 1-2	20 02 1-2
Lard, per 100 lbs.—			
Nov.	13 17 1-2	13 17 1-2	13 05
Jan.	11 90	12 00	11 97 1-2
May	11 32 1-2	11 45	11 42 1-2
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	10 62 1-2	10 75	10 75
May	10 37 1-2	10 45	10 45

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Nov. 17.—Rosin and turpentine steady.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 17.—Turpentine firm 55. Rosin firm. Quote A. B. C. D. E. F. 3.97 1-2; G, 4.00; H, 4.10; I, 4.50; K, 5.50; M, 5.85; N, 6.10; WG, 6.40; WW, 6.80.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 17.—Turpentine firm 55 1-4 to 55 1-2; sales 586; receipts 567; shipments 192.

Rosin firm; sales 2,785; receipts 2,233; shipments 670; stock 148,744. Quote: A. B. C. D. E. 3.97 1-2; F, 3.97 1-2 to 4.00; G, 3.97 1-2 to 4.00; H, 4.15; I, 4.50; K, 5.50; M, 5.85; N, 6.00; WG, 6.25; WW, 6.75.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Br. str. Selma, 2,233 tons, Lord, Hamburg, via Norfolk, Heide & Co.

CLEARED.

Schr. Edward R. Baird, Jr., Bennett, Little River, S. C., C. D. Maffitt.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Smith, Fayotteville, C. P. Love.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 17, 1909.

C. C. Railroad—143 bales cotton, 3 barrels rosin, 8 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—155 bales cotton, W., C. & A. Railroad—337 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 17 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—208 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine ,32 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—51 bales cotton.

Str. Whitlock—12 casks spirits turpentine, 85 barrels rosin.

Str. City of Fayetteville—165 bales cotton, 32 casks spirits turpentine, 20 barrels rosin, 32 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Isabell—14 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine.

Total—1,073 bales cotton, 59 casks spirits turpentine, 113 barrels rosin, 72 barrels tar, 59 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port of Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Pennine Range, (Br.) 2,215 tons, Blance, Heide & Co.

Holland (Br.) 2,438 tons, Chandler, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Selma (Br.) 2,233 tons, Lord, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn, C. D. Maffitt.

R. T. Rundlett, 219 tons, Cunhingham, C. D. Maffitt.

Kills Her Foe of 20 Years.

"The most merciless enemy I had for 20 years," declares Mrs. James Duncan, of Haynesville, Me., "was dyspepsia. I suffered intensely after eating or drinking and could scarcely sleep. After many remedies had failed and several doctors gave me up I tried Electric Bitters, which cured me completely. Now I can eat anything. I am 70 years old and am overjoyed to get my health and strength back again." For indigestion, loss of appetite, kidney trouble, lame back, female complaints, it's unequaled. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy.

THANKSGIVING DAY DINNER

will be made much more pleasant, Mr. & Mrs. Housekeeper, if you have one of our

Sharp Edge Carvers

We are showing an especially fine line of them at moderate prices. And please don't forget a

"Savory Roaster"

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

QUESTION OF HEALTH

From a physician's standpoint, there is only one correct method of heating, and that is by the indirect hot air furnace method, properly installed and with a provision for producing the proper degree of relative humidity.

After careful study and trial and observation, I am compelled to condemn all direct methods of heating by radiators located in the rooms.

B. G. LONG, (M. D.)
520 Elmwood Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

Why use others? We give a guarantee that our Heating Systems will give satisfaction. Blue prints and estimates furnished free.

S. L SMITH & SON
Wilmington, N. C.

no 11 tf

An Extra Choice Lot

Of fancy poultry dressed or live also a full line of choice meats of all kinds. Phone or better still come and see our assortment. Prompt attention given to all orders. Our honey cured hams and bacon are the finest yet. If you are looking for the best we are waiting to serve you.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
FRONT STREET MARKET.
Stalls No. 1 and 2 South side and No. 1 and 3 North side.
Phones 141 and 128

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Sold by druggists, mail 50c and $1.00. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

The "Baby-Waker" Sale

is still going. Large crowds and liberal buying are the features. The low prices published in the large advertisements are still holding good.

New arrivals of rugs, pictures, imported dinner sets, tables, hampers, clothes baskets and several other articles have been added this week. Positively no such values ever seen in Wilmington. Call and inspect them if you wish to buy or not. We are pleased to show goods and invite comparison. This sale, as all our sales, is bona fide. No bluff, no hot air. Unequaled values our motto.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

For The Man Who Thinks

The man of sense and good judgment knows that a "cheap" shoe is not cheap at any price. He knows that it costs money to make good shoes. WALK-OVER SHOES should make a strong appeal to you for they are made for men who expect to pay for what they get but expect to get what they pay for.

It's the Shoe for You

Prices Everywhere $3.50 $4.00, $5.00

Patent Leather Button Boot Sketoe Model Price $5.00.

Peterson and Rulfs 202 NORTH FRONT ST.

Next to Murchson Bank, Wilmington

Electroliers Chandeliers

Just Arrived

I have just received the largest line and greatest variety of fine Chandeliers, Electroliers, Gas and Electric Portables that was ever shown in Wilmington. I have both the goods and prices to suit anyone's pocket book. Special line of Art Glass Domes for dining room and library. A full and complete line of Electrical Supplies. No trouble to find what you want with prices to suit. Call early before they have been picked over. House wiring a specialty.

J. O. BROCK
Telephone No. 573 123 Market Street

Atlantic Cafe

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT.

Remember, we are most conveniently located when leaving or arriving by train or any other time to serve you QUICK LUNCHES, STEAKS, CHOPS, FISH RICE BIRDS &C., and delicious CHESAPEAKE BAY OYSTERS on half shell, stewed or fried.

Try our MIDDAY LUNCH 12 to 2 P. M. It will please you.

GIECHEN BROS., Proprietors.

se 19-tf

We Are After the Men

who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that We've the best $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes this country produces.

In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vici.

$3.50 and $4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE
109 MARKET ST.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 18, 1909.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours enging 8 P. M. Wednesday, Nov. 17th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 68 degrees; 8 P. M. 64 degrees; maximum 72 degrees; minimum 63 degrees; mean 68 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .36 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayettevile at 8 A. M. Tuesday 1.9 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Thursday, colder in east portion; moderate northwest winds.

Port Calendar—Nov. 18.

Sun Rises.....6:48 A. M.
Sun Sets.....5:07 P. M.
Day's Length.....10 hrs. 31 min.
High water at Southport 11:40 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 2:40 A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. C. L.—To Norfolk.
Crystal Palace—New Bill.
J. M. Solky & Co.—Line to Look Over.
American National Bank—Check Account.

Business Locals.

J. T. Gordon—Shetland Pony.
For Rent—Unfurnished Rooms.
Palace Market—Dressed Chicken.
Wanted—For Light Housekeeping.

MEYER'S NAVAL PLANS.

Will Ask Congress to Provide For Repair Ships For Fleet.

Washington, Nov. 17.—In recommending a naval programme for next year, Secretary Meyer will ask Congress to provide for a repair ship equipped with a complete machine shop for all emergency work, or, failing to get the repair ship, the equivalent in cost of such craft in torpedo boat destroyers. This will be in addition o two 26,000-ton dreadnaughts which it has long been understood the Secretary would recommend. The repair boat desired would have a speed equal to the fastest battleship afloat so that in all cases it could keep with the fleet.

This programme it is understood will practically complete the Secretary's recommendation so far as large additions to the navy establishment is concerned. It was desired to make additional recommendations, but the President's action in cutting down the estimates for the Navy is in accordance with his plan for economy eliminated all other new work. Of course if Congress in its wisdom should agree to accord both the repair boat and the torpedo boat destroyers and even add a collier or two such action would be welcomed by the Secretary, who says direct recommendations for those needed vessels will not be made this year.

ADMITS MURDER OF CHILD.

Negro Woman Slashed Her Throat to Keep Man From Leaving.

Washington, Nov. 17.—A remarkable murder story was revealed here following the confession last night of Mary Batson Howard, a negro woman, that she had killed her eight years old daughter because Raymond Carver, the man she loved, threatened to leave her unless the child was sent away.

Taking her offspring into Palmer's woods near Seat Pleasant, Md., last Tuesday week, the woman said she held her with one hand while she slashed her throat with Carver's razor, which she held in the other. Then after covering the body with leaves, she wiped the blood from her hands with a newspaper she had found and returned to Washington.

Discovery of the body was made last Friday and the woman was detained by the police and put through the "third degree." She at first insisted that she had left the child with relatives but finally broke down and confessed. She said Carver knew nothing of the murder.

BIG FIRE AT AMERICUS.

Caused by Negro's Attack on Night Watchman—Heavy Loss.

Americus, Ga., Nov. 17.—A loss of $50,000 resulted from a fire here tonight caused by an unknown negro attacking Night Watchman Lee McMichael, of the Americus Construction Company, and knocking the latter's lantern over with a club. Shavings were ignited by the fire from the lantern and the extensive lumber yards and variety works of the company were destroyed.

For a time the fire threatened destruction of a considerable portion of the city. Before being checked the flames had covered an area of six acres. Among the other buildings burned were an unused cold storage plant owned by S. R. Sims, and valued at $3,000 and six small dwellings with contents.

The Americus Construction Company carried but $3,000 insurance and $2,000 will cover the insurance on the other property destroyed.

CASE OF MRS. STETSON.

Returns to New York After Prolonged Conference in Boston.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—As uncommunicative as throughout the three days since she had been attending the hearings before the board of directors of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, retired from the final conference tonight and left for New York.

Today's sessions went toward making up an aggregate total of 28 hours which the directors had given to the consideration of the case of Mrs. Stetson. Up to a late hour tonight no word as to what had transpired had been given out by those in authority. A statement made by one of the members of the board of directors to the effect that the conference was not a trial or examination, has led to the general belief that Mrs. Stetson will continue as a member of the denomination.

DIED.

ALLEN—In this city at his home, 610 North Seventh street, Nov. 17th, 1909, SPOTTSWOOD ALLEN, colored, age 82 years. Funeral announcement later.

UNITE IN EFFORT

(Continued from Page 1.)

their founders left them."

Mr. Moore pointed out, however, the progress that had been made by the society and spoke of the decided interest awakened in the project of a deeper waterway along the Atlantic coast.

Most of the work of the engineers in making the survey of the 1,500 miles along the coast had been completed. He closed with an appeal to eastern business men bringing to their notice the importance of earnest, persistent, self-sacrificing endeavors to obtain for the Atlantic seaboard that consideration at the hands of Congress which it so rightly deserved.

Letters of regret were received from Speaker Cannon, Secretary of War Dickinson, Admiral Dewey, President Finley of the Southern Railway, Judge George Gray, Andrew Carnegie and others.

Mr. Carnegie, however, is expected Friday to become the guest of President Taft on the Mayflower Saturday, en route to the Hampton Normal school celebration in which both will participate.

North Carolina Delegation.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 17.—The delegates from North Carolina, over 100 strong, to the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association now in session here, met today and elected J. H. Chadbourn chairman of the delegation and W. K. Jacobson secretary. The following were elected to fill the various positions in the Association: J. H. Leroy, vice president; Dr. L. S. Blades, ways and means committee; W. D. Pruden, resolutions; C. E. Foy, credentials; Geo. T. Leech, time and place of next meeting; W. L. Arendale, delegate at large. Congressman Chas. R. Thomas responded on the part of the Southern delegation to the address of welcome. Many kind and complimentary references have been made to the fine work done by Congressman Small.

The city of Norfolk is doing itself proud in entertaining this great meeting. Friday will be the day of the occasion when President Taft will deliver his address.

NATIONAL GRANGE MEETING.

Favors Developing Public Highways—Resolutions Were Passed.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 17.—The National Grange today went on record as favoring improvement of the public highways in preference to development of deep waterways. Members declared that improvement of market roads is of far more importance than of boulevards for rich automobilists. The Grange also voted in favor of uniformity of taxes rather than classification.

The resolutions favoring the adoption of more practical courses of study in colleges and high schools were adopted. The members said they would put agriculture and manual training in place of Latin and Greek.

FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT.

One Killed and Two Seriously Hurt at Springfield, Mass.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 17.—A man not yet identified, but probably from Holyoke, was killed and two others were probably fatally hurt about midnight tonight when a touring car containing five men, owned and driven by J. Lewis Perkins, of Holyoke, a tissue paper manufacturer, crashed into a tree in West Springfield. The men thought to be fatally hurt are William Reed, an architect, and Max O. Dreicern, dealer in paints and oils, both of Holyoke. Perkins was not badly injured.

An explosion of dynamite destroyed the front of the new Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church at Clinton, Ind., the coal fields yesterday. The parish is largely composed of Hungarian and Bohemian miners, who quarreled as to which should have charge of the church.

A NOVEL INTRODUCTION

The Dr. Howard Company have entered into an arrangement with J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., by which a special introductory offer will be made of 25 cents on the 50 cent size of their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspesia.

So remarkably successful has Dr. Howard's specific been in curing constipation, dyspesia and all forms of liver trouble, that J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company will return the price paid in every case where it does not give relief.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company have been able to secure only a limited suppy, so everyone who wishes to be cured of dyspesia or constipation should call upon them at once or send them 25 cents by mail, and get 60 doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half price introductory offer, with their personal guarantee to refund the money if the specific does not cure.

A trip down town is not complete unless you bring home a box of NUNNALLY'S. Somebody at home is expecting it. If not somebody will be delightfully surprised. NUNNALLY'S is always appreciated, because it is always pure, fresh, and delicious. The finest of all candies.

Nunnally's

A fresh supply always kept by J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

"None Like Nunnally's."

HAD NO GOVERNOR.

Governor and Acting Executive Out of Kentucky at Same Time.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 17.—For several hours tonight Kentucky was with out a governor, Governor Augustus E Wilson left New York 16 nours later than he had planned, and Acting Governor W. H. Cox not knowing this, was across the Tennessee line on his way to Florida before Mr. Willson was on his way home. Conn Lynn, president pro tempore of the Senate could not be found and Secretary of State Brunner's assistant, Captain Jackson Morris, was out of the State. Dulin Moss, a newspaper man, was sworn in to take Captain Moris' place so that Mr. Brunner could assume the duties of Governor.

CANADA'S NAVAL PLANS.

Three Cruisers and Four Destroyers Before Parliament.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 17.—Canada's naval plans were laid before Parliament today. They provide for the construction of three cruisers of the "improved Bristol" class, and four destroyers of the improved river class. The cost of the cruisers is estimated at $5,750,000 and that of the destroyers at $1,500,000. The annual cost of maintenance of the vessels is estimated at $2,000,000. Two of the cruisers will be assigned to the Pacific and one cruiser and the four destroyers to the Atlantic coast. The Canadian defense programme is based on the results of the Imperial defense conference in London last Summer.

LITTLE'S TRIAL SOON.

Set For November 25th—Governor Will be Asked for Protection.

Tazewell, Va., Nov. 17.—The trial of Howard Little, who was indicted by a grand jury in the Buchanan Circuit Court at Grundy yesterday, for the sextuple murder at Hurley, Va., two months ago, has been set for the 25th instant. His alleged victims were Mrs. Betsy Justis and five members of the family named Meadows. It is understood that the authorities of Buchanan county will ask the Governor for protection of Little when he is taken to Grundy for trial. Little is at present in Russell county jail at Lebanon.

HERB DOCTOR SENTENCED.

Sent to Prison For Murder of Girl—Confessed Crime.

Taunton, Mass., Nov. 17.—"Professor" Frank L. Hill, the herb doctor of Fall River, who had previously pleaded guilty of manslaughter in connection with the death of Amelia St. Jean, of Woonsocket, was today sentenced to not less than seven nor more than ten years in State prison. After the girl's death in his office, Hill dismembered her body and distributed it in the woods near Tiverton, R. I.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION.

Discovery That Cures Pimples, Eczema and All Skin Troubles.

If you are troubled with pimples, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, blotches, freckles or other skin disease or blemish, now is the time to cure it with Hokara.

This pure and simple skin food is being introduced in Wilmington by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., at the low price of 25c for a liberal sized jar.

It contains no grease or acid, is cleanly to use and is a true food and nourishment for the skin, cleansing and clearing it in every pore, making it soft, white and beautiful.

If Hokara does not do even more than is claimed for it and give perfect satisfaction return the empty jar to J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., and they will refund your money. If you have any skin trouble, you cannot spend 25c to better advantage than for a jar of this skin food. Larger size 50c.

If the skin trouble is caused by impure blood, or if the bowels are inactive, use Hokara Blood Tablets. They cool and cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels in a natural way.

A COMMON ERROR.

The Same Mistake is Made by Many Wilmington People.

It's a common error
To plaster the aching back,
To rub with liniments rheumatic joints,
When the trouble comes from the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills,

And are endorsed by Wilmington citizens.

A. M. Wilson, 402 S. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I am a strong and willing endorser of Doan's Kidney Pills and will always uphold the claims made for them. I believe Doan's Kidney Pills to be the best remedy to be had for kidney trouble. My back was very weak and lame and though I wore plasters and used liniments I did not get any relief. The kidney secretions were also so frequent in passage that I had to get up several times at night and contained a heavy sediment. I heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills that I decided to try them and procured a box at Robert R. Bellamy's drug store. They cured me after other remedies had failed and it can be plainly seen why I am so willing to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

FOR RENT—Five unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences; five blocks north of postoffice. $15 per month. Electric lights, water and telephone service free. Address M. E., General Delivery, City. no 18-1t*

TWENTY BOYS WANTED to work for a Shetland pony, cart and harness. Liberal pay to bright boys, besides the chance to earn a pony. Successful boys will be given permanent positions which will not interfere with school duties. Julius T. Gordon, 108 1-2 Princess street. no 18-1t.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED—For light housekeeping three or four unfurnished rooms, down stairs, modern conveniences, centrally located. Address "E.R.F." care Star. no 18-1t.

EXTRA NICE DRESSED CHICKENS, best of country pig pork, New River oysters, selected celery, tomatoes, California cucumbers and lettuce; Jumbo bananas. Palace Market. Phones 72 and 653. no 18-tf.

DEMONSTRATION OF NORTHAM'S "perfect" scissors sharpener at J. W. Murchison & Co's., Friday, November 19th. One pair scissors sharpened free for each lady visiting the store on above date. no173t.

Be SURE to bring just one pair dull scissors Friday, 19th, to be sharpened free at J. W. Murchison and Co's., within one minute by Northam's "perfect" scissors sharpener. no173t.

SALESMAN WANTED—On forced draft equipment for boiler plants. Commission basis. References. Address Wing, 90 West street, New York. no172t.

NORTHAM'S "PERFECT" scissors sharpener does the work within one minute and keeps the edge in its original condition. Free demonstration Friday, November 19th, at J. W. Murchison & Co's. Simple device, no machinery. Agents wanted in every town and city in United States. Address Northam & Sons, Wilmington, N. C., P. O. Box 296. no 173t.

FOR SALE—Twenty five thousand stump strawberry plants, most prolific strawberry on earth. Good Carrier. F. O. B. Five dollars thousand. Long Creek, N. C. J. E. Henry. no172t.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, convenient to bath, hot and cold water, electric lights, phone, pleasant location, centrally located. Terms reasonable. To gentlemen only. Box 459. no 17 6t

BOARD—Good accommodations, modern conveniences, convenient to business. For rates call at 225 Market street. no163t*

FINE LOBSTERS broiled on toast with hot butter. Junction Restaurant, 105 Princess street. no 11-tf.

FOR SALE—At half price, one 20-horse power saw mill in running order; will exchange for land or sell part cash, balance on time. Apply to W. C. Page, Faison, N. C. no 2 15t*

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN to make room, Eclipse newspaper folding machine; also lot of type cases and stands. Address Wilmington Star Co., Wilmington, N. C. oc 12-tf

NEW DWELLING FOR RENT—Modern and commodious home just completed at Sixth and Nun streets. Eight rooms, all conveniences. Granolithic sidewalks to be laid at once. B. F. King. nov. 7-tf.

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams, hides, beeswax and any kind of produce. Will pay highest market prices and make prompt returns. N. C. hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16 North Second street. 'Phone 1576. oc 31-tf.

WE HAVE GUNS to sell and guns to rent, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 108 Market street. oc 6 tf

ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY HOME near city, on macadamized road, for sale. Smith & Lord, Agents. 'Phone 766, 120 Princess street. no 11-tf.

PHOTOGRAPHS—See our description of these elegant pictures in another place in today's Star. Everybody who has seen them wants them. The U. C. Ellis Studio. no 14-tf.

IF YOU WANT to buy a home, a piece of real estate as an investment, or start the habit of saving, remember and take stock in the People's Building & Loan Association, December 4th. Shares cost 25 cents each a week and at maturity are worth $100. You don't miss 25c a week, but $100 for every share means a lot. Now, about a home. The People's Association will pay most of the money for you and you cut out the Rent Man and pay them in easy weekly installments for it. If they buy property for you as an investment the rents of the house will in most cases pay the B. & L. dues. Talk it over with some of the directors. You know them: Officers, Wm. F. Robertson, president; Geo. H. Heyer, vice president; Woodus Kellum, attorney; D. R. Foster, secretary and treasurer; directors, J. A. Springer, J. W. H. Fuchs, A. H. Harriss, Owen Martindale, Robert Scott, E. P. H. Strunck, D. McEachern, W. L. Burkheimer, E. P. Bailey, A. Alligood, T. R. Orrell. Office 206 Princess street. no 4-tf.

WANTED—Man stenographer. Apply immediately P. O. Box No. 237, City. no 11-tf.

EITHER ONE OR TWO gentlemen can secure large comfortable room with modern conveniences; centrally located, by addressing "W. A. R." care Star. no 11 tf

LITTLE WILLIE HONESTY has put me wise, so I will put you likewise. Have you noticed the difference in the Wilmington, N. C., market on hides, raw furs, tallow, beeswax and wool since the little office at 212 Market street, has been buying these goods. You go or ship them once and you will go and ship again; if honest dealings are appreciated. We handle all kinds of country produce to good advantage also. C. D. Gilbert & Bro., 212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 24-tf

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Vafiadi, the Sultana agent here, has arranged to have this oil distributed in the future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and Castle. Pints 50c, Quarts $1.00. Phone orders filled promptly. no 4-tf.

SEND YOUR FILMS to the Gem Studio, 114 Market street. Any size film developed, ten cents. Any size picture finished for five cents. Titmas & Foltz, props. fe 17-tf.

SPECIAL OFFER—Six half cabinet photographs and one platinum finish enlargement, for one dollar. Best value ever offered. Titmas & Foltz, Props. The Gem Studio, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C., fe 17-tf

New Bill

TO-DAY

Crystal Palace

TO NORFOLK, VA., AND RETURN.

Via Atlantic Coast Line Thanksgiving Football Game.

V. P. I. versus A. & M. College, November 25th. Round trip rate $8.35. Tickets on sale November 24th and for trains arriving Norfolk before 2 P. M. November 25th. Return limit November 27th. For further information call on ticket agent, or phone No. 160.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
no 18 to 25.

NOTICE.

The Seaboard Air Line withdrew sleeping car service between Hamlet and Wilmington on Trains No. 44 and No. 45.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

The turnpike road from 17th and Market streets to the Castle street road will be closed a short time for improvement. By order of Road Committee. W. H. SHEARIN.
no 18-1t. Supt. of Roads.

A trained corsetiere from the designing rooms of the makers of Redfern Whalebone Corsets will be with us Monday, Nov 15, and will remain all the week.

She comes expressly to discuss with our customers the newest Redfern models.

These models were designed by the Redfern designer in Paris in conjunction with the great dressmakers and are endorsed by them as the correct foundation for Fall models, which are the ideas used by all the dressmakers of our country.

Redfern models are the highest expression of corset art. In designing, making, boning and fitting they are easily foremost.

The boning is Arctic Whalebone. There is no better boning, or is there a boning that compared with Whalebone. Acknowledged by corsetieres and dressmakers as superiors to all other boning.

C. H. FORE & CO.

no 12 tf

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME DAILY.

BIJOU

NEVER OUT! NEVER OVER!

5 Cents.

Fresh Corned Mullets

9800 lbs. Large Mullets.
6450 lbs. Medium Mullets.
8725 lbs. Small Mullets.
8100 lbs Fancy Head Rice.
9700 Japan Head Rice.
7700 lbs. Broken Rice.
6400 lbs. Screenings.
311 bags Wheat Middlings.
219 bags Wheat Bran.
181 bags Corno Mule Feed.
189 bags Corno Hen Feed.
213 bbls Sugar.

W. B. COOPER

Importer and Jobber.

no 14-tf.

A Check Account

at this bank will help you to accumulate

More Money

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

WILMINGTON, N. C.

no 18 tf

American Steel & Wire

ROYAL FIELD WIRE FENCING

The best on the market. Have now in stock, ready for delivery,

3,100 RODS

26 TO 48 INCHES HIGH

Both 6 and 12-inch stays. Can make satisfactory prices.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

Sole Agents.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

no 16 tf

Pony Trap.....$125.00
Pony Harness.....15.00

DO YOU NEED ONE?

CITY LIVERY COMPANY

Phone 15. 112 N. Second St.

no 16 tf

A Line to Look Over But Not to Overlook

STROUSE & BROS.' and B. KUPPENHEIMER & CO.'S SUITS are the garments that Fit and Quality lead above all. Our line of FANCY VESTS must not be passed by. Everything new and nobby designs.

A complete variety of MEN'S KID GLOVES, in all colors and styles. Underwear in either Cotton or all Wool Garments. Sole agents for the DR. DEIMEL'S LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR.

STETSON, DUNLAP and NO NAME HATS IN EITHER DERBY OR SOFT STYLES, NOTHING BUT FALL STYLES ARE DISPLAYED.

TAKE A LOOK OVER OUR STOCK OF MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS AND RAINCOATS THE LARGEST STOCK IN TOWN TO SELECT FROM.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

Masonic Temple. Phone 617.

no 18 tf

There are Oils And Oils

There is our Water White Oil, which is the best Kerosene made, and there are inferior grades, which smoke and smell and give a poor light but retails for the same money. Make your dealer furnish you.

Water white 150° Fire Test Oil

and your oil troubles will cease.

Cape Fear Oil Co.

'PHONE 873.

The

Southern National Bank

Opposite Postoffice. Organized 1905.

Capital.....$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits.....145,000.00
Total Assets.....2,225,000.00

MATT J. HEYER, President,
CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.